St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

VOL. XXX. | ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1881. | NO. 125.

Black Cashmeres.

We now offer a superb brand of Black French Cashmeres---the "Defiance," of our own importation. We guarantee them for weight, quality of wool, color and finish to be the best ever brought to this market.

Prices 65c, 75c, 85c, and $1, each number being 25 per cent heavier than same prices in other brands.

We also offer splendid value in all-wool French Cashmere at 35c and 50c.

We invite those wishing Cashmeres to examine these Goods before buying.

Other Black Goods.

Good bargain, 46-inch all-wool French Armure. extra heavy, 65c.
44-inch, very fine, all-wool French Basket Cloth, 75c.
44-inch, very fine, all-wool French Barathea Cloth, 85c.
44-inch, extra quality, real French Camel Hair, $1.
44-inch all-wool French Shoodah Cloth, 75c-
SUPERIOR NAKE BLACK VELVETEENS at 40c to $1 50.

B. NUGENT & BRO.,

817, 819, 821 N. Fifth St., bet. Franklin Ave. and Union Market.

GLOVES!

Ladies' Kids, 2, 3 and 6 Buttons, and Foster's 5-Hook, all colors.

The Largest Line of Buck Gloves, Gauntlets, Woolen Gloves and Mitts in the Market.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.,

Washington Ave. and Fifth St.

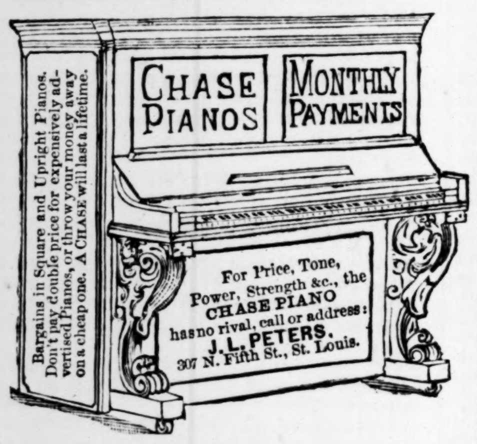
WE ARE **HEADQUARTERS** For

FURNITURE!

OUR PRICES ARE LOWEST. MATERIALS BEST.
STYLES ARE CHOICEST. GUARANTEE RELIABLE.
STOCK IS LARGEST. INDUCEMENTS GREATEST.

SCARRITT FUR. CO.

609, 611, 613 Fourth.



THE HIT OF THE SEASON

COTTAGE BY THE RIVER.

"My Dear Old Mother So Many Miles Away."

Piano Song 40c; Quartet, 40c; Guitar, 30c.

PETERS' MUSIC STORE, 307 North Fifth Street.

Pianos

To accommodate a large number of buyers we will until further notice sell new pianos on payments of $10 to $25 per month, to suit purchaser. Our stock is carefully selected and contains latest improved pianos of all grades, from medium to the

Monthly

best, in all styles of Squares, Uprights, Cabinet Grands, Parlor Grands and Concert Grands from the factories of DECKER BROS., CHICKERING, HAINES, STORY & CAMP, MATHUSHEK, FISCHER AND OTHERS, giving a va-

Payments

riety to select from that cannot be found in any other house in the country.
Every instrument warranted. Catalogues mailed on application.

STORY & CAMP 203 N. 5TH ST.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—Default having been made in the payment of a certain note described in and secured by a deed of trust executed by Louis Miller and Anna, his wife, dated the 16th day of July, 1877, and duly recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in book 576, on page 39; now, therefore, public notice is hereby given that at the request of the legal holder of said note, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned trustee will proceed to sell, at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, on FRIDAY, THE 18TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, the property in said deed of trust described as a lot or parcel of ground situate, lying, and being in block No. 979 of the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a point in the north line of Mills street sixty-nine feet and four inches west from the west line of Elliot avenue, and running thence westwardly with the north line of Mills street twenty-five feet eight inches (25 ft. 8 in.), thence northwardly and parallel with Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.) to an alley, thence eastwardly with the south line of said alley twenty-five feet and eight inches and thence southwardly and parallel with said Elliot avenue one hundred and eighteen feet and three inches (118 ft. 3 in.) to the place of beginning; for the purposes of executing said trust.

BERNHARD LOEBLEIN, Trustee.

St. Louis, September 21, 1881. 228

POLITICAL.

WM. GOERLICH,
Candidate for
School Director Second Ward,
Election October 25, 1881.

FRANK W. PEEBLES,
Democratic Candidate for
School Director in the Eighteenth Ward.
Election Tuesday, October 25.

A YOUNG man wanted of push, acquainted with the city retail grocery trade. Address M. 4, this office.

WANTED—Boys for apprentices at molding at 2116 Market street. 25

SCRUGGS, VANDERVOORT & BARNEY

SECURE ONE WHILE YOU CAN.

The assortment complete to-day, but the demand so great that not one likely to be on hand at the close of the week. We offer this morning the GREATEST VARIETY of

GOSSAMER RUBBER CIRCULARS!

Ever shown in the City, and notwithstanding the impossibility of supplying the demand we make our prices EXTREMELY LOW, as the figures named will show:

Ladies' Gossamer Circulars at $2.
Ladies' Gossamer Circulars at $2 50.
Ladies' Newport Circulars at $2 50.
Ladies' Newport Circulars at $3.
Ladies' Newport Circulars at $4.
Misses' Gossamer Rubber Circulars, full line of sizes, at $1 75.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

A Family of Nine Persons Murdered by Burglars.

The Land Leaguers Holding Meetings in Churches—European News.

England.

LONDON, October 25.—At New-market the Nursery handicap for two-year-olds was won by Magician. Donald Caird second, Marquis de Florence third.

The race for the Cambridgeshire stakes was won by Keene's Foxhall. Lucy Glitters second, Tristan third.

HOW FOXHALL WON.

LONDON, October 25.—Thirty horses started. When a little over a mile from home Lucy Glitters was leading by half a length before Foxhall and Tristan, with Mistake close up on the lower ground. This order was maintained past the red post. When drawing near home Foxhall closed up and going on won comfortably, but by a head only before Lucy Glitters, with a neck between her and Tristan. The betting against Foxhall at the start was ten to one. Retreat was scratched.

Ireland.

DUBLIN, October 25.—The arrest of Miss Hodnutt at Bally Dehob yesterday was merely a police court affair, and not under the coercion act. A priest near Clare Morris yesterday evaded police interference by holding the Land League meeting in his chapel. It is thought this plan will be generally resorted to for future meetings.

MORE ARRESTS.

LONDON, October 25.—There were several more arrests under the coercion act in Ireland to-day. No importance is attached to the revelations concerning the Fenians. Their only serious object is thought to be to raise subscriptions for the Skirmishing Fund in America.

MONSTROUS.

DUBLIN, October 25.—The Freeman's Journal says the statements are monstrous, absurd and wicked. Not his fiercest enemy would believe that any Irishman would stoop to the crime of assassination of Gladstone or Forster. Irishmen consider the revelation insane.

Austro-Hungary.

LONDON, October 25.—Sunday night burglars entered a house in the town of Varpalanka, Hungary, and murdered the whole family of nine persons, including an infant and a man aged ninety years.

POSTPONED.

LONDON, October 25.—A Vienna correspondent says: King Humbert's visit to Berlin is postponed because of the unwillingness of Bismarck to arouse the susceptibilities of France.

EARTHQUAKE.

There was another earthquake at Agram Sunday night. Some houses were overthrown.

Spain.

MADRID, October 25.—The financial statement of the Minister of Finance in the Cortes yesterday included a plan for the conversion of all treasury and redeemable issues into £60,000,000 4 per cent stock redeemable in forty years. Equalization of the revenue and expenditure is not expected until the years 1882 and 1883.

Italy.

LONDON, October 25.—A dispatch from Kaine says: Two small villages, Clandio and Valetta, were destroyed by fire. Three persons were killed and eleven seriously injured during the conflagration. Forty families are homeless.

France.

PARIS, October 25.—Negotiations for an Anglo-French treaty of commerce have been resumed.

BARON ROTHSCHILD.

PARIS, October 25—Baron James Rothschild died to-day.

Tunis.

TUNIS, October 25.—The Susa column successfully repulsed an attack of the Arabs, whose leader was killed.

A REPORT.

TUNIS, October 25.—The report is current that Gen. Lambert will supersede Ranston as French Minister here.

Germany.

BERLIN, October 25.—The Emperor William arrived here in good health.

STARTLING.

Rumored Assassination of the Czar Alexander III. of Russia.

NEW YORK, October 25.—The Graphic prints the following:

BUFFALO, October 25.—Private dispatches received from Canadian sources here state that the Czar of Russia has been assassinated. No particulars.

A Defaulting Collector.

LOUISVILLE, October 25.—The shortage of N. Austin, defaulting collector of D. Appleton & Co.'s Encyclopædia Britannica in this city, is now placed at $2,500, all of which will fall on the company. R. Thompson, agent for this section, with headquarters at Cleveland, who has been in this city since Friday, has returned home. The defalcation was not known until Friday night, when Austin himself made it known. He directed a note to Mr. George E. Leavenworth, of Louisville, the agent under whom he was employed, requesting him to call at his house. Leavenworth was admitted by a son of Austin and shown into his father's business room. There Leavenworth discovered on the fly-leaf of a book a note addressed to himself which ran thus:

"Mr. Leavenworth: I am short in my accounts, and am gone, God knows where."
[Signed] N. AUSTIN.

An examination of his accounts confirmed his acknowledged crime. He had been in this city at work for the book about two years, and all confidence was placed in him. He left behind him two little boys, aged 12 and 14 years respectively, of whom Mr. Leavenworth has assumed the charge. Austin has not been heard from since Friday night.

DAMAGE SUIT.

Georgiana Green, as administratrix of Geo. Green, her son, brought suit against the Southern Dairy Company for $40,000 damages. Green was killed about a year ago by being crushed to death by an elevator, of which he was conductor, at the factory of defendant.

Passenger Rates.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25.—The advanced passenger rates adopted by the Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Companies apply to east-bound as well as west-bound traffic. The increase in freight rates is at present confined to east-bound traffic, but the same rate of increase will shortly go into effect for west-bound freight. The Pennsylvania Railroad officials state they expect to maintain the increased charges and believe they will ultimately be adopted by all through lines.

$175 or Less.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—A Times-Star special from Aurora, Indiana, says: Fire started this morning in the drying room of the Crescent Brewing Company. The fire engine was out of order and failed for half an hour to get to work, though promptly on the ground. There was stored in the cellar 200,000 kegs of beer. The building, machinery and stock are considered a total loss. Insurance on building and machinery is $55,000. The total loss is estimated at $175,000.

A Conference.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—The rolling mill proprietors and workmen are still in conference and making very slow progress toward an agreement.

Marine.

LONDON, October 25.—Steamship, Spain and Holland, from New York, arrived out.

NEW ORLEANS, October 25.—Arrived: Bark Arcidina Rodolfo, from Bremen.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, October 25.—Arrived: Grand Tower, Vicksburg, 8 p. m.; W. P. Halliday, New Orleans, noon; J. B. Maude, Memphis, noon. Departed: Belle Shreveport, New Orleans, 1 a. m.; Grand Tower, St. Louis, 5. Weather clear.

EVANSVILLE, October 25.—C. H. Davis, Mt. Vernon, 6 p. m.; L. P. Ewald, Puppy Creek, 7. Departed: Ewald to Rockport, 11 a. m. Beautifully clear and cool. Mercury, 46 to 58. Wind southwest. River 1 7-10 feet and stationary. Fair business.

MEMPHIS, October 25.—River rising. Departed: City of Greenville, Vicksburg, and City of Vicksburg, St. Louis, noon. Clear.

LOUISVILLE, October 25.—River rising; 3 feet 5 inches scant in canal, 1 foot 5 inches scant in chute on falls. Clear and chilly.

WHEELING, October 25.—River 3 feet 4 inches and falling. Weather clear and pleasant.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—River 4 feet 9 inches and stationary. Clear and cool.

PITTSBURG, October 25.—River 7 inches and stationary. Clear and cool.

Last Edition.

POLITICAL.

Doubts as to Morgan's Acceptance of the Treasurership.

Senate Proceedings—Cabinet Speculations—Washington News.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—The oath of office was administered to Acting-Secretary Thorber.

Senator Sherman called up the resolution authorizing the Librarian of Congress to receive and preserve the papers of the Count de Rochambeau to await the action of Congress on a proposition to sell the same to the U. S. Government. After debate the resolution was adopted.

Senator Sherman offered a resolution, which was laid over under the rules, directing the Finance Committee to investigate the accounts for the expenditure of several appropriations for contingent expenses of the Treasury Department since July 1, 1871. Executive session followed.

The Senate Session.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—President Arthur informed a Senator to-day that he would not ask the Senate to remain in session longer than Thursday evening.

Cabinet Doubts.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—The best information to be had is that Morgan has certainly not yet formally accepted the Secretaryship of the Treasury. Ex-Senator Pomeroy, who was at the President's residence this morning, stated after leaving that Morgan had declined, but one of the President's secretaries said if there had been a positive declination he had not heard of it. It is pretty clear that Morgan's acceptance is not positively determined upon or at least not positively known here unless by the President. Some of the zealous friends of Morgan, it seems, were somewhat premature in advising the President that he had reconsidered his determination to decline, and that he would accept. This information led the President to believe there was no doubt of Morgan's acceptance, and so he nominated him. It is said Mrs. Morgan is very much opposed to her husband becoming Secretary of the Treasury, fearing that the duties of the position would impair his health. The President to-day notified the Cabinet members and others that he was too busy to see them. The nomination for Attorney-General is withheld because of the doubt existing as to the Secretaryship of the Treasury, and it is reported that if Morgan declines Howe may be nominated to the Treasury.

The New York Senators.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—The Senate Committee on privileges and elections held a meeting to-day to consider the papers referred to it by the Senate relating to the election of Senators Lapham and Miller. The Republican members of the committee said the case was a clear one, and they did not desire to investigate the matter any further. In order, however, that the Democrats might satisfy themselves a sub-committee consisting of Hill, of Georgia, and Pugh, of Alabama, were appointed to examine the papers and report to a full committee.

Watterson on Morgan.

LOUISVILLE, October 25.—The Courier-Journal of to-day says: "The nomination of Gov. E. D. Morgan for Secretary of the Treasury was yesterday sent to the Senate and promptly confirmed. The selection of a New Yorker for this important position is an open defiance to the interests, opinions and wishes of the West, as well as a direct renunciation of the policy mapped out by the late President Garfield. But this apart, the appointment of Gov. Morgan will be accepted by the country as upon the whole a good one. He is qualified, and an upright man of large experience, and, despite his advanced years, of splendid working capacity. As a man of business, and as a gentleman of amiable character and excellent address, a better choice could not have been made."

Morgan's Appointment.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—The Times-Star this afternoon publishes interviews with leading representatives of each bank in Cincinnati in reference to their opinions as to the wisdom of the appointment of ex-Gov. E. D. Morgan as Secretary of the Treasury. Not one of the bankers speaks unfavorably of the appointment, while a majority of them express a high degree of satisfaction.

Morgan Not Yet Accepted.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—The latest advices received at the Treasury Department are that ex-Gov. Morgan has not yet accepted the Treasury portfolio. Secretary Windom maintains that his duties at the department have ceased. Judge French has been appointed Acting Secretary, and is signing letters today. Secretary Windom is now with President Arthur.

Peremptorily Declines.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—Senator Cameron is authority for the statement that Morgan peremptorily declines, as his physicians and wife protest against his acceptance on account of health.

A New Slate.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—President Arthur said at half-past 1 o'clock that Gov. Morgan had not yet accepted the Secretaryship of the Treasury. A member of the Cabinet was asked what he thought of the outlook. "It means that Morgan declines." The President's failure to send the name of Attorney-General McVeagh's successor to-day is construed to mean that the question of Cabinet changes is being reconsidered, and that new names may now be selected for both existing and contemplated vacancies.

The Garfield Fund.

During the last twenty-four hours contributions to the Garfield Monument Fund have been received as follows: O. H. Peckham & Co., Jas. Brown, Wm. H. Smith, Lycurgus Laflin, George H. Laflin, Melvin L. Gray and Dr. James H. McLean, wife, son, men in laboratory and girls, $5 each; S. Elliott, Nellie Manning, Annie R. Ittner, Mary I. Ittner, George W. Ittner, Warren W. Ittner, Benj. F. Ittner, Wm. B. Ittner, Mrs. Mary Ittner, Anthony Ittner, Mrs. Mary Spore, E. Kaub and Harry E. Ghiselin, $1 each. The fund now amounts to over $1,380.

Our German Guests.

BALTIMORE, October 25.—The German national visitors arrived this forenoon, and are the guests of the city. About noon they held a reception in the Mayor's rooms, and afterward witnessed an exhibition of the Fire Department. This afternoon they will make an excursion down the harbor in the revenue cutter. To-night they will be complimented by a grand torchlight procession by a number of German societies and a serenade by the German singing societies, after which they will be banqueted.

A Canard.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—Inquiries at the State Department of the Russian delegation fail to elicit any information as to the rumored assassination of the Czar. The story is generally regarded as a canard, particularly by representatives of the Russian Government.

NOMINATIONS.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Postmasters Theodore S. Case, Kansas City, Mo.; J. B. Shiffer, Pittston, Pa.; Jas. C. McBride, Lincoln, Neb.; Simon H. Bauman, Mt. Vernon, Iowa; Samuel C. Glover, Grand Haven, Michigan.

J. T. Winter, Illinois, Consul U. S. Rotterdam; Willard B. Wells, Michigan, Consul U. S. Dundee; Hans Matteson, Minnesota, Consul-General U. S. Calcutta.

Edward F. White, California, coiner of the mint of San Francisco.

Gotham Gossip.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 25.—The arrival of the new and splendid steamer City of Rome excites much interest in commercial circles. She is new in design, and, being over 8,000 tons burden is one-half larger than any passenger steamer afloat except the Great Eastern. She has been beaten by the Arizona, but was not expected to show her greatest speed on the first voyage. She is expected to aid considerably in counteracting the rivalry of other ports. It is stated in the World that all the floating stock of the Missouri Pacific has been pretty well absorbed by investors and the purchase of 2,500 shares would send the stock to 110. The elevated railroad contest has ended. Gould has carried his point. A banker asks the people interested to call on him regarding the 7 per cent railroad bonds of the State of Arkansas.

Both the Sun and World approve of Morgan's appointment. Gen. Sickles has withdrawn from the Senatorial contest. He will probably gain control of Tammany, Kelly being likely to abdicate.

Mlle. Ferni, the new singer, achieved success in "Faust" last night. Janauschek received a cordial welcome at the Union Square Theater.

Railroad Topics.

NEW YORK, October 25.—The advance in Jersey Central yesterday was partly the result of a demand made by a strong interest that the company be immediately taken out of the hands of a receiver. Insiders were large buyers of the stock. C. P. Huntington pronounces premature the report that the Union and Central Pacific Companies have decided the former to stop its Oregon line at Baker City, the latter not to build to the Missouri River. Negotiations to this end are pending, but no settlement has been reached.

GOLD.

The Arizona brought $255,000 in gold.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 25.—Ohio Valley and Tennessee, clearing weather, westerly winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature. For the Lower Lake Region, clearing weather, westerly winds, higher barometer, stationary or higher temperature. For the Upper Lake Region, Upper Mississippi and Missouri Valleys, fair weather, westerly winds, stationary or higher barometer and temperature.

Pink-Eye and Pneumonia.

PHILADELPHIA, October 25.—About one hundred horses in the stables of the Tenth and Eleventh Street Railway Company are suffering from "pink-eye." Pleuro-pneumonia has again made its appearance among the cattle in Germantown and in three herds in Delaware county.

An Abandoned Ship.

SAN FRANCISCO, October 25.—The ship Samaria, from Philadelphia, reports that September 2, off Cape Horn, saw an iron ship with painted ports on fire, with only her bowsprit standing. Found her abandoned. Could not ascertain her name.

A River Tragedy.

MEMPHIS, October 25.—Joe Caffrey, mate on the steamer Dean Adams, was shot last night by a negro deck passenger a short distance below this city. The wound is painful, but not necessarily fatal.

THE VON STEUBENS.

Why They are the Nation's Guests—Preparations for Our Visitors.

Mr. G. A. Finkelnburg has issued a circular calling citizens to meet at the Mayor's office at 4 p. m. to-day to make arrangements for receiving the descendants of the Baron Von Steuben. They came to this country to attend the Yorktown Centennial, and will arrive in St. Louis Friday evening, remaining until Sunday evening.

Frederick William Augustus Ferdinand Von Steuben, who is best known in American history on account of the part he took in the surrender of Cornwallis, was born in the Prussian fortress of Madgeburg-on Elbe in 1730. In 1763 he became a member of the staff of Frederick the Great. He came to America principally through the efforts of the Comte de St. Germain, War Minister to Louis XVI., and of Beaumarchais, author of "The Marriage of Figaro." It was the Baron's good fortune to receive Lord Cornwallis' first offer of surrender at Yorktown. He was Major-General of the trenches in October 17, 1781, when the offer was made. He characteristically and stubbornly held his place after his term had elapsed, stating that it was a part of etiquette in Europe that an officer should not deprive his troops of the honor of receiving an enemy's surrender. Lafayette was to succeed him in charge of the trenches. The dispute was referred to Washington. He decided to allow Baron von Steuben to hold over his time, as he had demanded. He died in America, leaving no children. The Von Steuben descendants who will visit this city are seven in number, viz.: Col. Arnds Von Steuben, aged 56, of the Seventy-ninth Regiment, stationed at Hildesheim. His father was a cousin of Baron Von Steuben. He wears the blue uniform of a Prussian officer. Capt. Fritz Von Steuben, brother of the Colonel, aged 45, Captain in the Fourth Royal Guards. Capt. Richard Von Steuben, cousin of the Colonel aged 40. He is Oberfoster or commander of the forces that guard the Emperor of Prussia's forests. Capt. Eugene Von Steuben, also a cousin of the Colonel, and brother of Richard, in command of Ninety-eighth Infantry.

Three Lieutenants accompany the party, all sons of the Colonel. They are Lieutenant Kuno Von Steuben, aged 26, of the Thirty-ninth Infantry, stationed at Dusseldorf. Lieutenant Berndt Von Steuben, aged 24, Adjutant Twenty-second Infantry, stationed at Restadt, and Lieutenant Anton Von Steuben, aged 23, a member of his father's regiment at Heldesheim. Baron Von Schloszer, German Minister at Rome, also comes along.

All the members of the party are married save Berndt and Anton, aged 24 and 23, and, as Col. Von Steuben jocosely remarked when he landed in New York, they may be caught by "some of those pretty American girls."

New Buildings.

On Main street, between Taylor and Union streets, R. McKnight is erecting a $600 shop.

Laflin, Rand & Co. are repairing their store at No. 205 N. Second street, at an expense of $150.

A $400 frame dwelling is being erected by W. Smith on Bacon street, between Parson and Lucky.

J. Utley is building a $75 frame stable on Park avenue, between Tower Grove and Mount Vernon.

At the corner of Fifteenth and Warren streets F. Shewe is putting a $425 addition to his dwelling.

At the corner of Third and Pine streets E. J. Gay will put up a $40,000 building to be used as stores and rooms.

On Lee street, between Ashland avenue and St. Charles plank-road, A. Steinhage is building a frame stable costing $250.

The Klausmann Brewing Company are erecting a new building worth $15,000 on Main street, between Catalan and Lawrence.

A stable, worth $500, is being built on Rutger street, between Mississippi and Second Carondelet avenues, by W. Hagemeier.

W. D. Grant is making alterations in his ice house on Boston street, between Prairie and Baltimore streets, amounting to $1,500.

A two-story, seven room house is being built on Pine street, between Compton and Channing avenues, by E. H. Benoist. It will cost $5,000.

MY PICTURE.

My heart is longing for the day
When thou'lt be truly mine—
When thy brown head will coyly lay
Upon my saddened breast for aye,
And thy ripe lips, like wine,
Grow richer for all time.

My soul is seeking thine to-night
In meadows wet with thyme;
While fairy hands, in seas of light,
Are weaving close the chords of might
Half human, half divine,
To bind thy love to mine.

I gaze on thy sweet pictured face,
And whisper low thy name.
In reverie I slowly trace
The outlines of thy form of grace,
And feel the breath of blame
When words of love grow tame.

O may'st thou ne'er forget that I
Have held thee to my breast,
And breathed love-notes too true to die.
If thou forget, then shall I fly
To wilds adown the West,
And in my grave seek rest.
—Chicago Tribune.

ACTORS IN GERMANY.

Favored by the Government and Petted by the Public.

From the New York Star.

Mme. Marie Leibich, a dramatic artiste of the finest ability, recently arrived in this city. She hails from Germany, and her reputation abroad is second to none. Possessed of natural instinct for the stage, she has been doubly fitted for her profession by the highest academic training. Her repertoire is very extensive, and includes the leading parts in all of Shakspeare's most celebrated acting plays. Although her experience on the stage is confined to the past seven years, she has won the highest encomiums in Prague, Strasbourg, Zurich and Hamburg. Mme. Leibich's professional history is a romantic one. She is the daughter of a gentleman who was surgeon of the Hanoverian army and a great favorite at court. When the King of Hanover was dethroned her father followed the fortunes of the fallen monarch and accompanied him to Vienna. There it was the daughter first saw a theatrical performance of value, and, as she at once conceived a strong fancy for the stage, she was permitted to indulge it. In Vienna there is a celebrated academy, presided over by Mynheer Strakosch, under whose direction are employed the most famous actors in Germany—such men as Sonnenthal, Leavinsky and Mitterurzel. These tutors are the greatest in the lines of acting which they are engaged to teach, and the pupil is not permitted to graduate as one competent to undertake professional engagement until he or she has fully complied with their rigorous exactions. Of this academy Mme. Leibich has been a most distinguished pupil, and the justice of her graduating honors has been substantially strengthened by the brilliant reputation which she now enjoys.

The lady was asked recently by a Star representative how she liked the new field of her professional labors.

"I am hardly in a position to speak of the American public just yet," she said, "but during my brief acquaintance with it I have certainly been treated with kindness. The people at home in Germany seem more thankful though than they do here, especially in Vienna; and their plaudits, when you labor to please them, are certainly encouraging to the artiste. The people take the greatest interest in their affairs, and are all the time doing something to manifest their friendship and appreciation."

"How are actors paid in Germany?"

"Very well, indeed. Sonnenthal receives $15,000 a year, and several others are equally well paid in proportion to their ability. When they play in the court theaters, however, the distinction operates to a great extent as remuneration. While connected with one of these theaters the actor is treated with princely munificence. He is supplied with everything his fancy may suggest, the most elaborate wardrobes and the entire stage paraphernalia. Janauschek played at the court theater in Munich, and, while her salary was but 600 marks a month, she was not in a hurry to terminate her engagement."

"How do German theater buildings compare with those in America?"

"The theaters in Germany stand upon their own grounds, and are invariably of great architectural beauty. Within they are more commodious than the theaters that I have seen on this side. The accommodations for the leading actors are very fine, and there are conversation rooms where they may retire dusing rehearsals, which are fitted up with every convenience and comfort. The good actors in Germany are not confined to the capitals, but may be seen in some of the smallest towns. They are engaged by the year, and such a thing as in this country is called the combination system is there unknown. The Germans are liberal patrons of the drama, and, being extravagantly fond of art, they have trained themselves to a knowledge of true dramatic merit. The system of seat selling is very different from what it is in this country. A family will take a private box for the entire season, and individuals will secure seats in the same way, in which they may be seen at least two evenings of each week. For the occupancy of seats during the remainder of the week there are always numerous friends who are anxious to negotiate, and the privilege of having fixed accommodations is thus secured at very trifling rates. The performances change very rapidly, and in some theaters there is a new presentation every night. I have witnessed in a Hamburg theater two performances in one evening. The first was a spectacular piece, complete in itself, and the next was a performance of grand opera."

"At what hour was the audience dismissed?"

"At the usual hour, 11 o'clock. You must know that the German theaters open at an earlier hour than they do here. The performances begin at 6:30 p. m., and the working people who are specially anxious to witness a performance, and haven't the time to wait for their supper at home, frequently bring their lunch and beer along with them."

"To the orchestra circle?"

"Oh, no; nothing of that sort would be permitted in the lower part of the house; but it is customary in the upper tiers, and is thought nothing of."

"You do not find the German public on this side of the water as appreciative as at home?"

"I will not say that, but I am inclined to the opinion that they prefer burlesques or funny pieces to legitimate plays. They like to go to the theater and laugh. At home this is not the case. The announcement of a Shakspearean performance is certain to crowd a theater, no matter how inclement the weather may be."

"Which is the most popular of Shakspeare's plays in Germany?"

"'Hamlet,' by large odds. The Germans are very fond, however, of 'Elizabeth,' 'Henry IV.,' 'Richard III.,' 'Macbeth,' 'Mid-Summer Night's Dream,' 'Merry Wives of Windsor,' and 'Taming of the Shrew.' The translations of these plays are the work of Schlegel, and are very fine. The German language is particularly suited to the force and grandeur of the lines of Shakspeare."

"Are not the actors in Germany provided for when they become infirm?"

"Invariably. Even after so brief a service as six years, should they be taken sick, they are pensioned. This is done by the Government, and the custom has always received the hearty indorsement of the people."

Pills and Potions.

From the New York Times.

The Anglo-Saxon evinced at an early period that tendency to seek refuge in pills and potions which is so pronounced to-day. One of those unpleasant persons whose business it seems to be to run to earth unwelcome facts made, some years ago, the horrid discovery that an East Anglian "county family," of the very severest respectability, owes its rise to a successful pill and ointment when the "Merrie Monarch" was King, two centuries ago. It would be a curious study for an idle man to trace the rise, progress, decline and fall of patent nostrums. Are they not to be found written in the chronicles of the daily newspapers? Turn back twenty years ago, and you find the record of beneficent preparations as utterly unknown to the present generation as those of to-day will be to your grandson. Who hears now of Morrison's pills—a peculiar feature of which was that, according to the proprietor, you couldn't take too many—and yet there was a time in the memory of living men when you could not take up a paper, the world over, without seeing attestations of their wondrous virtues. No pillman, however, even on this soil, has approached as an advertiser Mr. Holloway, of London, whose expenditure in advocating his wares is known to have averaged for a long period over $150,000 a year. Some time ago a young man appointed to a position in China studied assiduously the language of that country on the voyage thither. On getting into port his eye was at once attracted by a huge poster, in Chinese characters, on a wall of the wharf. Painfully experimenting on his recently acquired knowledge, he was as surprised as he was amused to find that the poster was chronicling the virtues of Holloway's pills and ointments. Whatever may be the merits of these nostrums, their owner is one of the most benevolent beings who ever trod earth. His well-considered charitable gifts and endowments now amount to $4,500,000. Some years ago Mr. Holloway came to the conclusion that many persons in that class of society which is above the humble, yet not of the high, were greatly in need of help in cases of mental illness, so he founded a sumptuous "Sanitarium," to accommodate 400 patients, at a cost of $1,750,000. Then, wishing to raise a memorial to his wife, he built, and endowed at a cost of $2,000,000, a college for the higher education of women. This has accommodation for 350 pupils, each of whom will have a bed and sitting-room. No religious test will be imposed. The Principal of this college will be a lady, to be endowed with almost absolute power, but she must be a spinster, under 60. With a view to encourage the pupils in a taste for art, this establishment will contain masterpieces in painting. The fourteen pictures already bought for it cost $165,000. It must be admitted after this that pills are serious things, and not to be lightly regarded as motors in human affairs.

Discomfort in England.

London Letter to the Chicago Times.

There is no fire in the grate. The door is wide open, and so are the windows. The cross-currents rush in and out, going straight through your marrow; and all the while you have to listen to complacent panegyrics on the beautiful weather. Every Englishman will assure you that this everlasting region of fog, cold, and east wind must be healthful. "Look," he says, "at our people, how fat they are; and then look at you Americans, how lean and scrawny you are! Doesn't that show that our climate is better than yours?" I have had this obesity on the part of the English, and this scrawniness on the part of the Americans, thrust into my face so often that I am beginning to rebel. It is the common belief over here that paunchiness and health run together pari passu, and that longevity bears some very intimate relation to the number of feet or yards that one measures around the abdominal region. As a matter of fact, the French are as long-lived as the English, and I believe that the average is in their favor. There are but two peoples in the world who look on obesity as an ornament—an indication of extreme health. One of these is some tribe of negroes in Central Africa, where a woman is valued according to her avoirdupois, and the other is the English. In both these cases the obesity does not come from health, but from stuffing. The English are the most intemperate feeders in the world. They swallow an enormous breakfast; they soon after fill up with a heavy luncheon; then they doubly cram themselves at a ramming-in process which is called dinner, and finish the stuffing proces with a supper which of itself is sufficient for the full meal of a temperate liver. But this is not all. There are, as a rule, several gallons of beer and tea swallowed between meals, and a lot of whisky and water is chucked in just before bedtime in order to top off the enormous mass of stuff that has gone before. This is why they get fat; just the same as turkeys are fattened by being shut up and crammed each day with four or five times the amount of food that is demanded by nature. If statistics are of any value the death-rate here is as great as that of the United States, whose meaning is that if the English people worked as hard as we do, and underwent the same mental strain, they would be a much shorter-lived people than we are. Shut out a person from the sun, and he soon gets that bleached complexion possessed by the average English, and which is asserted to be a sign of robust health. It is just as little a symptom of health as are the number of yards which are required to span the waist of the "healthy" Briton. Generations of feeding and of seclusion from the sunlight have produced the present Englishman.

The Royal Meeting.

From a London Special.

The forthcoming meeting of the Emperor of Austria and the King of Italy and the enthusiasm manifested over the event in both countries are considered an unpleasant circumstance for France. With Russia on good terms with Germany and Italy reconciled with Austria, France is practically isolated. It is believed that Gambetta has established a *modus vivendi* with Bismarck, but the North African aggression has left France without a single nation on whose friendship she can rely.

FIVE O'CLOCK TEA.

From the New York Mail.

Machine sewing has come into favor again, thanks to the tailor-made suits.

House dresses are made with plain flowing skirts bordered with simple ruffles.

Narrow sweepers of colored satin are used in nearly all the black dresses embroidered with chenille.

Black satin trimmed with Spanish flounces a yard deep makes an inky cloak such as Hamlet refers to.

The English have discovered how to make a nursery hideous by putting in it a patchwork dado and a chintz wall screen.

Ball dresses seem likely to be cut very low in the neck this winter, but then the chemisettes worn with them will be very high.

Philadelphia insists on having her own fashions, and is determined to wear this season larger bonnets than New York will wear.

Brooches are used to fasten not only skirt draperies and neckerchiefs, but also the plaits with which elbow sleeves are trimmed.

Jet, notwithstanding its undeniable ugliness, remains master of the field, in spite of an attempt to drive it out by dull satin trimmings.

You can get credit for having a distinguished Parisian air by having a nosegay of flowers embroidered on the waist of one of your dark gowns.

If you are a bright blonde, by all means use the fashionable combination of cream and dark red, for it will suit you exactly and be marvelously becoming.

The most beautiful brocades shown so far this season are of the feather patterns, and are much liked by some snobs because the pattern is not reproduced in cheap stuffs.

A white caster beaver with buttoned wrists, ladies, is your only glove for horseback riding now. This glove gives the rider a military air, which is thought to be attractive.

The Prince of Wales has secured a place in history by designing a new plaid in green, red and white, and his wife and daughters, proud of the achievement, wear suits made of the plaid.

Those who set English fashions have their rational intervals, for they have taken to sewing stripes of the material, of which are made the horrid wide white belts, between bands of colored silesia, and thus producing splashers and bathing mats.

Five o'clock tea cloths must have mottoes embroidered on them. But there are mottoes and mottoes, and to remind your guests that "Enough is as good as a feast," or to suggest to them "Crumb not your bread before you taste your porridge," is not particularly well-bred.

SOUR stomach, sick headache and dizziness Hop Bitters cures with a few doses.

A BATTLE WITH ICE.

The Corwin's Hard Struggle in Reaching the Beach of Wrangel Land.

John Muir in the San Francisco Bulletin.

After cruising along the Siberian coast for a few days and calling at the Cape Wankern village to procure as many as possible of the articles taken by the natives from the wreck of one of the lost whalers, we found ourselves once more on the edge of Wrangel ice, and once more in dense fog on the morning of August 9. A huge white bear came swimming through the drizzle and gloom and black heaving waves toward the ship as we lay at anchor, guided, doubtless, by scent. He was greeted by a volley of rifle balls, no one of which injured him, however, and fortunately he could not be pursued. The fog lasted in dismal thickness until 1 o'clock in the morning of the 11th, when we once more saw the hills and dales of Wrangel Land hopefully near. We discovered a lead that enabled us to approach within perhaps fifteen miles of the nearest portion of the coast. At times we thought ourselves much nearer, when the light falling favorably would bring out many of the smaller features, such as the subordinate ridges on the faces of the mountains and hills, and the small dimpling hollows with their different shades of color, furrows that seemed the channels of small streams and the peculiar rounded outlines due to glacial action. Then pushing eagerly through the huge drifting masses toward the nearest cape, judging by the distinctness of its features, it would suddenly seem to retreat again into the blue distance, and some other point catching the sunlight would be seen rising grandly across the jagged hummocky ice plain, relieved against the blue shadowy portions to right and left as a background. It was not long, however, after tracing one lead after another, and coming always to a stand-still with the ship's prow against ice of enormous thickness, before we were forced to the conclusion that all efforts made hereabout would now be vain. The ice did not seem to have been broken or moved in any way for years. We turned, therefore, and made our way back to open water with difficulty and steamed alone the edge of the pack to the northeastward. After a few hours' run we found the ice more promising, showing traces of having been well crushed and pounded, enabling us to bear gradually in toward the land through a wedge-shaped ledge about twenty miles in length.

Next morning, steaming ahead once more to the end of our water lane, we were rejoiced to find that though there was now about eight or ten miles of ice separating us from the shore it was less firmly packed, and our little vessel made a way through it without difficulty until we were within two miles of the shore, when we found the craggy blocks extremely hard and wedged closely, but a patch of open water near the beach, now plainly in sight, tempted us to continue the struggle, and, with the throttle wide open, the barrier was forced, and by 10 o'clock a. m. the Corwin was riding at anchor less than a cable's length from a dry gravel bar stretching in front of the mouth of a river. The long battle we had fought with the ice was now fairly won, and neither the engine nor the hull seemed to have suffered any appreciable damage from the terrible shocks and strains they had undergone. Going inland, along the left bank of the river, we found it much larger than it at first appeared to be. There was no snow left on the lowlands or any of the hills or mountains in sight, excepting the remnants of heavy drifts; nevertheless it was still about seventy-five yards wide, twelve feet deep and was flowing on with a clear, stately current at a speed of about three miles an hour. While the snow is melting it must be at least two hundred yards wide and twenty feet deep and its sources lie well back in the interior of the country. Not the slightest trace, however, could we find along the river, along the shore or on the bluff to the northeastward of the Jeannette party or of any human inhabitants. A land more severely solitary could hardly be found anywhere on the face of the globe.

An Irish Electrical Railway.

From the London Times.

The ceremony of cutting the first sod of the Giants' Causeway and Portrush tramway was performed last week at Portrush in presence of the directors and a large company of the local gentry and visitors at Portrush. Interest was attached to the ceremonial owing to the fact that it is intended to work the tramway by electricity, the company thus being the first to introduce into the United Kingdom electricity as a motive power for tramway and railway propulsion. The chairman of the company, Dr. Traill, said they were assembled not merely to inaugurate an obscure local work, but to introduce into Ireland for the first time one of those scientific discoveries in which the last quarter of a century had been so fruitful. This tramway when opened would be worked by electricity under the direct auspices of Dr. W. C. Siemens, of London, who was now a member of of the board and a large contributor to their funds. Not many years would elapse before this dynamo-electric power would be supplied, not alone to tramways suitably situated for it, as this one undoubtedly was, but also to railways. To shareholders in a company such as this they could easily see what an important thing such a revolution in locomotive power would represent. The working expenses for haulage on a tramway such as theirs with horses would be about 11d. per mile, and by steam-power about 7d. per mile, but there was every reason to suppose that the working expenses of their motive power need not reach 1d. a mile. Further, as each car would carry its own locomotive power, they would save the expense of engine-drivers and stokers, and all that class of persons, as well as the immense saving in fuel; and, what was more important, they required no heavy engines to increase the friction and to take a grip of the rails for hauling purposes, so that their rails would not suffer the great wear and tear, but only have to bear the weight of the traffic in light cars. Mrs. W. Acheson Traill performed the ceremony of turning the first sod, and the assemblage was afterward addressed by the Provost of Dublin University, the Rev. Dr. Jellett.

The Booth Difficulty.

From a New York Letter.

The dramatic world has recently had two sensations. One was the appearance of the rival tragedians, Booth and Barrett, in the same play, and the other was the separation of the former and his wife. The combination of the two above mentioned stars was the most striking dramatic exhibition ever witnessed in Booth's Theater since its construction. As a benefit to the Michigan charity it yielded more than $3,000. Booth, however, has been in ill health during the past week, and hence on the above mentioned occasion he performed under great difficulties. It has since been said that his illness was in no small degree due to the rupture with his wife. They have been for a long time approaching this unfortunate conclusion, which now occasions many ridiculous stories. One of these is that Booth gave his wife some property last year, and since then discovered that she had willed it to her mother, and that this led to a quarrel. Booth, however, has had no property to give his wife during the last ten years, and can not even meet his debts. The separation is probably due to the nervous condition which his troubles have superinduced, and which has found vent in this manner. Soon after his failure in 1873 it was discovered that his mind was shattered, and permanent insanity was feared. Though he escaped that impending danger he has continued in a precarious condition, and the present domestic difficulty is one of its results. Let no one envy the woman who marries a genius, since the latter has so often proven unfriendly to domestic peace.

Land Leagueism.

From the New York Times.

As a proximate cause of the decisive action taken by the Government against the Land League must be reckoned the penury and bankruptcy threatening tens of thousands who have been daily beseeching the Government to interfere and prevent their ruin. The bulk of the smaller gentry, and no inconsiderable portion of the larger, are entirely dependent upon their rents for subsistence, with the exception of such produce as they get from a dairy farm of some twenty or fifty acres around their houses, while the tradesmen in the towns, in turn, largely rely for support on the country gentry. Indeed, except in Down and Antrim, and in the vicinity of Cork City, Limerick, and Waterford, nearly everybody depends upon land, and not one in ten can rely upon other resources. It may then readily be conceived to what a plight they are reduced. The cable telegram which stated that the shop-keepers of Kinsale expressed their satisfaction at the arrest of Mr. Parnell, inasmuch as their business had been ruined by the League, showed a side of the question not generally recognized. In all probability were the bank returns to be published to-day they would convey an idea of exceptional prosperity, but this would merely be due to the fact that tenants are lodging with the banks the millions withheld from the landlords. Some of these last are living in English villages in the humblest manner. The tradesmen with whom they dealt are, naturally, proportionately the sufferers, and if this state of things continues, half of them will be in bankruptcy. Since the Incumbered Estates Court came into play the Irish landlord has not, as a rule, been an embarrassed man, and had it merely been a matter of bad seasons he could now have readily obtained loans on mortgage at 4 and 5 per cent; but in the present condition of things insurance offices and capitalists decline to make advances.

A Drawing Sent by Telegraph.

From the Philadelphia Record, 22d.

A souvenir of the Electrical Exposition in Paris has been brought to this country by the Hon. Strickland Kneass, of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who has jealously guarded it since his return from his European tour. It is a life-like drawing of the shoulders, head, face and mouth of an officer of the French Grenadier Guards, which was transmitted a considerable distance by electricity. The drawing is about six inches long by three wide, on ordinary white paper, and the method of executing this remarkable feat was in this wise: The original sketch was made by hand in the form of dots, metallic ink being used. The sheet was then placed on a table directly under the pointer of an ordinary telegraph wire. This pointer was moved rapidly to and fro over the drawing, a receiver at the other end being worked in precisely the same way. Each time that the pointer comes in contact with the metallic ink dots the circuit was closed, and a corresponding impression made upon a piece of paper at the other end of the line. This process was continued until every dot had been carried over the wires, and the transmission was so perfect that without a distinguishing mark the person who made the original drawing could not have told one from the other. The words "Parteouneaux, First Brigadier de Paris" were also transmitted in fac-simile. During the session of the Congress letters were also written and transmitted by electricity, and signatures to checks and notes of hand are now being forwarded hundreds of miles in the same manner in the sister Republic.

The Lobby and the Speakership.

Washington Letter to Philadelphia Times.

It might seem accidental, this gathering, to the uninitiated, or it might not be noticed at all. To the old stager who has witnessed these biennial scrambles over the Speakership it bears its real significance. I have seen five such struggles and understand the import of the early appearance of the lobby. For it must not be presumed, as it often erroneously is, that the lobbyist is an altogether disreputable character. On the contrary, there are a dozen of them here every winter who have more personal influence among Congressmen than has any single member on the floor. Your Washington lobbyist is a gentleman—lives like one, has the manners of one, spends his money like one and approaches his victims as an equal in every respect. To be sure there are a lot of vulgar fellows in the crowd, as there are all crowds, but they are the harpies whose real victims are those who employ them. The lobbyist of influence is a gentleman—when he is not a lady. There is no more formidable foe and no more desirable friend than he in such a contest as the Speakership of the House of Representatives. Perhaps many might wonder what in the world he has to do with it. There is no money of account disbursed to win the prize. Beyond a few champagne suppers and liberal bar bills there is no direct bribery to be practiced, and champagne is not bribery under the code of Congressional morals. But bless your dear innocent heart, reader, the lobby selects the Speaker of the House of Representatives just the same. When I say this I mean in the sense of wielding the balance of power. If the lobby all went one way it would be omnipotent against any candidate and all candidates out of its favor.

Anna and Fanny.

New York Letter to the Cincinnati Gazette.

The fact that Anna Dickinson attached Fanny Davenport's wardrobe illustrates the secret discords which agitate the dramatic profession. Jealousies and petty spite are so frequent as hardly to attract notice until they may be brought to light by some unexpected development. Last year Miss Dickinson and Miss Davenport were the best of friends, and the former relied on the latter for the success of her "American Girl." This play would have failed had it not been for the genius of Miss Davenport, who gave it a run at one of our best theaters. She then made some alterations, which displeased the author, and a breach took place which has led to the recent lawsuit. The claim was settled and the attachment was thus removed, but it is unfortunate that two women of such prominence, each in her own profession, should disagree in so public a manner. Speaking of jealousies, the most flagrant ever known in the dramatic profession was that which Edwin Forrest manifested toward Macready. Forrest was one of the most jealous men that ever lived. He could endure no rival, and hence when Macready performed in this city at the Opera-house, while Forrest was playing at the Bowery Theater, the famous riot took place. It was fomented by Forrest's satellites, and the result was the death of twenty-three persons and the wounding of nearly an equal number. Forrest triumphed and Macready left the city, but it was a costly sacrifice to so base a passion.

A Brutal Prize-Fight.

New York Special to Chicago Times.

Frank McGowan and Denny Lyons fought at catch weights to-day in New Jersey, near Hoboken, for $100 a side. McGowan is 20 years of age and weighs 150 pounds. Lyons is 24 years of age and weighs 140 pounds. The battle began shortly after daylight. McGowan gained first blood in the first round and first knock-down in the third round. After sixty rounds had been fought, occupying just an hour, McGowan began to have the best of the fighting and tried to end the struggle. Lyons would not give up, although he had been knocked down over twenty times. In the seventieth round McGowan punished Lyons terribly. He forced the fighting and Lyons was fought down bleeding and helpless. He was carried to his corner and by the use of stimulants was revived. It was plain that he was whipped, but he would not acknowledge it. On time being called for the seventy-ninth round Lyons was so frightfully punished that he could hardly stand up. He reached the mark, however, but was soon fought down "all of a heap," and his seconds threw up the sponge. The fight lasted one hour and twenty-seven minutes. Both men were badly hurt. Lyons was in a critical condition when his friends took him away. Three hundred persons were present.

Wedded at the Fourth Attempt.

From the Lewiston (Me.) Journal.

A young lady was wedded in this county a few days ago. Three times she had been engaged prior to her final betrothal. Her first affianced died of consumption. Her second was prostrated with small-pox, and died a few days before the time fixed for their marriage. Her third intended was accidentally drowned on the eve of their wedding day. Her fourth love lived to marry her. They are now on their wedding tour, and may their honeymoon be sweet and protracted.

SING, BIRDIE, SING.

Sing, Birdie, sing your happiest songs;
We'll both be merry together.
The rain beats soft 'gainst the window-panes,
And it's dreary, dreary weather.

Sing, Birdie, sing of the roses red—
Sing of the June days' gladness,
When the lily opened her gorgeous leaves,
And the world knew nothing of sadness.

Sing, Birdie, sing, for the rain sobs low,
Like some one wearily weeping;
And the brooding sadness that fills the skies
Is over my pathway creeping.

What should we care for the dismal skies,
Or the lightning's vivid flashes,
The conscious thrill of the trembling air,
Or the thunder's wilder crashes?

So sing, Birdie, sing of the happy past—
Sing of the bright to-morrow—
All of your happiest, merriest trills,
But never a strain of sorrow.

MARY STRATTON HEWETT.

GREVY'S DAUGHTER.

Her Marriage to an Under-Secretary—A Love Match.

Paris Telegram to New York Herald.

The approaching marriage of Mlle. Grevy and M. Daniel Wilson has caused a great deal of disappointment in Parisian society. The ladies cannot bring themselves to forgive the bride and bridegroom for keeping the engagement so secret, and especially for determining to cheat them out of the pleasant emotion inseparable from a great public wedding. The marriage was arranged a few weeks ago, while the President and his family were at their country house at Mont-sous-Vaudrey. M. Grevy was walking in the garden one day when he was accosted by his old friend M. Wilson, who, to his surprise—for he had no inkling of his intention—asked him for the hand of his daughter. He had taken the preliminary precaution—a rare thing in France—of consulting the young lady and her mother, so M. Grevy at once gave his consent, and it was arranged that the marriage should take place with the least possible delay and the strictest privacy. Like her father, the bride elect has a horror of ostentation. All inquisitive journalists have been ruthlessly refused the slightest information about the wedding arrangements. The bride is about 35 years old, though she looks younger. She is not pretty, but is intelligent and vivacious. Her complexion is dark, her figure slender. She is very musical. Her love of music, malicious tongues say, once led her to the brink of another passion. A few years ago, before M. Grevy became President, there was much talk of her projected marriage with the irresistible tenor M. Capoul. The match, however, fell through.

Mlle. Grevy's taste for music, however, is as great as ever. She is an assiduous attendant at the Conservatoire concerts, and is an accomplished pianist. The bridegroom is of English extraction, about forty-five years of age. When younger he was a finished type of the man about town. He has settled down since, and has become a serious politician and financier. His sister, the charming Mme. de la Pelouse, is a very old friend of the President. He himself has known the betrothed since childhood. The double ceremony, civil and religious, will be celebrated at the Elysee on Saturday. The Mayor of the arrondissement will attend early in the day and bind the happy pair with legal fetters, and the cure of the Madeleine will shortly after tighten the union by religious shackles. The bride being a Catholic and the bridegroom a Protestant, a departure from the usual ceremonial will be necessary. They will simply plight their troth before the cure and be pronounced man and wife, after which mass will be celebrated without any pomp or display. The interesting event will take place in the so-called Chapel of the Elysee, a small reception-room rarely used for religious purposes since the time of the Duchese de Berri. The room is close to the historical saloon in which the coup d'etat of the 2d of December was discussed and decided on. Only a few intimate friends of the Grevys and the Wilsons will be invited to the ceremony. [A Paris telegram announces that the marriage took place on the 22d inst.]

The Coachman's Catch.

From the London Times.

Maj. and Mrs. Grant have lived at Bodmin since their marriage, five years ago. They occasionally visit Mr. Littleton, Mrs. Grant's brother, at his residence, Trewin Shevlock, bringing their coachman with them. It was while on such a visit to Shevlock that the elopement occurred. Maj. Grant has been in the habit of spending his holidays in Canada, chiefly for the sport that country affords. Occasionally he has been accompanied by his wife, but on his last visit to Canada, whence he recently returned, his wife did not go with him. On Friday morning last, the Major and Mr. Littleton went out about 5 o'clock for a day's cub hunting. Mrs. Grant seems to have communicated this intention to the coachman, and soon after the two gentlemen had set out she and the coachman drove off in a light carriage to Torpoint. On reaching the ferry they alighted, and the coachman gave an ostler five shillings to take the carriage back to Trewin House. The boatman says that the couple had with them a box and portmanteau. Mrs. Grant was wearing an ulster; the coachman was "respectably dressed," and not in livery. On getting out of the boat a cab was called, and they were driven off to Devonport Southwestern station. Mrs. Grant was married when she was 18, and is now 23. Her husband is 40. She lately became possessed of a considerable fortune in her own right. The coachman is about the same age as Mrs. Grant, and is said to be "a good-looking man." The police have had information of the elopement, but up to the present time no news of the runaways has been obtained.

A Sexagenarian's Wooing.

From the Wilmington (Del.) News.

On the 12th inst. Rev. Enoch Stubbs, 1235 South Fourth street, Philadelphia, united in matrimony Harry Myers and Sadie F. Gray, both of this city. Miss Gray came to this city about two years ago as a companion to the wife of Harry Myers, who was then living on Sixth street, near Church. Mrs. Myers soon died. The old gentleman accepted the inevitable with an assorted mixture of sighs and tears and began to look tenderly upon the blooming young companion of the late lamented. A short time after the funeral Miss Gray moved to other quarters, but this did not dampen the ardor of the old gentleman and he continued his addresses. One day, when together upon Market Street Bridge, Myers suddenly turned to the girl and declared himself in this fashion: "Sadie, do you intend to have me? If you don't, I'll jump right overboard." The girl, it is said, became frightened and pleaded with him not to do such a rash act. The relatives point to this as an argument of the unfair means taken by Mr. Myers in his efforts to influence her. Efforts are being made to induce the girl to return to the home of her relatives.

Germans in Paris.

Paris Letter to the New York Times.

It is rather a curious fact that the other side of the Rhine has furnished an immense contingent of chevaliers d'industrie to Parisian society since the suppression of the official institutions. The French will not visit Germany nowadays, and so the Germans are forced to seek their prey in France, as their own countrymen play on too small a scale to make the game worth the candle. In the card-room at Ems last summer I never saw more than a dozen louis on the table at any one time, and what are a couple of hundred marks for sharks who can gobble thrice that sum in an hour at Vichy or Dieppe? It is not because the German is particularly moral, but because he hates to lose his coin, and he knows that, pitted against a professional Hellene, it is always a case of "the more you put down the less you pick up." In other ways, though, his morality is not offensively obtrusive, or, rather, it may be qualified as intermittent. A Berlin newspaper has been heavily fined for an advertisement in which a wealthy bachelor solicited the "acquaintance and traveling society of any pretty woman not previously engaged." On the other hand, the great world has not turned its back on Count Herbert von Bismarck, who ran off with the Princess Carolath, and since her divorce declines the promised marriage, while merely a laugh was raised by the mishap of the Hamburg banker whose wife had gone and done likewise with the Chancellor's second son William. That affair was only made public by accident. Mme. Y. had neglected to lock her door. Somebody opened it by mistake, and, flying affrighted at the extremely primitive costume of the occupants of the chamber, told what he had seen. Next morning all the other lodgers of the Krone Hotel at Marienbad left that establishment, but for a week afterward the Count and the lady drove about and took their meals together in public and appeared at the Casino as unconcernedly as though the scandal were not public. A "conjugal knife cut in high life" is what this adventure would be termed here, and this reminds me that I have forgotten to notice that a so-called theatrical novelty—at the Menus Plaisin, ten years ago—has reappeared at the Dejazet, where, its original title changed to "Bamboche, the authors, Vast, Ricouard, and Trogoff, hoped that the public would not recognize an old familiar friend in a revised, enlarged, and unexpurgated edition of "Les Coups de Canif," one of the funniest, cleverest and most shocking immoralities ever perpetrated by three Parisian journalists without prejudices.

The Negro Analyzed.

From the Chicago Times.

A well attended meeting of the Philosophical Society was held Saturday evening in Apollo Hall, President Ela in the chair. The paper read was a very entertaining one by Dr. J. Reeves Jackson on "The Negro as a Distinct Species of Man." The Doctor prefaced his remarks by stating that he had once been innocently credulous enough to believe that all human beings were descendants of Adam and Eve, that the Lord created the world in six days of twenty-four hours each, and various other things generally taught. Later he learned to know that the Bible, a religious and moral code, was not to be depended upon in matters of science. Science showed conclusively that the solid earth on which people lived was the crust which had gradually formed by the cooling of a once molten mass. In other words the Bible had a human side to it, and consequently must have imperfections, and a man need not be an Infidel to disbelieve many things taught or implied by it. The Bible seemed to teach that the sun revolved daily around the earth, and yet a man could be a good Christian while asserting to the contrary. The negro was unquestionably a distinct species of man. The supporters of the doctrine that the negro descended from a Caucasian advanced two principal reasons for the alleged change from white to black. They claimed that the color of the skin was affected by a hot climate, and that this tan color was handed down from one generation to another until that tan color became black. The fallacy of this argument was shown by the fact that the children of tanned parents could be as white as the fairest Caucasian; a tanned skin was not hereditary any more than a tattooed skin or a crooked finger. The other argument, advanced by the supporters of the unity doctrine, was that the negro was brought about by the transmission of Occidental peculiarities. The same objection, however, was urged against this theory as against the other. Not until a six-fingered race, a tattooed race, or some equally remarkable race was discovered could it be shown that the negro descended from a Caucasian.

A Prospector's Fortunate Slip.

From the Territorial Enterprise.

The latest "rush" in Idaho is to the North Fork, about fifteen miles above Ketchum, where a ledge two and a half feet wide of milling ore that assays up in the thousands was discovered about ten days ago. The discovery was purely accidental. A prospector slipped from a ledge of overhanging rock into the water. In crawling on the bank he saw native silver and copper stains protruding from a crevice. A few minutes' work proved the existence of a ledge.

Mr. Edmund Yates writes in the London World as following about the new dress reform movement which is reported to be fast assuming the dimensions of a social craze: "I had heard and read of the 'Ladies' Dress Reform Association,' with Lady Harberton for its high-priestess; but I had no idea the reform had made any practical progress in England till last week, when I actually twice stumbled against ladies in the new garb in the streets of London—one in Bond street, and the other in Cromwell road. Well, I am bound to say I like it. To be sure, the ladies I happened to see in it were both handsome and well set up, carrying themselves like queens. But really in itself there appears nothing objectionable, and the dress certainly contributes to freedom of movement, and, I should imagine, the comfort of the wearer. It is for all the world like a riding-habit cut short just above the ankle, exhibiting merely the extremities of the trousers. I must mention them. Only instead of the dress and nether garments being in cloth, those I saw were of a black brocaded silk stuff that fell gracefully, and looked quiet and lady-like. Trousers worn thus, with a long skirt over them, are very different from the loud, vulgar Bloomer costume of former efforts in this direction; and it is just possible that the reform may spread. But to do so it must come from above, else society will not have it on any consideration. At the Ladies' Dress Reform Association may be seen a specimen of this 'rational dress,' as it is called. In this the trousers are made very wide, with a deep flounce at the extremity, which combines with the skirt worn over them, so that in all ordinary situations no person could possibly tell there was any difference from the present dress of a lady."

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION.

These familiar words recall to the farmer and others interested, the unfortunate necessity of sometimes getting rid of Stock that is not otherwise salable on account of blemishes or imperfections. To improve upon this method, by showing how to restore your Stock to first-class condition, is the plan herewith presented. The signal benefit of the Great German Remedy to mankind very reasonably induced its application to the sufferings and ailments of the dumb creation, beginning with the Horse. People who tried it were more than surprised by its results, as attested in the speedy and permanent cure of their Stock, and they gladly announced their experience by word of mouth and by the public press, until to-day FARMERS and DEALERS, STOCKMEN AND BREEDERS, the COUNTRY OVER, are using ST. JACOBS OIL with delight, satisfaction and profit. The mistake of thinking that anything is good enough for a Horse is made by others who lose their Stock by a miserable effort at economy. There are others who humanely regard the welfare of their faithful dumb creatures, and provide for their comfort with good food and shelter, and for their health by a constant supply of ST. JACOBS OIL,—the safest and speediest relief for Diseases of Horses and Stock ever discovered. Whenever there appears any evidence whatsoever of disease or injury among Animals, they should have the best possible treatment, as it never pays to defer attention to Stock. Inasmuch, then, as it is the part of common prudence to use the surest curative means in the beginning, every Stable, Farm and Stock-yard should be abundantly supplied with ST. JACOBS OIL, which is used and recommended by the best Horsemen in the country as an article which will relieve more promptly and certainly the ailments of and Injuries to Stock than any other remedy known. For Spavin, Ringbone, Wind-Gall, Flesh-Wounds and Galls of all kinds, Poll-Evil, Splint, Swellings, Tumors, Fistula, Lameness, Stiffness, Cramps of the Muscle, Acute and Chronic Founder, Mange, Corns, Whitlows, Broken Knees, Cuts, Colic, Sore Throat, Distemper, and many other Diseases, especially Foot-Rot in Sheep, ST. JACOBS OIL affords instant relief and a sure cure, and costs but FIFTY CENTS. Pamphlets containing full directions for home treatment of diseases of domestic animals, sent upon application, by

A. VOGELER & CO., Baltimore, Md.

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RIVER NEWS.

THE Spread Eagle, Capt. Henry Leyhe, leaves for Grafton at 3 p. m.

THE Commonwealth goes to Memphis tomorrow. McPheeters master.

THE great towboat Henry Lourey departs for New Orleans this evening with a tow.

CAPT. R. F. WOOLFOLK, of Bismarck, is due here to-day to attend the convention.

CAPT. T. F. OBRY, president of the New Orleans Captains' Association, is in the city.

THE famous War Eagle, of the Davidson White Collar Line, leaves for St. Paul to-day.

THE Annie P. Silver takes her departure for New Orleans to-morrow. Keith master, and Green F. Shields chief clerk.

COL. P. P. MANION has found employment for the Clara. She goes as an advance boat for the Crescent City and Great Southern Circus.

THE Rohan Brothers say they never saw business better at this season of the year. Their Fulton Boiler Works is a noisy establishment just now.

CAPT. JAS. O'NEAL piloted the famous Alleghany when she made her run going out of sight of Louisville quicker than any boat ever went before or since.

CAPT. A. Q. KENNETT, of New Orleans, will take an active part in the proceedings of the convention. He has been familiar with Western navigation for forty years.

COL. P. J. KENNEDY will represent New Mexico in the convention, having been commissioned by the Governor. He is in favor of levees and an appropriation.

CAPT. BURR D. WOOD, the New Orleans coal king, and Capt. Thos. P. Leathers, of the steamer Natchez, were among the visitors on 'Change yesterday. They are delegates to the River Convention.

PHIL ROHAN made a trip to Memphis recently on the City of Vicksburg, and speaks of the boat and her crew in the highest terms. Capt. Riley knows a good fellow when he meets him, you know.

DON HEWITT, of steamboat fame, and his friend Theodore Benoist, made a trip to Memphis incog. [The Memphis boys heard of his coming. On his arrival they took him all over town behind four white horses, paid his hotel bills, etc. Don says he would stay longer, but living at such a rate was entirely too cheap.

CAPT. O'NEAL, superintendent of the New Orleans Anchor Line, leaves for Louisville to-night to be present there to-morrow and participate in the trial trip of the City of Baton Rouge. Both the City of New Orleans and City of Baton Rouge are ready to come to St. Louis and receive their furniture and outfits, and will do so as soon as there is water in the Ohio.

FLANAGAN & RICHARDSON, the well-known commission house, have loaded the E. W. Cole, Col. Ed. Richardson's purchase, and dispatched her to the South last night. Col. R. will use her to carry cotton. Her cargo is groceries, etc., for the Richardson plantations and his oil-works above Greenville. The Cole took 600 tons, all shipped by Flanagan & Richardson.

The Vicksburg Herald says: "From the mouth of the Yazoo proper to the Mississippi River via the mouth of Old River is eight miles, with an average fall of three inches to the mile—twenty-four inches; from the mouth of Old River to Kleinston, eight miles, with a fall of four and one-half inches to the mile—thirty-six inches. Total from the mouth of Yazoo River via the mouth of Old River, sixteen miles; total fall, sixty inches. Thus, if the waters of Yazoo River proper are sixty inches higher than the waters of the Mississippi at Kleinston, and from the Yazoo River proper at Kleinston via the wrong end of Old River, and through the lake, is less than eight miles, or seven and one-half inches fall to the mile gives a five-mile current, what current per hour would a seven and one-half inch fall give? And if a three-mile current through the right end of Old River keeps a channel open for the Yazoo boats, how much deeper channel would a six-mile current keep at the mouth of Vicksburg harbor? And if Capt. James B. Eads deepened the mouth of the Mississippi from fourteen to thirty-three feet by increasing the current from one to probably three miles or less per hour by his jetties, having the same kind of mud with which to contend that we have, what depth of channel would a probable six-mile current give us? Let the wise heads who deny a sufficient current to open a channel to our harbor answer the above queries. I affirm, from six to eight feet."

HOP BITTERS purifies the blood and removes all pimples and eruptions.

Patti on the High Sea.

London Telegram to New York Herald.

Mme. Patti sailed from the Mersey in the Cunard steamer Algeria this morning in cold, gloomy and boisterous weather. She is accompanied by Signor Nicolini, Miss Hohenschild, contralto, and Miss Castilian, violinist. Owing to the very early hour of the embarkation and to the rain few people were at the landing stage. The Messrs. Gye were present and accompanied the diva to the steamer to wish her good speed. Mme. Patti, who was in excellent health and spirits, expressed the keenest pleasure in regard to her forthcoming tour. She spoke of her last appearance in the United States, at the age of 25, when she played Lucia. She is anxious that her efforts should meet with the appreciation of the American public. Mme. Albani would have been present, but was detained at the Huddersfield festival. Other members of the Patti concert will sail from Havre. Among the passengers on board the Algeria are Mr. John W. Mackay and the Misses Tilden.

A CHICAGO exchange refers to the case of Lewis H. O'Conor, Esq., 93 Washington street, that city, who was cured of a very severe pain in the back by St. Jacobs Oil, after the prescriptions of physician, and many remedies had proved valueless.—[Columbus, Ga., Enquirer-Sun.

The Lover's Revenge.

From the Chicago Tribune.

The clock struck eleven. Myrtle and Billy were standing in the hallway, her arms twined about him in the ecstacy of love. "And you will love me always, Billy?" Myrtle said, softly, "Yes, my precious one, forever and ever." "And when shall we be married?" came in low, dulcet tones from the girl, as her head nestled confidingly above his liver-pad. Now was Colonel Billy's longed-for opportunity. Two years before Myrtle had laughed a merry, heartless laugh when he had seated himself in a pie at a picnic. Drawing himself up proudly, he said, while a lemon-like smile flitted over his clear-cut features: "Yes, I will marry you, Myrtle." "But when?" pleaded the girl. "When the Washington monument is completed," he answered, and, with a hollow, mocking laugh, he fled into the darkness, leaving her in the front hall, alone and desolate.

At 25 cents each for Dr. Holman's Body Plasters, and 25 cents per pair for the Foot Plasters, there is no reason why they should not be preferred to any and all others—for they are the *best*, and as cheap as any other. They are different from the ordinary strengthening plaster. They are "Medicinal" Plasters and the only ones made.

The Senator's Visiting Card.

Washington Cor. Boston Journal.

The mystic letters written on visiting cards are a source of bewilderment to the Congressmen from rural districts who cannot decipher their meaning. Once that stalwart Kentuckian, Senator McCreery, met a foppish young constituent, who had just returned from Paris, and said to him: "I received your card the other day. I recognized your father's name, which is the same as yours, and supposed that it was his son, but what did the letters E. P., written in a corner, mean?" "Why, Mr. Senator," replied the traveled man, "it is customary in Paris to write the initials of certain words on leaving cards. For example, had I been going away, I should have written P. P. C., the initials of *Pour prendre conge*—to take leave. As it was, calling myself, I wrote E. P., the initials of *En personne*—in person." "Oh!" said McCreery, "I understand."

A week or so afterward the two met again, and the young man said: "Senator, I received your card, but I couldn't comprehend what the letters S. B. A. N. in the corner meant. Pray interpret them?" "With pleasure," said McCreery, his eyes twinkling with humor. "S. B. A. N. are the initials of Sent by a Nigger." The young man tried to laugh, but really couldn't see the point of the inscription. Others did.

GUITEAU could never sleep at proper hours; cursed with abnormal activity, his nerves were always on the *qui vive*. Could he have had the soothing benefit of Dr. Benson's Celery and Camomile Pills his wretched brain would not have raged with improper fancies.

Cæsar in Spectacles.

From the London Court Circular.

Herr Barnay, a German actor who makes a sensation in Shakspeare's "Julius Cæsar," bears the strongest resemblance to the great Roman, as may be seen by the effigy on ancient medals, while his action is dignity personified. Herr Barnay, who suffers under the disadvantage of being extremely short-sighted, repairs that defect by wearing a pince-nez in private life. At Leipsic recently the theater was crammed by a very critical audience, anxious to hear the best exponent of Cæsar. Scene first passed over and then entered Cæsar, followed by a gorgeous train; but he had not removed his glasses, and he presented to the astonished gaze of the citizens of the music-loving city of Leipsic "imperious Cæsar" in spectacles! The entire house roared with laughter.

WOMEN that have been bedridden for years have been entirely cured of female weakness by the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Send to Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, 233 Western avenue, Lynn, Mass., for pamphlets.

A correspondent sends the following extract from the log-book, apparently of a river or coasting vessel, which was printed in 1795. The spelling is a little peculiar, and it is interesting to know that business was "brisck:" that women washed their dirty clothes, and that people then, as now, were apt to be "peevish": "this Day saild out of the Noarth River and got to New-Poart and Went out foar times Befoair wed. Wed. got hard the Chains of the Wind 21 in Moarning set out for New Yorack and got thear the 22 in the Moarning With the Wind at Northeaist of a thursday. Sunday the 26 for Ailbeny and Run the Nite the folleng got to Stoney Pint tusday Run to West Pinte. Sot Sail in the moning. Wenday Moning after brexefaist the Wimin Went to Washin their Durtey Close All Well on Boaird But Pevish. 11 a Cloack Wee Paist Pigeill With the Wind at East Six Vessill on the Stoiks Abilking Bisness Seamid to be Brisck Got that Nite to Perc psiv Landin thirsday 30 Sot sailjin the Moning With the Wind at Noairth thirsday Nite Stop at Peeipsy. Friday Moning Sot Sail With the Wind a hed and got to hudsen. Sateday Moning May the 2d Raind till 8 a Clock then Sot Sail With the Wind Southeaist."

ADDITIONAL COMMERCIAL.

GROCERIES.

Coffee.

Common Rio	12¼@12¾	Prime Rio	14½
Fair Rio	13¼@13¾	Choice Rio	15½
Mexican	@15	Manahaling	30
Good O. G. Java	17 @20	Mocha	27½
Prime do	25	La Guara	13¾

Rice.

Carolina, good, ℔ ℔	—	Carolina, prime, ℔ ℔	7¾
Carolina, choice, "	8	Carolina, fair, "	7

EASTERN.

Coarse Granulated	10¾	Standard A	10⅜

Common Salt.

Ohio River H. R. ℔ bl	—	Lake Michigan	$1 50

Cheese.

	Per ℔.		Per ℔
Buffalo brand	16	N. Y. Fac. Cream	15
Swiss, genuine	27	Swiss imitation	20@21
Pine apple	—	York America	17

Teas.

(The prices here quoted are for tea in original packages. In less quantities than original packages 3c ℔ ℔ will be charged over following prices.)

ENGLISH BREAKFAST OR SOUCHONG.

No. 1	35	No. 2	5

IMPERIAL.

No. 1	40	No. 3	45
No. 2	40	No. 4	50
No. 5	55	No. 8	65

GUNPOWDER.

No. 1	45	No. 5	60
No. 2	50	No. 6	65
No. 3	55	No. 7	70
No. 4	60	No. 8	90

JAPAN.

No. 1	22	No. 2	30
No. 3	40	No. 4	50
No. 5	50	No. 6	60

YOUNG HYSON.

No. 1	40	No. 2	45
No. 3	50	No. 4	62

OOLONG.

No. 1	30	No. 4	50
No. 2	37	No. 5	65
No. 3	42½		

ENGLISH BREAKFAST OR SOUCHONG.

No. 1	35	No. 2	55

Wheeling Nails.

Best Wheeling, La. Belle or Belmont. ℔ keg....$3 35

Fruits—Foreign.

Currants, 1880	6¾@ 7¾	London layers	$ 3 35
Figs, boxes	—	Muscatels	3 20
Figs, pill boxes	55	Citron, Leghorn	21@22
Prunes, bulk	7¾@8¾	Dates, new black	6@8
Raisins, layers, ℔ box	3 00	Lemon peel	20
" " ½ box	1 65	Lemons ℔ box	8,00@8 50
" " ¼ box	90	Oranges ℔ box	8@8 50
Valencias	11		

Nuts.

Almonds, ℔ ℔	18½@22	Peanuts, raw, choice	
Brazil, ℔ ℔	6¾@9	white ℔ ℔	8
Filberts, Sicily	12@14	Peanuts, roasted, white	
Pecans, Texas ℔ bl	11½@13	℔ ℔	10
" Indefer. "	10 @12	Walnuts, Naples, ℔ ℔	18@19

Sugar—Refined.

BELCHER'S.

Cutloaf	11⅝	Standard A	10⅝
Crushed	11⅝	Missouri A	10⅝
Powdered	11⅝	Extra C	10⅜
Standard Granulated	10⅞	Standard C	10⅛
Fine Powdered	11⅜	Yellow C	10

Syrup and Mousses.

BELCHER'S.

	brls.	hf. brls.	kgs.	hf. kgs.
Golden syrup	46c	none to be had.		
Sugar-house syrup molas.	42c	45c	48c	53c.
N. O. Molasses			48@55	

OILS, LEADS, ETC.

Oils.

Linseed, raw	63	Coal oil, 110°	11¼
" boiled W. S	63	" 150°	12
Lard oil	95 @$1	" 175°	15¼
Castor oil	14 @15	Sperm	$1 50
Neat's foot	65 @75	Whale oil	55@75
Benzine	15 @20	Turpentine	60

Leads.

Strictly pure white, less than 500 lbs	7¾
Strictly pure white, over 500 lbs	7¾
Red lead and litharge, less than 500 lbs	7¼
Red lead and litharge, over 500 lbs	7¼

FOR RENT.

Dwellings.

FOR RENT—New cottage hotel and saloon at Creve Cœur Lake, opposite railroad depot. Apply to Chas. A. Loring, 418 Chestnut street. 28

Rooms.

823 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. room, single or en suite.

1525 OLIVE—Very desirable front and back rooms, large and single, with every modern convenience.

2132 WALNUT ST.—Large second-story front room, with board and home comforts.

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM with board for two gents, $25 each; 357 Olive. Add. A. 90, this office.

FOR RENT—To gentleman and wife, first floor of eight-room house, consisting of two parlors and kitchen; no children or boarders. Address Pomeroy, this office.

FOR RENT—1306 Sullivan avenue, three rooms on first floor, water in kitchen, for family of two or three persons.

FOR RENT—At 1115 Locust street, two rooms, en suite or single, one furnished.

FOR RENT—823 Washington avenue, nicely furnished rooms, single or en suite.

FOR RENT—406 N. Eleventh st.—nicely furnished room for a quiet lady.

FOR RENT—To suitable parties, a back parlor and a third-story front room, both well furnished, with or without breakfast and supper, in a private family, at No. 1122 Chouteau avenue.

HANDSOMELY furnished rooms for gentlemen, also transient accommodated, at 1008 Pine st. 24

NEATLY furnished front room, southern exposure, suitable for two gents; also back room, neatly furnished, at reasonable prices. 1407 Papin street.

BOOKS.

SCHOOL BOOKS—Bargains in new and second-hand school books at Archer's, 205 North Sixth street. Books exchanged.

STEAMBOATS.

"NOTICE TO SHIPPERS SOUTH."

No freight will be received on St. Louis and Vicksburg Anchor Line wharfboat after 5 o'clock p. m.

JNO. A. SCUDDER.

Lower Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND VICKSBURG ANCHOR LINE.
U. S. Mail Line.

For Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg, leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays
Str. BELLE OF MEMPHIS.....McKee, Master
Will leave on Tuesday, Oct. 25, 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman and Memphis, leave Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.
Str. COMMONWEALTH.....Crane, Master
Leaves Wenedsday, Oct. 26, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Ste Genevieve, St. Marys, Chester and Grand Tower.
Str. E. C. ELLIOTT.....Postal, Master
Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4 o'clock p. m.
JOHN BIRD, Agent.

ST. LOUIS & MISSISSIPPI VALLEY TRANSPORT'N CO.
Office on wharfboat, foot of Elm street.
H. C. HAARSTICK, Prest. H. LOUREY, Vice-Prest.
For New Orleans
Str. HENRY LOUREY and Barges.
Leaves Saturday, Oct. 22, at 5 p. m.
For freight rates to New Orleans and points in Texas, apply to
WM. F. HAINES, Ft. Agt.

FOR NEW ORLEANS AND WAY LANDINGS.
The Magnificent Steamer
Str. ANNIE P. SILVER.....Keith, Master
Will leave Wednesday, Oct. 26, at 5 p. m.
For freight or passage apply on board wharfboat foot of Market st.
JOHN W. CARROLL, Agent.

Upper Mississippi.

ST. LOUIS AND ST. PAUL PACKET LINE.
For St. Paul, and all way landings.
WAR EAGLE.....Wood, Master
Leaves Tuesday, Oct. 25, 4 p. m.
For passage, or freight rates, apply at general office on wharfboat foot of Olive street. JENKINS & SASS, Agts.
JOHN F. BAKER, Gen. Freight Agt.

DIAMOND JO LINE.
Fine and fast passenger packets
For Hannibal, Quincy, Keokuk, Burlington, Davenport, Dubuque, LaCrosse, and St. Paul.
Str. JOSIE.....Davis, Master
Leaves Wednesday, Oct. 26, 4 p. m.
From Diamond Jee wharfboat, foot of Washington av. Excursion tickets to all cool Northern resorts, with privilege of returning by river, lake or rail.
ISAAC P. LUSK, Acting Agent.

ST. LOUIS AND CLARKSVILLE PACKET.
For Point Hastings, Cap au Gris, Falmouth, Hamburg, Clarksville and all Way Landings.
Str. DORA.
Alex. Lamont.....Master.
Leaves Wednesdays, and Saturdays, 4 p. m., from foot of Cherry st.

Illinois River.

CHICAGO FAST FREIGHT LINE.
For Hardin, Bedford, Montezuma, Florence, Griggsville, Naples, Beardstown, Havana and Peoria.
Str. CALHOUN.....Gray, Master.
Leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays 4 p. m., from Company's wharfboat, foot of Market st. C. S. ROGERS, Prest.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

Missouri River.

KANSAS CITY PACKET COMPANY—STAR LINE.
Rocheport, Boonville, Saline City, Miami, Waverly McQueens, Berlin and way landings
Str. LADY LEE.....Abrams, Master.
Leaves Thursday, Oct. 27, at 5 p. m.
L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

For Washington, Hermann, Portland and all way landings.
Str. PHIL E. CHAPPELL,
A. S. Bryan, Master.....Loucks, Clerk
Leaves ——day, Oct. —, 4 p. m. foot Morgan st. JENKINS & SASS, Agents, No. 508 N. Commercial.

P. P. MANION,
BLACKSMITHING AND WRECKING COMPANY,
Corner of Levee and Morgan sts., St. Louis, Mo.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

A GOOD girl wanted at 1520 Papin. 24

A good dressmaker wanted at 2827 Easton avenue. 25

AT 1337 Garrison avenue, a nurse girl wanted 12 or 15 years old. 25

GIRL for general housework; good wages. Apply 1908 Wash st. 21

GIRL wanted for general housework; good wages. Apply at 1908 Wash st. 24

WANTED—Young lady wishing pleasant home in the country to assist in light housework in family of three. Address Box 75, East St. Louis, Ill. 21

WANTED—A nurse girl or woman not over 18 years old; good wages. Address Berry & Gunn, Winchester, Ill. 21

WANTED—A good cook at 1558 Gratiot street immediately. 22

WANTED—Plain cook at 908 Pine. 22

WANTED—One apprentice girl for dress-making. Call at 827 Morgan st. 22

WANTED—Two efficient outside ladies of good address to represent us six hours each day. 307 Pine street, room 13. 21

WANTED—Young girl for general housework. 5722 Cozzens street, between Spring and Prairie avenue. 21

WANTED—A German woman as nurse for child one year old. Apply, at No. 2200 Chestnut street, with reference. 21

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Seventh street, a pair of gold spectacles. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at 316 South Seventh street. 22

WANTED—ROOMS.

TREE or four rooms wanted for light housekeeping by a family of three adults; must be north of Howard and south of Davis street; rent not to exceed $10 or $2. Good chance for parties desiring quiet and prompt paying tenants; references exchanged. Address for six days L. P., Post-Dispatch. 21

WANTED—ROOMS—A party having three to five nice rooms can find a good tenant by addressing S. 87.

FINANCIAL.

MAVERICK NATIONAL BANK.

BOSTON.

CAPITAL - - $400,000

SURPLUS - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and Mercantile Firms solicited.
Dealers in United States Bonds.
Foreign Exchange and Cable Transfers.
New England Collections made.
Drafts received for acceptance, and satisfactory names discounted at current rates.
Correspondence Invited.

ASA P. POTTER, President.
J. J. EDDY, Cashier.
J. W. WORK, Ass't Cashier.

AMERICAN LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY,

55 Congress street, Boston.

INCORPORATED 1881.

Capital, $1,000,000

DIRECTORS:

Isaac T. Burr,	Fred. L. Ames,	Thos. Nickerson,
Alex. H. Rice,	Chas. J. Morrill,	Geo. C. Lord,
Elisha Atkins,	H. D. Hyde.	Thomas Dana,
Oliver Ames,	Asa P. Potter,	Ezra H. Baker,
Jonas H. French	Levi C. Wade,	D. P. Kimball,
Wm. B. Bacon,	A. L. Coolidge,	B. P. Cheney,
H. M. Whitney.	W. D. Forbes,	F. Gordon Dexter

This Company is a LEGAL DEPOSITORY for Administrators, Executors, Assignees, Charitable Associations, and all Courts of Law.

IT WILL ACT AS TRUSTEE, or as fiscal or transfer agent for corporations, municipalities, etc., and REGISTER and COUNTERSIGN certificates of stocks, bonds, &c.

IT IS AUTHORIZED TO NEGOTIATE LOANS and to RECEIVE MONEY ON DEPOSIT.

We invite business and correspondence, and will make prices for prime securities by mail or telegraph.

ASA P. POTTER, President.
N. W. JORDAN, Actuary.
B. L. ARSECAM, Treasurer.

PIANOS

Of all grades for rent or for sale on $10 monthly payments. Old pianos taken in exchange at
H. KOERBER, No 310 N. 11th St. Bet. Olive & Locust.

PERSONAL.

A LOT of unredeemed overcoats for sale, low. Golden Eagle loan office, 12 S. Fourth street.

ALL Cast-off Clothing bought. Call or address N. Jacobs, 308 Locust street.

ALL CAST-OFF clothing bought by calling or addressing M. B. Barnett, 302 Locust street.

A LOT of unredeemed watches and jewelry for sale low. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth street.

CALF SHOES $3 50, to measure, at John Lotrup's, 614 North Fourth street.

GENTLEMEN, go to 1428 Franklin avenue to have your clothes dyed, cleaned and renovated.

HERE it comes! Garfield's Life by J. M. Bundy. 100,000 sold; 15,000 copies coming daily from the factory, and yet cannot supply the fearful demand. Agents wanted, good, faithful men and women, to canvass this city, and others to canvass the country places around St. Louis. This book sells on sight. What! For $1? Yes, for the small sum of $1. Nearly 300 pages. A true history, so accepted by Washington authorities. Call for three days at corner of Eighth and Market streets, Caleton House. From 3 to $5 per day can be made.

PAWN your watches, jewelry, clothing, musical instruments, guns, pistols, trunks, valises, etc., etc., at the Golden Eagle Loan Office, No. 12 South Fourth street.

PERSONAL—Slender Females may benefit in figure and appearance. Information on receipt of letter stamp by W. R. Bell, box 27 Allegheny, Pa.

SEWING MACHINES.

General city agent for White, Household, No. 4 Victor, and Dalton Singer.
See our new $20 (Singer) Machine.

ED. WRIGHT,
314 Vine st. and 802 Olive st.

FOR SALE.

ALL kinds of desks for sale; store desks, railing and office fixtures made to order. F. Bollhagen, 713 Pine.

FOR SALE.

Lots and farm lands. Inquire of
PAGE & BUCKLAND,
East St. Louis, Ill.

FOR SALE—A No. 1 route on the Post-Dispatch in good location. Apply at 2008 N. Tenth st., up stairs. 112

FOR SALE—A valuable patent right. Will sell States, counties or cities. This is worth investigating, as the most advantageous terms will be given. Address D. 59, this office.

FOR SALE—Saltpeter, Glauber salt and all other kinds of salt at the salt depot, 1003 Carr street.

FOR SALE—One pair dark bay ponies 11½ hands, good drivers, price reasonable. Address Lock Box 8, Kirksville, Adair County, Mo.

FOR SALE—The patent of the Excelsior Reinholder in its entirety. Patented May 31, 1881. Sold only for want of means to carry it on. Call or address H., 511 Walnut street.

FOR SALE—A patent burglar alarm, a most useful and ingenious invention. Will sell State, county or city rights. Owner of patent has not the time to devote to it and would make a liberal arrangement with a responsible party for sale of territory. Address H. 50, this office.

FOR SALE—The finest assortment of wall paper, window shades, picture frames and albums, at lowest prices, at 1114 Franklin avenue.

FOR SALE—One Smith & Beggs engine with governor and necessary attachments. Also a Wangler & Co. four-flued boiler with pump, heater etc. All in first-class condition and for sale cheap if applied for immediately at the office of POST-DISPATCH.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Money to Loan.

$30,000, $5,000, $2,000, $1,000, at 6 per cent on real estate.
JOHN LADY & CO.,
305 Olive street, up stairs.

MONEY loaned on household goods; no removal; lowest rate. D. H. Evans & Co., 207 N. Seventh street. 23

MONEY TO LOAN on all personal property. Golden Eagle Loan Office, 12 South Fourth street.

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Brolaski & Vocchis, 514 Pine.

MONEY to loan on household furniture without removal; lowest rate; business confidential. C. F. Reitz, Notary Public, 208 North Eighth street.

EDUCATIONAL.

ART SCHOOL, southeast cor. Fifth and Olive. Academical instruction, lessons on silk, in oil, and water color. L. Coldewe.

BELLE FOSTER, thorough teacher of the piano; class, or private lessons at her music rooms, Foster's School, Sixteenth and Pine.

JOHNSON'S Commercial College, 210-212 N. Third st.; open day and night all the year. Write for circulars.

TELEGRAPH SCHOOL.—Western Union Telegraph, corner Third and Olive sts. Day school, 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.; evening, 7 to 9. Ladies and gentlemen qualified to take positions as operators.

AGENTS WANTED.

AGENTS WANTED—Good solicitors wanted on salary or commission. Centennial Mutual Life Association, Rooms 420 and 421, Granite Building, corner Fourth and Market streets.

WANTED—Ladies or gentlemen agents on salary or commission or $1 per day to good workers. Apply to F. Herman, No. 621 North Fifth street.

WANTED—DWELLINGS.

WANTED—Six or seven-room house, convenient to cars, by November. Address A. L., this office. 22

WANTED—By three adults, five or six room house near street cars. Address C. D. Moseley, this office.

MEDICAL.

DR. ROBB, Electro-Therapeutist, southeast corner of Fourteenth and Pine streets, by his mode of electric treatment, cures Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Paralysis, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Debility and all nervous diseases. Best references.

ALL SORTS.

$5,000 Children's school shoes at 50 cents on the dollar. 1023 Broadway and 1131 N. Fifth street.

1,000 Of the celebrated portraits of Gen. Garfield sold in one day in Cleveland. Copies by mail for $1. E. H. Ross, 311 North Fourth street, St. Louis.

A GOOD CHANCE—Pictures, frames, mirrors and furniture sold on time at H. McNichols, 1024 Market.

DYSPEPSIA,

Habitual Constipation, chronic liver and digestive troubles, and many weaknesses and complicated complaints can only be cured by using California Root Bitters, the only true digestive and natural acting liver, kidney and stomach medicine ever discovered. See that signature of C. R. Burrage is on each label and also over the cork. St. Louis Special Agency, Popular Drug Store, 305 South Fourth st. Price $1. Sent by express, 6 bottles for $5.

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES, STOVES, CARPETS and other household goods sold on monthly payments at S. MYERS', 619 and 621 Market street.

PEOPLE in need of boots and shoes should call and see our prices, as we will endeavor to sell cheaper than the cheapest. Remember Haas Bros., 616 N. Fifth street, near Washington avenue.

PERSONAL—Dr. Smith treats females only. Boarding during confinement. If in trouble call or write. 1510 Morgan street. Established 1869.

The St. Louis Mutual House Building Co., 513 Walnut st.

Loans large and small amounts. Builds houses on city real estate. Payments monthly. Terms greatly reduced.

ST. LOUIS Eye and Ear Institute, 723 Chestnut street. Dr. A. D. Williams, surgeon in charge. 6

Main and Spruce St.

Manufacturer of Carriages, Buggies, Spring Wagons, City Trucks. Painting and Repairing.
A. SANCHEREL.

WANTED—You to try a good dinner from 2 to 4 o'clock for 10 to 15 cents at What Cheer Restaurant, 615 Morgan st.

FREE OF CHARGE.

Situations wanted, male and female; help wanted, male and female, not exceeding three lines, will be inserted free of charge. All other advertisements for this column will be charged for at the very low rate of TEN CENTS for three lines, each insertion.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

A SITUATION wanted as first-class baker or pastry cook. Address Baker, 2447 Wash street. 22

A YOUTH of 19, a German and speaks English, wishes a situation in a restaurant or bakery to learn the trade. Ad., with terms, C., Box 110, Winchester, Ill. 22

A YOUNG man wishes a situation in grocery or saloon. Address F. S., this office. 24

A NO. 1 cigar-packer wants a position to pack cigars. H. 69.

A YOUNG man of 18, possessing a good hand and accurate in figures, desires a good position in some office; willing to work at anything. Address Y. 47. 24

A SINGLE young man, two years principal of public school, desires a situation in Texas. He has canvassed for books and advertising, and taught book keeping. Regular employment at present, but must change climate. Salary moderate; best of testimonials and references. Address S. 85, this office.

BOY of 15 wants a position as newsboy on a train. Address C. 11, this office. 22

BOY of 15 wishes to learn wholesale or retail business. Good reference. Address A. A., this office. 22

CANADIAN youth of 19 wants a situation in an office; has had ample experience and can give best of references and security. Y. 32. 22

COMPETENT bookkeeper wishes a situation; good city references given. Ad. Y. 16, this office. 22

SITUATION wanted by a young man acquainted with the retail grocery trade. Address M. 4, this office. 21

SITUATION wanted as shipping, billing, entering or any any other office or store work; references furnished as to character, ability, etc. H. 76, this office. 21

SITUATION WANTED—By a young man of 19, willing to do almost anything. Address F. P., this office. 21

SOBER, industrious old man wants work at anything to make a living. Good reference. J. D., this office. 21

SITUATION wanted by a young man in grocery or saloon business. Address T. J., this office. 22

SITUATION wanted by young man of nineteen, in some wholesale house, at anything that he can earn $6 per week. Ad. L. S., this office. 25

SITUATION wanted as coachman, tend furnace and make myself generally useful in private family; with best of references. Address J. O., 1013 North Tenth. 25

SITUATION WANTED—Young man wants a situation as carriage driver in some private family. Understands the care of horses and cows. Add. M. L., this office. 25

SITUATION wanted by a drug clerk of three years' experience; wishes to get a situation with privilege of attending lectures at college. Ad. A. E. MacMinn, P. O., St. Louis. 25

SITUATION wanted as night-watchman or porter in some wholesale establishment; has first-class references as to honesty and sobriety. Ad. Cas., this office. 25

SITUATION wanted by a man of long practical experience in book keeping and all other office work; well posted in several branches of trade. Ad. S. 89, this office. 25

SITUATION wanted by a young man thoroughly posted in hotel and restaurant business, as steward. Address N. 12, this office. 22

SITUATION wanted as traveling salesman of groceries; thirteen years' experience on the road; good references. Address N. 11, this office. 22

WANTED—Man of 36 wants work from 7 to 12 a. m., or at night; is a good penman; can use a saw, hatchet, plane or paint brush, and is not afraid of work. Ad. N. D. Y., this office. 22

WANTED—A situation by a young man well acquainted with city, as coachman or as fireman for engineer. Address J. G. R., this office.

WANTED—By a young man, situation in wholesale or commission house; good penman and quick at figures; best of reference. S. 88. 24

WANTED—Situation by a Southern man as traveling salesman or shipping clerk; best of references given

St. Louis Post-Dispatch

BY JOSEPH PULITZER.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

IT is expected that the Senate will finish up its work and adjourn to-morrow.

A MINSTREL band whose mission seems to be to revive an interest in an old-style plug-hat paraded the streets this morning.

THE city is filled with medical men from three States to-day. If the gentlemen have time we would like to have them examine and report on our municipal sanitary condition.

AT last our merchants are aroused to the necessity of putting a stop to the Illinois freight blockade. The meeting at the Lindell Hotel this evening means that things are going to be loosened.

WE are authorized to say that the story telegraphed from Washington to the effect that Gen. JNO. B. CLARKE, Jr., proposes to resign his seat in Congress is utterly without foundation. Gen. CLARKE has been a faithful representative and is stronger with his constituents to-day than ever.

OUR esteemed contemporary, the *Globe-Democrat*, is a little rash in declaring that the appointment of MORGAN "is acceptable to all classes of people." He is a third-termer, a Wall street speculator and a man of distinguished mediocrity. On a popular vote we doubt whether he could be elected.

OUR School Board has the handling of about $1,000,000 of public funds every year. A few of the men who are to be entrusted with this delicate work are being chosen to-day. When we see the returns to-morrow morning we can decide whether the people of St. Louis are qualified for self-government.

A DETERMINED effort is to be made by the distillers of the country next winter to have the tax on whisky reduced from ninety cents to fifty cents per gallon. Unless the liquor dealers will agree to make a reduction to the small consumers after they carry their point, we shall be in favor of keeping the tax right where it is.

A PRESS dispatch from Washington says that GRANT has informed all his old friends recently that he never intends to be a candidate for President again. We feel authorized to say, however, that if the American people should unanimously insist the obliging General would take the matter under advisement.

AFTER all it isn't surprising that men can be found in this country willing to invest money in Confederate bonds. We understand that there are communities even in this enlightened State in which lottery tickets are regularly purchased. Now a man who will buy a lottery ticket would be apt to put his money in Nicaraguan bonds, flying-machines, rainbow gold pots or Continental warrants if properly approached.

FELLOW-CITIZEN—If there is a School Board vacancy in your ward and you have not voted when this copy of the POST-DISPATCH reaches you, don't fail to go to the polls at once. And when you get there be careful to vote for the most capable and trustworthy man, without regard to politics, religion, age or previous condition of servitude. Be careful, also, to see that the man you vote for has a visible means of existence and is beyond the reach of jobbers and bribe-givers.

IT appears that Col. FLAD is a marvelously proper person to send abroad in search of information. The stories that he tells about his Eastern trip are almost as exciting as those that ESQUIMAU JOE carried back to his people after his visit to this country with Capt. HALL in 1870. The Colonel has secured specimens of the various styles of street paving material used in other cities. He should send a section of one of our streets to New York to be placed in some museum.

THE River Convention, which assembles in this city to-morrow, bids fair to be the largest and most influential body that has ever met in the interest of the great National waterway. Representative men will be here from every section drained by the Mississippi. The Convention will have but one plain duty to perform—that of urging Congress to treat our river with the consideration due it. In other words, Congress is to be petitioned to do that which it has already pledged itself to do in the matter of improving the navigation of the Mississippi.

ONE day last June, during the progress of a fire in rear of PLANT'S mills, an idiotic hose-reel driver forced a pair of horses into an eight-foot alley, where a salamander would scarce have ventured, and they were roasted to death. No investigation was ever had. The matter seemed to be regarded as a common circumstance. Last Sunday morning, when the Fire Department was recklessly dashing about the streets, a couple of hose-carts collided, and a municipal horse was killed. A little further up the street another hose-reel ran into and upset a fuel wagon and came near knocking the driver across the river. All of this was the result of negligence on the part of the drivers. There is a rule requiring them to always keep on the right hand side of the street when going to fires. The worthy Chief may not have all the men and machinery that he craves, but there is nothing in the world to prevent him from enforcing discipline in his Department. Public safety demands this.

MR. EDWIN COWLES, of the Cleveland *Leader*, having been grossly libeled by a disreputable sheet owned by the SCRIPPS family, brought suit for damages. The case was tried last week before a jury, and, to the surprise of everybody, the defendants were acquitted. The Judge who tried the case was so shocked by the verdict of the packed jury that he has since written a letter to Mr. COWLES saying that the verdict was altogether unwarranted by the testimony and the facts. The managers of the "circuit" of cheap papers fancy that they have been vindicated, but public opinion holds a court whose verdicts are seldom overruled.

AFTER all that has been said about the elevation of dramatic taste in our midst we doubt whether it can be truthfully urged that we are any further along than we were last year. The reconstruction of some of our theaters and the erection of a new one seems to have given an impetus to our amusement business, and the purveyors of the legitimate have no reason to complain, as a rule, but right here, in the finest revival of the season, we find the manager of a distinguished theater on Morgan street boldly announcing on his programmes "No More Dramas." This particular *entrepreneur* has struggled quite manfully for several dreary months to popularize the classic melodrama, in which the trusty dog destroys the villain and helps the Virtuous at the nick of time; in which the long-haired scout shoots to death a score of truculent Indians and whole hecatombs of designing white men amid lurid flames and wild shrieks; in which the betrayed chambermaid is avenged and the poor sewing-girl is kept afloat by the heroic butcher-boy or the returned sailor at the moment when she is about to sink beneath the verge in order to protect the immediate jewel of her soul, but all to no purpose. His patrons have wearied of gore and turgid declamation. They want the good, old-fashioned variety show—the sweaty Ethiopian with his mediæval witticisms; the "serious chronic" balladist, *decolletee* as to her dress and her topics; the jaded *danseuse*, the "sneak-off" jig dancer and the German dialectician in short-waisted, long-tailed coat and wooden shoes, who welts the floor and indulges in badinage with the bald-headed, under-paid, red-nosed piano-player who supplies the orchestration. No manager can hold out against the fixed wishes of his patrons. The decrees of the box-office are superior to all moral and æsthetic desires, and so the manager of the Globe succumbs. The drama is folded up and laid away in the dusty property-room. Enter thou merry-andrew with the cracked banjo, and thou nimble seraph in chocolate tights! Variety is the spice of life, which gives it all its flavor. Perhaps it is sad, but we can't help it.

A TERRIBLE engine of war has just been turned out at the Reading (Pa.) Ironworks. It is a multi-charge cannon, warranted to toss a ball weighing 150 pounds a distance of twelve miles and pass it through two feet of solid wrought iron. The gun has a series of pockets along the bore which are loaded with powder and discharged one after the other as the ball passes along, thus accelerating the projectile's motion very materially. If the implement proves a success the bloody British will be compelled to reorganize their navy. We thought that the honor of inventing the most utterly utter destructible weapon on earth would rest with our townsman Dr. MCLEAN, a public benefactor who, after discovering medicines capable of prolonging human life to an indefinite degree, felt it his duty to invent some instruments of destruction by which the average could be kept down. We are very much mistaken if the observant Doctor does not catch an idea from this multi-charge cannon. As long distance firing is a great desideratum in modern warfare we do not see why he may not be able to invent an apparatus by which a projectile from this model gun, after being fired a distance of twelve miles, can be grabbed up and assisted on its flight by another discharge or two of coarse powder. It would be carrying out the principles of acceleration. In the transmission of telegraphic messages on long lines of wires relay instruments are used, which strengthen the electric current and save the trouble and expense of repeating at half-way stations. This idea, applied to the wafting of projectiles, would enable Dr. MCLEAN to throw a shot a distance of twenty-four miles. In coast defense this would be invaluable. A multi-charge cannon could be planted on shore and the relay apparatus could float twelve miles out at sea. On the appearance of a hostile fleet the gun on shore could send a 150-pound shot to the "stimulator," where it could receive *en passant* a lift from a barrel of dynamite, which would send it twelve miles further into the midst of the enemy. By this arrangement no fleet could approach nearer to our shores than twenty-four miles. Is will be seen, we think, that this would be sufficient to protect our fishing interests.

PERSONAL.

—Dr. Bliss thinks that $25,000 will impart a laudable character to his purse cavity.

—Frederick Douglass is writing the reminiscences of his life since he became a free man.

—An intimate friend of Roscoe Conkling says the ex-Senator is so ill as to give alarm to his friends.

—Senator David Davis has but one child, a daughter, who, five years ago, married a son of Justice Swayne.

—Walt. Whitman has been invited to pay a visit to Mr. Swinburne, the poet, and will leave for Europe in a few months.

—The London Daily News says it has been decided, if Mr. Gladstone's condition does not improve, to summon a medical adviser. Thanks; the obituary will be put in type at once.

—The man who has been speculating in Confederate bonds explains that he did so because he wanted to tackle something that was a little safer than the average mining stock.—[Boston Post.

—Washington's body servants kept away from Yorktown. They knew it as a forlorn spot when they were present at the surrender and saw Washington accept the sword of Cornwallis to whack his head off.

—Franz Hilmer, the composer of the first Czech polka, the Esmeralda polka, died at Prague on the 1st instant, at the age of 79. The polka existed long before his time among the peasants of Bohemia, but he first reduced it to a written musical form.

The New Chancellor.

ST. LOUIS, October 24, 1881.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I read with approval your article in this evening's P.-D. upon the appointment of E. D. Morgan, of New York, as Secretary of the Treasury. If Mr. Morgan is a banker, a stock operator and interested in sugar refineries, etc., etc., as you state, do not these facts legally disbar him from discharging the duties of the office? Is not his case similar to that of A. T. Stewart when appointed to the same position by President Grant?

Respectfully,
HENRY F. HARRINGTON.

[Our understanding is that under a strict construction of the law Mr. Morgan is disqualified.—ED. P.-D.]

Answers to Correspondents.

B. B.—As the Browns did not play as a genuine club last Sunday our decision is that they were not beaten by the Eclipse Club. All bets should be declared off.

G. H. S.—John McCullough, the tragedian, stands 5 feet 9¼ inches in his royal socks.

Suspicions of Statesmanship.

From the Cincinnati Commercial.

It is thought that if a post-mortem examination of John C. New could be made his brains would weigh seven or eight ounces troy weight. Such a mass of gray matter in one man's skull means aptitude for statesmanship.

Don't Insist, John.

From the Chicago Times.

If the President should take a hand in helping Sherman to a full presentation of the Treasury facts, he may have a flood of information that will quite overwhelm him.

Grace, Scapegrace and Disgrace.

From the Courier-Journal.

Grant, Logan and Cameron are the three graces who encircle President Arthur just now. The Half-breeds do not seem to have much to say about that slate.

Senator Hoar on Deck.

From the Washington Critic.

Gen. Lucy Stone will draw her forces up in line in Louisville this week. Sister Georgianna Fisbie Hoar is expected to review the troops.

CITY HALL ITEMS.

The Charity Fund—More Macadam for the Streets—Notes.

Mayor Ewing says the number of poor people flocking into his office daily is enormous, and there is a steady increase in the numbers since the police poor fund has been done away with. The Mayor is in favor of having a charity fund obtained by giving a grand ball after the manner of the New York charity ball, where only respectable people are permitted to attend, and where the event is patronized by the highest society and has the sanction and encouragement of all good citizens. The police fund has amounted to over $12,000 annually and has given relief to thousands of persons. Mayor Ewing believes it possible to raise this amount and more by a grand ball, when the funds can be turned over to the St. Vincent de Paul and Provident Societies to enlarge their fields of usefulness.

It is said the Rosicrucians, a new secret organization like the Veiled Prophets, are making preparations to give a charity ball at the Merchants' Exchange some time around Christmas, and that the affair will be conducted on the plan and in the manner suggested above by the Mayor.

PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.

The Board of Public Improvements met at 11 o'clock to-day, Col. Flad in the chair, Water Commissioner Whitman absent and Park Commissioner Weigel at the secretary's desk.

The only business of any importance outside of the routine was the reference to the Street Committee of an appliance submitted by Architect F. D. Lee for a wooden bridge connecting St. John's Hospital and the Missouri Medical College.

The Board set 12 m., November 15, for the opening of bids for furnishing macadamin the districts for which the bids were rejected by the Council just previous to adjournment for the summer months. The districts embrace the southern portion of the city up to Market street, two districts in the north and a large portion of the central part of the city. The last bids were rejected by the Council at the suggestion of Mr. Rowse, Chairman of the Committee on Public Improvements, who said that the price asked was fifty per cent in excess of former contract figures. The fact of the matter was that in some of the districts the bids were but slightly in excess of the former price, while in others the excess ran as high as seventy per cent. The districts embraced at the figures then asked would involve an outlay of about $100,000. Mr. Turner, the Street Commissioner, says this is the only chance there is for street reconstruction, and he is determined to try the macadam bids again under the new appropriation bill

NOTES.

Fifteen burial permits were issued to-day.

The Health Commissioner and members of the Board of Health will go down to the Catalan street dump to-day to inspect this much-discussed institution.

A meeting will be held in the Mayor's office at 4 p. m. to-day to make arrangements for the reception of the descendants of Baron Von Steuben, who are expected Friday.

Committees of the House of Delegates on Public Improvements, Ways and Means and Markets meet at 4 p. m. to-day. The Committee on Police and Work-house meets at 5 p. m.

An Open Letter to Judge Adams.

ST. LOUIS, October 24, 1881.

DEAR SIR: Though exempt from jury duty by virtue of a certificate of exemption issued to me by the St. Louis Fire Warden Association, because of services rendered as a fire warden for the prescribed term of service, on receiving a subpœna from your honorable court to report for service as a juror, though greatly inconvenienced by so doing, yet believing it to be my duty as a citizen to thus serve the public interest, and as a personal compliment to you, I waived my prerogative and promptly reported for service. While in your court room to-day it became necessary for me to consult your "trial docket" touching a case in which I am docketed as defendant. On reaching the entry in question I found that your records had been prostituted to the base purpose of a cowardly scoundrel, who, to gratify a personal pique that he had not the manliness to redress in a manly way, had inscribed on said records after my name an opprobious name. As a citizen and no mean tax-payer, and as a personal friend, I beg to advert your attention to this piece of base scoundrelism, and to ask that in future private citizens be not subjected to such covert and cowardly attacks on the public records of your court.

In the whole city of St. Louis I know of but one fellow low-down and scoundrelly enough to perpetrate such an infamy. Unfortunately I have not the evidence on which to base either the charge or to entitle me to his ears on sight, so I shall have to hope and pray that his identity may yet be established. But this I desire to say in conclusion, that the dog that so mutilated the public records of your honorable court is a liar, blackguard, coward and scoundrel.

Very truly yours,
S. A. COALE, JR.

Ellis Should Swing.

The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the judgment in the criminal case of Chas. Ellis, who was convicted of murder in the first degree. Ellis was employed at the Red House gambling resort of negro roustabouts on the levee, and Mack Sanders, the victim, was shot and killed by him under the following circumstances: Sanders and Tom Kelly, roustabouts, were quarreling about a throw of dice. Ellis was in charge of the place and when Sanders threatened to use a knife on everybody interfering with him, Ellis commanded him to put up his knife and get out. Sanders refused, whereupon Ellis took a pistol out of a box and deliberately shot him. The Court of Appeals sees nothing of self-defense in this act and considers it as clear a case of murder in the first degree as that of Wieners, who killed the barkeeper at the old Theatre Comique. There is no element of justifiable homicide in the case. An appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court.

Affirmed.

The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the judgment of the Court of Criminal Correction in the case of Attorney Chas L. Hamm, who was fined $25 for assaulting Judge Laughlin.

THE FATHER OF WATERS.

Preparation for the River Convention Which Meets To-Morrow.

Object and Scope of the Great Representative Gathering.

The Programme Planned for the Three Days' Sessions.

Arrival of Delegates—Latest Arrangements—Success of the Convention Assured.

The arrangements for the River Convention are all complete. The citizens of St. Louis have prepared to welcome the delegates in a way that will leave the best impression of the city's hospitality.

Although the convention does not assemble until 11 o'clock to-morrow, yet the representatives began to pour in to-day, and it is probable that by to-morrow morning the city will be full of the people of the great valley, who will meet in one of the greatest conventions ever held in the West.

The convention is, however, not near as great as the object. The great highway which nature has furnished from St. Paul to the Gulf has always been looked upon as the principal agent of the progress of the Mississippi Valley. In this connection it should be stated that the object for which this Mississippi River Improvement Convention has been called is generally misunderstood. The delegates do not meet to discuss any plan or propose any schemes for the improvement of the river. This part of the work has already been done.

The deepening of the channel from St. Paul to New Orleans, principally by means of the jetty or dyke plan, has been recommended to the War Department and adopted. It has been demonstrated by careful estimates that this work will, all told, cost not less than $25,000,000.

The Mississippi River Commission, under the presidency of Gen. Gilmore, after careful surveys made last year, recommended that an appropriation of $5,000,000 be allowed as a first installment for beginning this work. The recommendation was not followed, but $1,000,000 was set apart. This sum was but a trifle for the work to be done. There was little indication that the additional sums granted by Congress would be much larger. Seeing this, a number of the leading merchants of the city determined upon the plan which will have its fruition when the convention opens to-morrow. The object of the meeting is to gather in this city the accredited representatives of all the States, towns, cities, etc., which will be benefited by the improvement of the Mississippi. These gentlemen meet in convention, the principal business being to show Congress by their presence that the interest in this movement is almost national. Senators, Representatives, Governors of States, all the leading business men of the valley are expected to be in attendance. The only desire of the gentlemen who have brought about this great gathering is to show, first, the great necessity of the improvement of the river, and second, that the public feeling on the subject is almost universal.

It would be a mistake then to look upon the convention as a gathering of men who meet to discuss crude plans and to look into untried and unheard-of schemes. The meeting is the outcome of a universal feeling that the Mississippi Valley has been neglected, and it is a determined movement all along the line to force upon the attention of Congress the rightful demands of a very large section of the country.

It is difficult to say who is entitled to more credit for the success of the convention plan so far, the people of St. Louis, who first conceived the idea, or the people of the Valley, who responded so readily and in such numbers. The delegations that have already arrived and that are expected to-day assure the attendance of nearly 1,000 visitors, representing nearly every industry that can be imagined. The committee in charge has prepared for them the kindest receptions. The headquarters have been established at the office of the Executive Committee, in the Southern Hotel, on the Fourth street side, just south of Walnut. Messrs. Geo. S. Wright and Frank Gaiennie, the secretaries, were in attendance all day, assisted by four assistants. Here a roster is kept, where the delegates are expected to register and are provided with badges. The latter are tasteful, simple and appropriate. They consist of a blue silk ribbon with silver tassel, to which is affixed a nickel bar, on which are inscribed the raised letters M. R. I. C. Pendent from this bar is a medal an inch in diameter, with a design of a miniature steamboat, and the words St. Louis, October 26, 1881.

The ribbons for the various committees bear appropriate inscriptions. When the delegates had registered this morning, many remained about the office, and several informal meetings were held. The office was crowded all day, and the secretaries and their assistants were rushed to the full extent. Members of the Press Committee were on hand. The press headquarters will be at parlor D, Laclede Hotel. Visiting reporters are requested to call there on their arrival in town, when they will be provided with badges and assigned to quarters. The parlor will be opened for the occupation of visitors to-night. During the sitting of the convention the Press Committee on Reception will be in session in a room assigned to it at the Opera-house.

THE PROGRAMME.

The convention will be called to order at 11 a. m. to-morrow at the Grand Opera-house by Mr. Michael McEnnis, president of the Executive Committee. The delegates having appropriate badges will be seated according to their credentials. Banners bearing the names of the States, cities and towns will mark off the various representatives. Special places will be provided for invited guests, who will be separated from the delegates. On the stage will be seated 100 invited guests, including Senators, Members of Congress, Governors of States, and the members of the Executive Committee. After the committee has been called to order Mr. Henry Hitchcock, the speaker selected for that duty, will deliver the address of welcome. Then Gov. Crittenden will probably be made temporary chairman. The Governor telegraphed Secretary Wright this morning that he would arrive in the city to-night and would attend the sessions of the conventions. After this will follow the appointments of the usual committees on credentials, order of business, and permanent organization, which will probably conclude the business of the day.

To-morrow evening, at 8 o'clock, a promenade concert will be given at the Merchants' Exchange Hall, in honor of the delegates and invited guests of the convention. Badges of the delegates and invited guests will entitle them to admission with their ladies. The programme prepared consists of the best selections rendered by the leading singers of the city and is sure to form an artistic and enjoyable feature of the reception. The St. Louis Grand Orchestra will also be in attendance. On Thursday the actual work of the convention will be mostly done. The sessions will last all day, the memorial to Congress will be prepared and addresses will be made by prominent delegates.

On Thursday evening at 8 o'clock a dramatic entertainment will be given at the Grand Opera-house, in which the tragedian John McCullough and company will appear in Sheridan Knowles' great play of "Virginius." Tickets will be furnished only to delegates and invited guests, at the office of the Executive Committee, at the Southern Hotel.

On Friday a short session will be held in the morning. The closing up of the business will be attended to and an early adjournment will be taken.

At 12 m. a grand excursion on the river will take place. Two boats and several barges will be employed. A run will be made down to Jefferson Barracks and the whole river front will be inspected. Delegates and invited guests will assemble at the Opera-house at noon and march to the boat. The excursion will last during the afternoon and evening.

Cape Girardeau Delegates.

CAPE GIRARDEAU, October 25.—The following are appointed as delegates from this city to the Mississippi River Improvement Convention: G. C. Thilenius, Geo. B. Clark, A. B. Carroll, W. V. Leech, S. S. Harris, M. A. Bierwirth and William Warner.

DOCTORS' DELIBERATIONS.

Seventh Annual Meeting of the Tri-State Medical Society.

The seventh annual meeting of the Tri-State Medical Society of Kentucky, Indiana, Illinois and St. Louis assembled at the Lindell Hotel this morning. The tardy arrival of trains delayed the delegates and but few had arrived at the hour for calling the society to order. Those present were: William A. Boyd, Quincy; H. C. Fairbrother, East St. Louis; W. A. Chennaworth, Decatur; D. S. Booth, Sparta; Charles T. Reber, Shelbyville; H. B. Buck, Springfield; I. H. Ruth, Chicago, all of Illinois. From Kentucky: I. G. Carpenter, Crab Orchard; Prof. A. A. Ireland, Louisville; Arch. Dixon, Henderson. From Indiana: A. M. Owens, Evansville; George F. Centar, Evansville; I. C. Beans, Vincennes; S. H. Pearse, Mt. Vernon, and Phil Harris, Vincennes. From St. Louis: Edward Borck, W. Dickinson, A. I. Steele, Wm. H. Ford and E. M. Nelson. A large amount of work has been mapped out and there have been no provisions made for sight-seeing or banqueting. Sessions will be held morning, afternoon and evening during the three days that they remain in the city. The officers of the organization are: President, A. M. Owen, Evansville, Ind.; Vice-Presidents, J. N. McCormick, Kentucky, S. H. Chariton, Indiana, and David Prince, Illinois; Secretary, G. W. Burton, Indiana; Treasurer, F. W. Beard, Indiana. Although the time for meeting was set at 9 o'clock sharp it was a few moments after 10 when the society assembled in the large hall on the first floor in the rear of the lobby of the Lindell Hotel, and President Owen called the meeting to order.

H. C. Fairbrother, of East St. Louis, reported on behalf of the Committee on Arrangements. He said that the committee had deviated from the usual course in similar cases. The usual welcome address by the Mayor of the city was omitted. This was done for want of time. The delegates are here for a special purpose, and that is not to hear or make complimentary speeches. We come, asking and receiving no favors. We are welcome to that for which we pay, and no more. Your committee had secured the beautiful room above, known as the ladies' ordinary, but the sudden influx of visitors to the city has rendered it necessary for the proprietors of the hotel to make the exchange for the room we now occupy.

Dr. Wm. Porter of St. Louis, on behalf of the Committee on Programme, said that several innovations would be noted in the order of exercises arranged. The usual banquet had been left out, for it was not the purpose of the gentlemen assembled to spend their time in eating and drinking, but they were in St. Louis for the purpose of elevating and extending knowledge in the profession which they had chosen. The subjects announced were arranged in such a manner as to aid in classifying and retaining the facts set forth in the papers to be read before the society.

At this time Mr J. A. Ireland took the chair, and the president then delivered his annual address. He said: The promotion of human happiness, immediate and remote, is the aim of all the professions, and, indeed, directly or indirectly, of all occupations; but it is hardly claiming too much for our own profession to say that, in addition to its common duties to humanity, it is its special province to prevent disease, to prolong life and to mitigate human suffering. Whilst it is measurably relieved from the religious and legal aspect of benevolence, even these must, to a certain extent, be brought under supervision by the enlightened and honorable physician. He spoke of the advantages arising from societies or combinations of men uniting and multiplying the strength of individual effort. It was this consideration that led to the organization of this society seven years ago. The good resulting from its annual meetings he thought might be seen in the results of the efforts of its members in thir practice. After briefly tracing the history of the society he devoted some time to a discussion of the terrible scourge which venereal diseases are visiting upon the people of all lands to-day. And it is doubly horrifying when it is known that not only those who are guilty must suffer, but that even the innocent cannot escape. Even the picture-painting language of a Bulwer Lytton or a Dickens would fall short of an adequate representation for the reason that language itself is inadequate.

At the conclusion of the address, the President asked that the delegates offer suggestions and more extended discussion of the hints thrown out be indulged in. A few remarks were made, and the discussion defered until the conclusion of the regular programme this evening. A paper on "Medical Orthodoxy" was then read before the society by F. D. Washburne, of Hillsboro, Ills. He said that medical science is still incomplete, and it will be in the far future when this perfection is attained if ever. We know some things well, but we still need others to fill out the system into just proportions. Innovations have been made from time to time, but still the end is not reached. Exact medical science was never born, but grew like "Topsey." Of late the bars of the medical schools have been put down so low that many mongrels have gotten in among the thoroughbreds. We are inclined to cling to the traditional and to look upon new discoveries with distrust. There is no cast-iron formula in medical science. A certain commercial traveler had ninety different kinds of coffee. What a similarity between these samples and the medical profession! The true physician is not a sectarian. The paper was replete with practical thought, and the spirit which causes a practitioner to ostracise all physicians not of his school was held up to the ridicule of the auditors. The conclusion of the whole matter was that the only orthodoxy worthy of the acceptance of physicians is the broad-minded acceptance of the good, whatever its source.

G. Wheeler Jones, of Danville, Ill., then read a paper on "Pediatric Practice," and the society took recess. Topics of interest will be presented by various delegates this afternoon and evening, and general discussion will follow each. More delegates will have arrived before evening, when the society will occupy the ladies' ordinary at the Lindell.

A GRIEVANCE.

The Hotel Men and the River Convention Programme.

The Hotel proprietors of St. Louis, who have subscribed to the fund for the Mississippi River Improvement Convention, feel aggrieved over a clause in the official programme of instructions to the delegates. This clause requests delegates and invited guests to register their names at the office of the Executive Committee at the Southern Hotel, immediately upon arrival, and secure their badges. It also states that tickets and badges will be furnished only at the office of the committee at the Southern, and that only delegates having their badges will be entitled to admission to entertainments. Many of the delegates have understood this to mean that they must go to the Southern, and several old guests at other hotels have gone there because they thought it necessary. At the Planter's House many old guests came around and stated that they stopped at the Southern because they thought it necessary, and others went and inquired at the Southern before registering at the Planters'. The hotel men feel aggrieved at this advertisement for the Southern, which the committee fell into inadvertently. They think that as they were all asked to subscribe, this discrimination should not be made against them.

Baber Not Insane.

The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the judgment in the criminal case of Thaddeus Baber, who was convicted for the murder in the first degree of Fredericka Schuendler, the mother of his mistress, in 1879. The defense of insanity is not, in the opinion of the appellate court, sustained, the jury being the judges of the facts, and it sees no error in the record and no reason to disturb their judgment. The old lady was killed under circumstances which constituted the homicide a clear case of murder in the first degree. The Supreme Court will now have to pass upon the insanity plea which was so strongly urged in Baber's behalf.

Informal Appeals.

The appellate court to-day has reversed the cases of the city against Kneper, Kaub, Somerville and Sternberg, appeals taken to the Court of Criminal Correction from the Police Court in matter of fines and sentences imposed for violation of ordinances relative to the sale of lottery tickets, etc. The merits of these cases are not discussed by the appellate court, but they are remanded to the Court of Criminal Correction with directions to dismiss the appeal on account of informality in taking the appeal.

Mr. W. C. Steigers

Will call on merchants desiring information on rates for advertising, etc., in POST-DISPATCH.

SCHOOL ELECTION.

Result of the Voting in Ten Wards To-Day.

Candidates who are Probably Elected—A Very Light Vote.

The school election is going on to day. For two-thirds of the voters of this city this statement has not the slightest interest, because at every school election since the Board came into existence that proportion of registered voters of St. Louis have studiously refrained from appearing at the polls and zealously expressed their indifference to the result. Their answer, when they are questioned concerning their apathy, is that there is no inducement or incentive for a respectable citizen to exercise his right of franchise, as no candidate of their choice is in the field and they do not care to choose from those who are put forward, because they are in no sense representative of the intelligent culture and respectability of the people as a member of a public school board should be. In nine cases out of ten the indifferent voters' apology must be accepted as a good one; for he is right. Men who have no earthly qualification for the position they are seeking seem to have a remarkable faculty for getting themselves before the people, and frequently for keeping themselves there. They are boosted forward by bummers who believe in the schools only so far as they are fields for patronage, and they are carried around on the shoulders of this same hoodlum element until a notion sweeps into the bummer intellect that somebody else would do their class more credit in power than the present one, then he is dropped. But if the indifferent voter is often right he is sometimes wrong. Frequently good men and true come before the people, as there are a few good men in the contests to day, but they are not properly supported against hood unism, and they suffer defeat simply because the respectable voter continues to assert his indifference, and refuses to make any effort towards remedying the existing state of affairs. Saloon-keepers, professional politicians and ward bummers have so long and so actively interfered with school elections that the respectable end of the community, although in the majority, are afraid to interfere, being apprehensive that their work would avail nothing towards changing the result.

This indifference is shown to-day as strongly as it ever was before, except in one or two instances. There are not many voters at the polls, and there is not likely to be a strong vote. A comparison of the figures furnished by the city election last spring and recent school elections discloses the fact that not more than one-third of the registered voters of the city take a hand in the latter contest. Politics has little to do with the election. The people who vote honestly do so in performance of what they consider a sacred duty, and deposit their ballots in the box with the delusive consolation fluttering around their heart that they are selecting "the best man," while those who vote because the candidates are personal friends vote without regard to the candidate's political creed or personal character. Their man may not have sense enough to fly a kite or tell an adverb from a box of sardines, but he is a personal friend, a good fellow, and that is enough. Nobody knows what the complexion of the board has been up to this, and very few have cared. The only positive knowledge in regard to the institution is fairly set forth in the opinion a gentleman gave to the POST-DISPATCH reporter, who asked him how the board stood at present. "I think," said he, "that about twenty-seven twenty eighths of them are damphools, and there is some doubt about the good sense of the other twenty-eighth."

To-day, however, party lines seem to be pretty closely drawn in some of the wards, where fair candidates are in the field. In the Third, Fourth, Seventh, Fourteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-second Wards the friends of candidates are doing their best to make the fight as hard as possible, but in the others the victories will be comparatively easy. As has been said before, the voting in the early part of the day is light, and up to 3 o'clock not one-half the ballots have been cast. The spirit manifested, though, is a good indication of the result that may be expected, and POST-DISPATCH reporters who have visited the various polling places try to convey an idea of how the contests stand in the paragraphs that are here appended. It may be relied upon that the candidates herein named as successful will be elected.

SECOND WARD.

Dr. J. M. Clopton, Democrat, appears to be the favorite candidate in this ward. Wm. Goerich, Republican, is running behind. The vote is quite light; little activity is being displayed by voters.

THIRD WARD.

The candidates here are: Dr. W. V. Loftus, Democrat; Isidor Bush, Republican, and Frank Von der Fehr, Independent. At the polls corner of Third and Convent streets 130 votes had been cast at 2 o'clock, of which Dr. W. V. Loftus had a majority. At 808 South Third 103 votes had been cast, and Bush and Loftus were about even. At the Chouteau avenue polls Dr. Loftus was ahead. Von der Fehr is getting a light vote all around and the indications are that Dr. Loftus will be elected.

THE FOURTH WARD.

Three candidates are running in the Fourth Ward—J. J. McGarry, the regular Democratic nominee, Hugo H. Witte, the Republican nominee, and Thos. J. Fitzmorris, Independent Democrat. The voting is extremely light, not ten per cent of the usual vote had been polled at 2 o'clock. In the precinct centering at the Mound engine-house Fitzmorris is ahead, but in the other three precincts McGarry is leading. There is a bare possibility that Witte may slip through, owing to the division of the Democratic votes, but McGarry is almost sure of the election. The vote up to 2 o'clock was close enough to leave even the best posted politicians in the ward in some doubt as to the result.

FIFTH WARD.

The judges at 1728 Carondelet avenue had little to do but play casino all day. Gerhard H. Borth, Republican, 5, the only candidate. Very few voter are being cast.

SEVENTH WARD.

Hugo Gerber, Republican and present incumbent, and R. L. Miller, a prominent German Catholic, are the candidates. At Ninth and Russell avenue 119 votes had been cast at 2 o'clock of which Gerber had a majority of 50. At Justice Ehrman's 125 votes had been cast of which Gerber had also majority. Gerber will be elected.

NINTH WARD.

Wm. Koenig, the agricultural implement manufacturer, has no opponent in the ward. The vote is light.

THE FOURTEENTH WARD.

In the Fourteenth Ward there are three candidates—Albert Bornmueller, the regular Republican nominee, Wm. Bryan, an independent Republican, and the irrepressible George Negus, the ci-devant editor, who is posing before the people as a Democrat. It was rumored that Henry Brocker, the present incumbent, and William Schroeder, both Independent Republicans, would be in the race, but neither of them are running. Bornmueller is carrying everything before him at the polls. Bryan is securing a few votes and Negus none at all. The vote is light and the people only slightly interested. Bornmueller will be elected.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

"Pa, who are you going to vote for?" John Jacks' little daughter asked last night.

"Why do you ask, my child?" Jacks inquired.

"Because our teacher told me to tell you to vote for Mr. Peebles."

This is the manner in which Frank W. Peebles has electioneered. All the teachers have worked for him. His opponent is Mr. Charles Scudder, of the Lindell. The fight is a hard one. Many votes are being polled and the indications all favor the election of Mr. Scudder.

THE TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

Anthony H. Blaisdell, Democrat; Theodore Plate, Republican, and John Gilmer, Independent, are running in the Twenty-second Ward. As late as half-past 2 it was impossible to predict whether Blaisdell or Plate would be elected. The vote is running even and is very light.

THE TWENTY-THIRD WARD.

In the Twenty-third Ward the voting for School Director was very light. There are four precincts in the ward which covers a vast stretch of territory, but the voters did not appear to manifest any enthusiasm whatever. George Schubert of College avenue is the Republican candidate and Michel Cannon the Democratic. Schubert is the present incumbent, and will undoubtedly be elected by a handsome majority. The ward is a very popular man.

BEGINNING to-night, and continuing to-morrow and Thursday evenings, there will be a grand festival and bazaar held at St. Patrick's School Hall, for the benefit of St. Patrick's parish. Every means has been adopted to make the festival a success, and no doubts are entertained of the result. An admission fee of fifty cents is charged.

ECTION.

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JEFF DAVIS' SISTER.

Her Funeral in the Remarkable Cemetery of Gethsemane

NEW HAVEN, KY., October 25.—Mrs. Mary Bradford, sister of the Hon. Jefferson Davis, President of the Southern Confederacy, who died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. E. L. Miles, of New Hope, on the 22d inst. of general debility, aged eighty-one years, was interred this morning in the cemetery at Gethsemane Abbey, where no living woman is allowed to enter except the wife of a ruler of a nation. This is the third secular person interred there. The Baron De Hodmint, a Belgian who lived in the abbey for several years before his death, and Mrs. N. M. Miles, a lady who, like Mrs. Bradford, was a great benefactress of the institution, were the former two. From this cause their burial was allowed in the enclosure. Mrs. Bradford was well known throughout the South, and the news of her demise will be received with the deepest regret.

The Ohio Railroad Fight.

COLUMBUS, October 25.—In the Jewett vs. Vanderbilt railroad war Receiver Clement, of the C., C., C. & I. Railroad, filed a report with the Common Pleas Court to-day. It is to the effect that he had been enjoined from taking possession of the office in Cleveland, and he asked for instructions. Judge Green called for Attorney-General Nash, and asked for advice as to how to proceed to maintain the dignity of the court. Nash said he did not know of any law requiring him to advise the Courts of Common Pleas. Mr. Converse, counsel for Jewett, in presenting the report of the receiver, made a long statement in reference to the alleged contempt of the priority of the injunction allowed by Judge Green.

Keene's Luck.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, October 25.—James R. Keene is being warmly congratulated on the success of Foxhall in winning the Cambridgeshire stakes, although heavily weighted. He says he backed him heavily to win, and that he is the greatest horse in the world. He carried 126 pounds, and was ridden by a third-rate jockey. He has won seven races abroad.

Fighting Kutchin.

WASHINGTON, October 25.—The Democrats in executive session are making a bitter fight against Kutchin, nominated for Collector in Wisconsin.

'CHANGE GOSSIP.

A Rise in Religion—The Stock Call—Cotton Cullings.

Not admiring the idea of being called a "Methodist preacher," Col. Spencer has shaved his chin, and now sprouts his whiskers a la Dundreary.

A. L. Green, Jr., of R. S. McCormick & Co., has returned from a trip to the Eastern markets, and shows pretty conclusively by his remarks that his ideas have become rather bearish.

The Agricultural Bureau estimates the falling off of the corn crop as 35 per cent, but a certain eminent statistician on the floor places it at 50 per cent. Now here is a serious blunder on the part of the Government.

A provision packer was overheard to remark to-day: "Some of these men buy loose salted meats from me, then pack it and sell it at the same price they pay me for it. I don't understand how they do it, but they do."

Grain got a black-eye to-day, owing to the clear and cold weather and free selling orders. There was something of a rush to sell and but few buyers out. As Bob Golsan said, "No demand, boys. Only a few straggling shorts in the market are covering."

Capt. Russell says religion has "riz" along with grain and provisions. The subscription price to the Chicago Standard, a religious weekly published in that center of Christianity, has been advanced twenty cents, enough, with a nickle added, to pay for lemonades for himself and Maj. Massengale. The Captain has always stood by the Standard, but now weakens with the dismal prospect of his only luxury being cut off.

The stock call on 'Change is not such an assured success as its backers would make it out to be. Most of the heavy-weight brokers stand off and will have nothing to do with it, such as Matthews & Whitaker, Donaldson & Fraley, L. A. Coquard and others. As one of them said: "Why, if they have a call on the floor any of the members will have as much right to go up there and bid as I or any other broker has and, that won't do."

"I think," said a broker, "that cotton has a better show now. There is a good demand for cash, though prices may go up and down yet, and that puts it on a better basis. Then New Orleans is building the market. She has got out of all her shorts, I believe, and now wants to pay the factors a good price. New York is naturally bearish, and when that market and Liverpool and New Orleans were all hammering cotton the boys stood no show at all; but the outlook is better for them now."

The position of the Cotton Exchange on the future of cotton is that of "a house divided against itself," or at least that is the way young Connor says it stands. All the factors naturally look for much higher prices, while per contrast the buyers say it must go lower. Otto Magnus pins his faith on a six million crop, and "if you give me a shade of odos," he will put up the ducats on it. Roberto Nicollino will donate a new hat to any one taking it up, that New York will not go to 11½c before January 1. That dashing sabreur, Maj. Canfield, puts himself on record on New York selling at 11c before June 1.

Death of Louis H. Plant.

A private dispatch received in this city to-day announces the death of Louis H. Plant, son of the late George P. Plant. He was killed in a railroad accident at Dijon, France. Mr. Plant was about thirty-one years of age was educated at Harvard and for some years past has traveled extensively at home and abroad. He left St. Louis for an extended tour of Europe about six months since.

Cupid's Contracts.

The following licenses were granted to-day: Jacob Brauner and Anna Lauman, August Pape and Annie Behnke, James C. Duke and Ellen M. Farrar, John Meyers and Elizabeth Bauer, Arnold L. Salg and Mary A. Schillo, James M. Lambert and Catharine T. Carroll, H. H. Tranel and Helena Keisker.

A SHOOTING scrape occurred at a saloon on Channing avenue and Olive street last evening in which William Eldridge and James Dorsey were wounded, the one with a revolver and the other with a pistol shot. Both are reported to be hard-working men and the assault was unprovoked.

CITY PERSONALS.

Mr. Alexander MacFarland, a well-known citizen of Burlington, Ia., who has been here on business, leaves to-night for home.

T. P. Hickey, of this city, representing Eastern interests in the West, starts for Cincinnati this evening via Indianapolis. He will return in about ten days.

ABOUT TOWN.

A SMALL blaze occurred at No. 316 Emily street at noon to-day, but was extinguished before any damage was done.

"DAISY," a pet prairie wolf, was presented to the Zoological Garden to-day by Jack Maloney, the reel driver at Engine-house No. 6.

WM. DEAN pleaded guilty to petit larceny before Judge Cady in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day and was fined $5 and costs.

ON two charges of violating wharf ordinances the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company was to-day assessed $200 in the First District Police Court.

A MAN identified as Barney Dolan, who lives on O'Fallon street, died suddenly to-day in an alley between Third and Fourth near Convent street.

ON motion of Prosecuting Attorney Hogan a charge of abandoning his wife against George King, in the Court of Criminal Correction, was continued generally to-day.

MINNIE CASH, a Chicagoan, came to St. Louis yesterday on a visit to friends. She had a fat purse and started out to enjoy herself. She landed in the calaboose and was fined $5 by Judge Jecko to-day.

EXAMINATIONS of drawing in the Public Schools will be made at the end of the year, and honorable mention made of those passing successfully in the annual report of the Supervisor of Drawing.

THE inquest on Tim Moran, who was killed by John Mahoney at Ninth and Walnut streets last Saturday morning, will be held at 9 a. m. to-morrow. Hardy, who was shot in the breast, has rallied, and may possibly recover.

THE Vandalia partial restoration of passenger rates East, $15 to New York, $16 to Boston, has not been followed by the other roads as yet. The Pennsylvania Central has determined to stand firm in this matter, but other lines continue to quote a first-class $12 rate to New York, the figure of the past two months.

WM. C. LITTLE & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
213 N. Third St., St. Louis,

dealers in

U. S. Bonds, State Bonds,
County Bonds, Municipal Bonds,
Railroad Bonds, Township Bonds,
And securities of every description.

Public sales made on 'Change.
Special attention given to securities dealt in at the New York Stock Exchange.

MONEY.

Quotations of Money, Silver, Bonds, Stocks and Other Securities, Etc.

NEW YORK, October 25.—Money 4@5. Prime mercantile 6@7. Bar silver 112¼. Exchange firmer; actual business at 480¾ long, 84¾ sight. Governments quiet and steady. States dull. Railroads inactive. Stocks—After 11 o'clock speculation became feverish, and towards noon was quite heavy, decline at midday from best figures of morning ranging from ¼ to 1½, Denver and Rio Grande, Reading and New Jersey Central leading. 6s extended 100⅞; 5s 101⅜; 4½s 112⅞; 4s 116; Pacific 6s '95 130.

Rock Island	134	Mar. & Cin. first prfd.	18⅞
Panama cert.	193	second prfd.	†11¼
Fort Wayne	†139½	B., C. R. & N.	78¼
Pittsburg	†139	A. & T. P.	56
Illinois Central	130	prfd	90
C., B. & Q.	136¾	W., St. L. & Pacific	48⅛
Chicago & Alton	129	prfd	87¾
prfd	135	Hannibal & St. Joseph	96½
N. Y. Central	137⅞	prfd	113¼
Harlem	215	St. L. & San Fran.	43½
Lake Shore	119¾	prfd	68½
Canada Southern	59⅞	first prfd.	105
Michigan Central	89½	C., St. L. & N. O.	76
Erie	43⅞	Kansas & Texas	39⅞
prfd	88¼	Union Pacific	119⅝
Northwestern	124⅜	Central Pacific	94
prfd	135	Texas Pacific	52½
St. Paul	108½	Northern Pacific	38
prfd	† 22	prfd	78¾
Del. & Lack	127½	Louisville & Nash	94½
Morris & Essex	125	Nashville & Chat.	82
Del. & Hudson E. Div.	109⅞	L. & N. A.	65
N. J. Central	96⅛	Houston & Texas	†93
Reading	67½	Denver & R. Grande	82½
Ohio	41⅛	St. Paul & Omaha	41¼
prfd	112	prfd	102¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	28	Buffalo, Pittsburg & W	43¾
first prfd.	40¾	American Union	....
second prfd.	29¾	Memphis & C.	72
Mobile & Ohio	37⅜	Western Union	86⅜
Cleve'd & Col.	94	A. & P. Telegraph	....
C., C. & I. C.	21⅛	Pacific Mail	49⅞
Ohio Central	27⅜	Adams	146
Erie & Western	47	Fargo	134½
Peoria, D. & E.	40½	American	97
Ont. & Western	33¼	United States	75
Ind., B. & W.	44	Quicksilver	13½
Marietta & Cin.	....	prfd	57

*Bid. †Offered. ‡Ex div.

Fluctuations of Leading Stocks

The following are the opening, highest, lowest and closing quotations of leading stocks in New York, as reported for the POST-DISPATCH by Fred. Von Phul, manager Public Stock Exchange, rooms 145, 147, 149 and 151 Chamber of Commerce:

Stock.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Union Pacific	119⅝	120	119⅛	119½
St. Paul	108¾	108¾	107⅝	107¾
Lake Shore	120	120⅛	119	119⅜
Michigan Central	89¾	90	88¾	89⅜
Erie Railway	44⅛	44⅜	43⅜	43½
Wabash and Pacific	48¾	48⅞	48	48¼
do preferred	88¼	88¼	87½	87¾
Central Pacific	94⅜	94⅝	93½	93½
Northwestern	124½	124⅝	123⅜	123⅜
Western Union	86¾	86¾	85⅞	86⅛
Delaware, L. & W.	127¾	127⅞	126⅞	127¼
New Jersey Central	96½	97⅛	95¼	95½
M., K. & T.	40⅝	40⅝	39½	39½
Ohio & Mississippi	41⅛	41½	41⅛	41½
Pacific Mail	50½	50½	49	49⅞
Missouri Pacific	....	....	....	....
D. & R. G.	....	...	....	....

TIMOTHY SEED
AND OTHER GRASS SEEDS,
— also —
SEED WHEAT RYE & BARLEY.
Our Seed has been bulked and nicely Re-cleaned.
Have a large Stock.
BILLINGSLEY & NANSON,
S. W. Cor Washington Ave. & Second Street.

R. R. MAGNUS,
BROKER IN
COTTON
GRAIN AND PROVISIONS,
223 Chestnut St. - - - St. Louis.
CORRESPONDENTS—Sawyer, Wallace & Co., Calender & Henderson, New York; J. B. Hobbs & Co., Chicago; S. H. Buck & Co., New Orleans; Molyneux, Taylor & Co., Liverpool.

EWING HILL & CO
(Members New York Cotton Exchange).
BROKERS IN
COTTON
Grain and Provisions.
N. W. COR. MAIN AND CHESTNUT
Contracts for "Future Delivery" executed promptly in all leading markets.

COMMERCE.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION.

Flour—Receipts 5,421 brls. Very dull and weak: to force sales lower prices had to be conceded. We quote nominally. Fancy $7 25@7 50; choice $6 95@7 15; family $6 80@6 90, xxx $6 40@6 60; xx $5 05@6 10; x $5 65@5 75; superfine $5 25@5 40; fine $4 70@4 90; extra fancy and patents held higher.

Wheat—Receipts 2,091 sks, 29,250 bu. Weakened on discouraging advices from other markets and the change to clear weather, prices showing considerable irregularity for futures, as the feeling was unsettled, closing 1¾@2¼c lower. Grades were off in price, but sold readily for milling and Southern shipment. No. 2 red cash sold at $1 45 E. side, $1 44¼@1 44½ regular; November at $1 45¼@1 45½; December at $1 50½@1 49½, closing at $1 49½; January at $1 53¼@1 52; February at $1 55½@1 55; bids of $1 44¼ for October and year; No. 3 red $1 39@1 38¾ in C., $1 39 E. side; No. 4 $1 30@$1 31¼; No 2 Mediterranean $1 44; No. 3 do $1 38¾@¾; for rejected in V. $1 10 bid.

Corn—Receipts 895 sks, 29,500 bu. Lower for the speculative grade, with a weak market early, but stiffened up later, futures closing at ¼@½c declines; cash car lots in order request, but round lots dull; No. 2 white mixed and rejected do were steady; rejected scarce and higher, with ready sale. No. 2 mixed sold at 63@64¼ cash, closing at 63½ regular; November at 63½@64; December at 66¼@67⅞, closing at 66¼; January at 67⅞@68½, closing at 68⅜; May at 73¼@74, closing at 73¼; bids of 63½ for Oct. and year; No. 2 white-mixed cash salable at 68¾ E., 69 this side; May sold at 80¼; rejected do at 65½ in U., 65c in St. L.; rejected at 62½@63 in U., 62½ in St. L.

Oats—Receipts 184 sks, 5,600 bu; steady for cash, as the supply was small and order and feeding demand in excess thereof, but futures lower, closing at ¼@½ declines. No. 2 sold at 45¼@45 cash; 45@45½, closing at 45¼ Nov.; December at 47¾ to 47⅝@¾, closing at 47⅝ asked, 47½ bid; year at 41¾; May at 51¾@51⅝—later 51½ asked; bids of 44¼ for October, 48½ for January; rejected in St. L. firm at 43½; for No. 2 white 45 bid.

Rye—Receipts 203 sks, 2,500 bu. Dull and weaker, as there was little demand and the decline in wheat had a weakening effect. No. 2 sold at $1 04½ E. side; $1 04 bid for Nov.; 99 for rejected.

Barley—Receipts —— sks, 13,000 bu; steady, with small offerings and demand, considerable being delivered on contracts. We quote: Low and medium 75@90; prime to strictly prime 95@$1; choice $1 05@1 10; fancy $1 12½@1 15; Canada $1 20@1 27; California $1 25@1 30.

Hay—Receipts 140 tons. Firm and choice, quick sale to local feeders; some order demand, but small supply restricting sales. This side prairie $15; prime timothy $22; choice $25; fancy $26 50.

Millfeed—Dull and lower, with the only sales of bran at 87½ for sacked on E. track.

Provisions—Another dull day, with only a small jobbing trade at the same prices for bacon, but loose meats weaker and pork lower. Standard mess pork changed hands at 17.75. Prime steam lard very scarce and worth 11⅜c. Holders of loose dry salt asked 7.70 for shoulders; 9.40 for long clear; 9.45 for clear ribs; 9.80 for short clear; packed shoulders sold at 7⅜c; long clear at 9.65; clear ribs at 9.40, short clear at 10@9⅞. Bacon showed most strength, packed long clear selling at 10¼, short clear at 10⅞ and loose clear ribs at 10.20; packed shoulders worth 8⅛@¼. C. S. C. hams 13@15c for summer make. Tallow 7@7½, according to quality. Breakfast bacon 14@15c. Grease 5@5¼ for brown, 5¾@6c or yellow, 6@7¾c for white. Beef—Extra mess $13 00 per brl; family $7 25 per half-brl; dried 13@14½c per pound. Fresh smoked tongues $4 50@5 per doz. Salt—Domestic $1 50@1 55 per brl. Ground alum $1 25 per sack, but quotations shaded by sellers 10@15c.

Highwines—Steady. Sales 185 brls at $1 14. Cincinnati $1 13; Chicago $1 16; Peoria $1 15.

Lead—Soft Missouri quotable at $4 90, with a very quiet market.

Closing Prices—3:15 P. M.

ST. LOUIS.

Wheat—October $1 44½ bid; November $1 45⅛; December $1 49; year $1 44⅛ bid; January $1 52. Corn—October 63⅛ bid; November 64; December 66⅛; year 64½ bid; January 68⅛ bid; May 73⅛; No. 2 white mixed—October 69 bid; November 70 bid; December 71½ bid; May 80½ bid. Oats—Cash 44½; October and year 44½ bid; November 45⅛; December 47½@⅝; January 48½ bid; May 51⅛.

CHICAGO.

Wheat—October $1 34; November $1 34½; December $1 36½@⅜; January $1 37⅛. Corn—November 61⅞@⅞; December 63⅝; January 64 bid; May 69½. Oats—October 43⅞ bid; November 43⅞@¾; December 44⅞ bid; May 47⅞@48. Pork—November $16 32½; January $17 67½; February $17 82½ bid. Lard—November 11.4; December 11.57½ bid; year 11.42½ bid; January 11.77½; February 11⅞; March 12. Short ribs—November 8.57½; January 8.92½; February 9 bid.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—Oct. $1 49½; Nov. $1 50¼@⅛; Dec. $1 56½; Jan. $1 56. Corn—Oct. 70; Nov. 70⅜; Dec. 72⅛@⅜; Jan. 74@⅜. Pork—Jan. $18 40@19. Lard—Oct. 11.77½ asked; Nov. 11.70@⅞; Dec. 11.82½@⅞; year 11.67½@⅞; Jan. 12@12.05.

BALTIMORE.

Wheat—October $1 44; November $1 45⅞@¼; December $1 50⅛; January $1 54. Corn—October 68½; November 69⅛; December 72⅛.

TOLEDO.

Wheat—November $1 41½; December $1 44½; January $1 47½. Corn—November 65 asked; December 64¼ asked; May 70⅛.

Cotton.

Spots firm at 11¼ for middling, with sales of 1,818 bales. New York quiet at 11⅜. Liverpool steady and firm. New Orleans firm at 11⅛c. Galveston firm at 11.

LIVERPOOL.

Uplands 6 7-16; Orleans, 6½d. Futures closed dull; Oct. 6 11 32d; Oct. and Nov. 6 11 32d; November and December 6⅜; December and January 6 7-16d; January and February 6 15 32; February and March 6 17-32; March and April 6 19 32d; April and May 6 11-16; May and June 6 21-32; June and July 6 11-16; July and August ——.

NEW YORK.

Futures closed easy; Oct. 11.44@46; Nov. 11.45@47; Dec. 11.60@61; Jan. 11.79@80; Feb. 11.94@95; March 12 10; April 12.23@24; May 12.35@37; June 11.46@47; July 11.57@58. Sales 112,000 bales.

LIVE STOCK.

The following indicates the movement for 24 hours ending 11 a. m. to-day:

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	1881.	1880.	1881.	1880.
Cattle	1 705	1,580	706	166
Hogs	3 695	3,607	2,609	2,689
Sheep	597	249	793	....

CATTLE—There was more activity apparent this forenoon, and the moderate supply found sale without much difficulty at the established declines of yesterday. The canning companies were the leading operators, they paying from $2 40@3 25 ⅌ 100 lbs for mixed Southwest and native butchers' stuff. There were no prime native shipping steers offered, and, although in fair demand, still shippers were not greatly disappointed. The markets East are slightly lower, and, as a result, this exerted some influence over buyers in our market. Interior shippers did not take many. Common stock and scalawags dull at low prices. Irons & Cassidy and Scruggs & Cassidy sold 30 head of blooded yearlings of 1,087 lbs average, which brought $5 80 ⅌ 100 lbs. J. W. McElhany, of Sedalia, Mo., was the owner. Stock cattle dull. Milch cows with calves and springers in fair inquiry. Grass Texans in moderate supply, and which found sale. Ruling quotations quiet.

HOGS—The market was slow in opening, and then shippers and local butchers only took a few lots. Supply fair and of all grades. Packers were still holding out and wanted to get hogs at their own figures. Yorkers $5 60@5 80; light shipping of 140 to 180 lbs $5 25@5 50; packing $5@6; butchers and heavy $6@6 50.

SHEEP—Common and thin sheep in moderate supply and dull of disposal at mean prices. Fair to good muttons scarce and wanted at strong prices.

Common to medium $2 75@3 00; fair to good $3 25@4 00; good to prime $4 00@4 50; fancy $4 50@4 80; stock sheep $2 00@2 75; Texan sheep $2 50@4 00.

Horses and Mules.

The demand for good streeters and heavy draft and English coach horses and plugs dull. Mules 14 and 14½ hands high 4 to 7 years old are in demand. Other kinds slow.

Live Stock Markets by Telegraph.

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, October 25.—Receipts—Cattle 1,842. Market steady and fairly active on all good cattle; choice prime natives $5 60@6 fair to good $5@5 60; Common to medium dull at $4@5; butchers receipts 8,000; market strong, $2 50@3 50; Colorado half breeds, receipts fair; market firm and 5 to 10c higher; choice $3 60@4 10; fair to good $3@3 60; Grass Texans—receipts moderate; choice $3 30@3 60; fair to good $2 75@3 30; common $2 25 @$2 75. Receipts—Hogs 2,117.

CHICAGO, October 25.—Hogs—Receipts 16,000; opening active; 5c higher; weak and declining 5@10; light $5 90@6 20; mixed packing $6@6 45; heavy packing $6 50@6 95. Cattle—Receipts, 4,000; steadier; exports $6 40@6 75; common to good shipping $4@5 50; butchers $2 20@3 95; stockers and feeders $3@4; Texans $2 90@3 85.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, October 25.—Flour—Receipts 24,000 bu; sales 11,000 bu; dull and strongly in buyers' favor. Wheat heavy and about ⅜c lower; fair speculative trading; sales 36,000 bu No. 2 red November $1 50½@1 50¾; 424,000 bu December $1 53½@1 54⅜; 136,000 bu January $1 56@1 56¾. Corn ½@⅜c lower; active; mixed Western spot 69⅜@69½; futures 69⅜@74; sales 57,000 bu. Oats ¼@½ lower; Western 45@50; sales 160,000, including No. 2 November at 48¼@½; December 49½@⅝; January 50⅜@51½. Beef dull and weak. Pork dull and declining; spot new mess $18@18 25. Lard opened 10@2½ lower, afterwards a shade firmer; steam-rendered 11.75. Butter unchanged and quiet. Cheese quiet. Sugar quiet and firm. Molasses quiet. Petroleum dull and weak. Rice firm and in good demand. Coffee dull and unchanged. Freights firm. Spirits turpentine quiet. Rosin steady. Tallow quiet. Western eggs firm at 24½@25.

BALTIMORE, October 25.—Flour very dull, but unchanged. Wheat—Western lower, closing weak; No. 2 winter red spot and October $1 44@1 44½; November $1 45⅝@1 45⅞; December $1 45¼ asked; January $1 54@1 54¼. Corn—Western lower and dull; mixed spot and October 68⅜ asked; November 69¼@⅜; December 72@⅜. Oats quiet; Western white 49@50; mixed 48; Pennsylvania 49@50. Rye quiet. Hay unchanged. Provisions firm and without change. Butter firm; Western grass 18@25. Eggs firm at 23@24.

NEW ORLEANS, October 25, 11:05 A. M.—Flour dull: family and xxx nominal. Cornmeal easy at $3 25@3 35. Corn dull; mixed 77; yellow 78; white 87. Oats dull at 54. Bran quiet at $1 15. Hay quiet; prime $21; choice $24. Pork jobbing at $18 25. D. S. shoulders dull at 7⅝@7⅞. Bacon dull at 10⅝; none here. Hams quiet at 13½@14½. Lard in fair demand; refined tcs 12¾. Whisky quiet at $1 16@1 18.

CINCINNATI, October 25.—Flour dull and lower to sell. Wheat dull; No. 2 red $1 45. Corn steady; No. 2 mixed 69. Oats weaker; No. 2 mixed 47. Rye dull; $1 12. Barley firm and unchanged. Pork dull; $19. Lard quiet; 11½. Bulk meats quiet; 7⅛@9. Bacon quiet; 9, 10⅝, 11⅝. Whisky steady; $1 13. Combination sales, finished goods, 1,094 barrels, on a basis of $1 13.

CHICAGO, October 25.—Wheat weak and lower; $1 31⅛ for cash; $1 34¼ November; $1 36⅝ December. Corn weak and easy at 61 cash; 61⅞ November; 63¼ December; 69¼ May. Oats weak and lower; 43¼ cash; 43⅞ October; 43⅞ November; 44⅞ December; 48 May. Rye at $1 03. Barley at $1 05. Whisky lower at $1 16. Pork weak and heavy; $16 20 cash and November; $17 67½ January. Lard weak and lower at 11.50 cash and November; 11.80 January.

Foreign Markets by Telegraph.

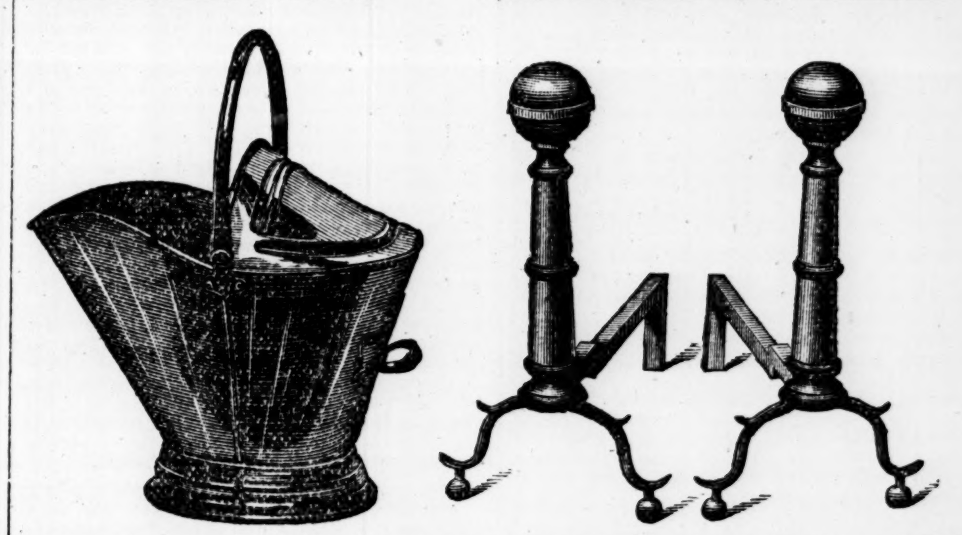
LIVERPOOL, October 25.—Lard—Prime Western dull at 59s 3d. Wheat—No. 2 spring steady at 10s 6d; No. 1 white steady at 11s; winter steady at 11s 2d.

THE "FAMOUS" SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.
INVITE YOU TO ATTEND
THEIR FORMAL GRAND OPENING,
Commencing Wednesday Morning at 9 o'clock

And continuing until Saturday at 11 p. m. OUR ESTABLISHMENT will be handsomely decorated throughout with Natural Flowers, and Brilliantly Illuminated with the unrivaled WESTON ELECTRIC LIGHT. WE WILL PRESENT every purchaser during the opening with an ELEGANT SOUVENIR as a MEMENTO of the OCCASION. We intend to make THIS THE EVENT OF THE SEASON, and solicit your presence to show you what we have been able to accomplish through pluck and energy, in giving to ST. LOUIS THE FINEST AND MOST COMPLETE BUSINESS HOUSE IN THE UNITED STATES. You will find every comfort and convenience that experience and research can suggest to facilitate the purchase and examination of goods. We will offer to your critical judgment what we have tried to make THE MODEL ESTABLISHMENT OF THE WEST. We bid you

WELCOME TO "FAMOUS."
FIFTH AND MORGAN.
OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

SIMMONS HARDWARE COMPANY.



NEW BRASS GOODS
ANDIRONS,
FENDERS!
COAL HODS,
FIRE SETTS,
Tea Kettles.
ALSO
Jap'd Coal Hods & Vases

WEDDING PRESENTS IN GREAT VARIETY

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION

A POSITION wanted as private watchman, porter or anything that I can get. Best of references. Please call or address 909 Cardinal avenue. 25

A NICELY furnished room with board for two gents, $25 each, and one room with board for two gents at $20 each; Thirty-fifth and Olive. Address A. 10, this office.

FOR RENT—Second floor of handsome residence: five large rooms; unfurnished; single or en suite; marble mantels; bath and water-closet. 1522 Morgan street.

908 PINE ST.—Rooms for rent with board at $4 and $4 50 per week.

406 N. ELEVENTH ST.—Nicely furnished room, with or with ut board, for quiet lady.

WANTED—Agents immediately: good money, job all winter if suited. Call on W. J. C., Mona House Sixth street.

AMUSEMENTS.

FESTIVAL AND BAZAR,
FOR THE BENEFIT OF
ST. PATRICK'S PARISH,
At ST. PATRICK'S SCHOOL HALL, Tuesday Wednesday and Thursday evenings, October 25, 26 and 27. Tickets 50 cents.

Washington University.
The second of Prof. M. S. Snow's course of lectures on the
History of the U. S. Constitution,
will begin Tuesday, October 25, at 8 p. m. in Room 2, first floor, Washington University.
Subject: The Country at the End of the War of Independence.
Course tickets, $1 50. Single 50 cents.

MARRIED.

WILSON—JACKSON.—On the 19th, by Rev Dr. Berkley, at the residence of the bride's father, 3627 Olive street. A. S. WILSON, of Washington, Kans., to Miss GEORGIE JACKSON.

HEET—PEINE—This morning, at St. Joseph's Church, by the Rev. Father Joseph Weber. S. J., Mr. BEN H. HEET to Miss THERESA PEINE, both of St. Louis.

DIED.

HEALEY—October 24, at 10 p. m., ANN HEALY, aged 56 years. A native of Ireland.

Funeral will take place from residence, 1218 Lincoln street, to Calvary Cemetery, Wednesday, at 8 a. m. Friends are invited to attend.

SCHNAIDER—This morning, October 24, 1881, in Heidelberg, Germany, my dear beloved father, JOSEPH SCHNAIDER.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

JOS. M. SCHNAIDER.

CAHILL—On Monday, 24th inst., at half past 1 o'clock, RICHARD CAHILL, in the 69th year of his age, a native of County Tipperary, Ireland.

Funeral from the residence of his son, Patrick Cahill, 2912 East Twentieth street, on Wednesday, at half past 1 o'clock.

GRAYDON—On Tuesday October 25, 1881, a 12 o'clock m., ANNIE E. GRAYDON, aged 31 years.

The funeral will take place Thursday, 27th inst., at 1 o'clock p. m. from family residence, No. 924 Autumn street, to St. Vincent's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

Davenport, Iowa, papers please copy.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

WHEREAS, by his chattel mortgage dated March 26, 1878, and recorded March 29, 1878, and by his chattel mortgage dated October 20, 1881, and recorded October 26, 1881, both of said mortgages being duly recorded in the Recorder's office of the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, Charles E. Parker conveyed to the undersigned mortgagee to secure the payment of certain notes in said mortgages described the following described personal property, now at the premises. No. 410 Market street, in the city of St. Louis, to-wit: The entire outfit of the barber shop, one Turkish bath at said premises, including all furniture, fixtures, eight barber chairs, eight mirrors, cup cases, show cases, carpets, etc., and whereas default has been made in the payment of all of said notes; now, therefore, under the powers to me conveyed by said mortgage, I will, on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 7TH, 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of said day, on the premises aforesaid, No. 410 Market street in said city of St. Louis, sell the above described property at public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of said conveyances.

HENRY D. LAUGHLIN,
Mortgagee.

JULIAN J. LAUGHLIN, Attorney.
St. Louis, October 25, 1881. 50T

WANTED—To rent by November 1, house five to seven rooms in suburbs, convenient to school and street cars or Wabash Railroad. Rent must be low. Address, with terms, etc., Reliable, this office.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC THEATER.
Sunday evening, October 23, and during the week and Wednesday and Saturday Matinees.
J. H. Haverly's Last Great Success!
HAVERLY'S NEW MASTODON MINSTRELS.
THE NEW FORTY.
J. H. Haverly, Proprietor. J. H. Mack, Manager.
THE PINNACLE REACHED.
Motto: Originality and Refinement.
An entire programme of new and brilliant features given by America's greatest coterie of minstrel talent.
Next week—The Wilbur Opera Company—The Mascotte

POPE'S. | ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY.
Monday, October 24, every evening. Wednesday and Saturday Matinee. Mr. A. M. Palmer's original
UNION SQUARE THEATER CO.
Mr. Palmer not only brings to St. Louis his entire company, but also every minute particular that pertains to each of these stage representations.
The opening play will be the great Union Square success, the
BANKER'S DAUGHTER.
Produced with the full strength of the Union Square Theater. Box sheet now open.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
Last Nights of the Eminent Tragedian,
JOHN McCULLOUGH,
Supported by W. M. Conner's Powerful Company.
Monday and Tuesday, October 24 and 25,
THE GLADIATOR.
Wednesday, VIRGINIUS.
Friday—RICHELIEU.
Saturday Matinee—LADY OF LYONS.
Saturday night—Farewell Performance—MACBETH.
Next Week—MARY ANDERSON.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
Corner Sixth and Walnut streets.
Popular Prices: 25c, 50c and 75c.
To-Night.
Matinees—Wednesdays and Saturdays, at 2.
Mr. William Stafford,
Supported by Miss Rosa Rand and a superb cast, in the charming comedy of
THE SNOWBALL.
Sunday, October 30—Big 4 Vaudeville Company.
November 6—The Reigning Dramatic Sensation of London and New York.

M. Xaupi's Academy of Dancing, Waltzing and Personal Deportment.
2337 OLIVE ST
Will commence Friday, October 14, at 3:30 p. m., and Saturday, 15, at 10 a. m., for ladies, misses and masters. Gentlemen's class, Tuesday and Thursday, at 7:30 p. m.
PARK HALL, Park and Mississippi ave., Monday and Wednesday, at 3:30 p. m., October 12. Gentlemen's class same nights at 7:30 p. m.

GERMANIA HALL DANCING SCHOOL.
Mr. Xaupi's class for dancing at Germania Hall will re-open Tuesday, November 1, and Thursday, November 3, at 3½ p. m. to 6 p. m.

CLOCKS
Every possible Design, for Parlor, Office, Saloon or Chamber.
Price from $1.50 to $300.00.
Warranted Good Timepieces.
Mermod, Jaccard & Co
COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

Reed's Elastic Sectional Non-Conducting Covering for
STEAM-HEATED SURFACES,
And for all surfaces heated to 400 degrees and under; also for covering gas and water pipes and similar surfaces, to prevent freezing.
Patented December 21, 1875. Patent reissued June 10, 1879. For prices, address
BRIGHT & DUKES, 700 Pine street.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.

John McCullough appeared last night in the role of Spartacus in the tragedy of "The Gladiator." The house was crowded and there was the usual enthusiasm running through the scenes, while demonstrative applause interrupted many of them and marked the close of all. The audience was representative of the culture and refinement of the city, and the reception tendered the tragedian at the beginning of the second week of his engagement showed that the interest reawakened in his work has not abated in the least. Mr. McCullough's Spartacus ranks with his Othello and Virginius among the most remarkable creations of the stage. He endows the role with all the physical perfection of his glorious manhood and softens and beautifies it with the intellectual charms of his art. The conflicting passions that make up the stage existence of the Spartan hero are widely divergent and range from the wildest fury to the tenderest love. The feelings of father, husband, brother and warrior are commingled in his breast and the trying incidents through which he passes cause each to flash out and assert itself strongly, while the crowning scene of all causes the tragedy to pass from the vision when the nerves are strung to the highest tension of interest and the mind is wrought up to a degree of the utmost anxiety. Mr. McCullough impersonates Spartacus so cleverly and with such consummate art that we see the old hero living and breathing before us again, and whether in the arena coping with a single adversary or on the field of battle facing overwhelming numbers, he seems to have lost not the least jot of his pristine strength and valor, and at the same time that he is a grand personification of soldierly glory, is still perhaps more of a manly man than any other impersonation in which this tragedian appears. Mr. Collier made a magnificent Phasarius and the rest of the cast was strong. "The Gladiator" will be repeated to-night.

"BANKER'S DAUGHTER."

Mr. A. M. Palmer's original Union Square Theater Company appeared last evening a Pope's Theater in Bronson Howard's celebrated play of "The Banker's Daughter." This engagement is one of the notable events of the dramatic season, and consequently at large audience was assembled. Mr. Palmer brought with him the Union Square scenery, painted by Mr. Richard Marsden, who is probably the finest scenic artist in the country, also property, draperies, bric-a-brac, etc. The stage-setting thus became a feature of the performance. The harmony and taste which characterize the adornment and furnishing of the interiors formed a treat for the æsthetic eye to linger upon. "The Banker's Daughter" is one of the most brilliant and popular of the society plays of the day, and the manner in which it was presented last night left nothing to be desired. While one or two of the company did not rise to the perfection of art which was perceptible in the work of the majority of the cast, they nevertheless stood on a very high plane. Taken in its entirety, such a performance as that witnessed last evening has rarely been seen in this city. Miss Sara Jewett, although evidently suffering from a severe cold, played the part of Lilian Westbrook with a refinement, delicacy and depth of emotion which could not be excelled. It was a personation of marked evenness throughout. Her stage business was splendid, and betrayed the genuine, conscientious artist. Her emotional scenes were those of real life, and not those of the stage. Miss Maud Harrison, as the vivacious Mrs. Brown, admirably interpreted the character. It was sparkling, bright, witty and mischievous, and, at the same time, Mrs. Brown was a lady. Mrs. E. J. Phillips as Mrs. Holcombe was excellent. The John Strebelow of Mr. Charles Thorne must be seen to be appreciated. The quiet, natural manner in which this actor produces his effects is something marvelous. When he appears on the scene at the termination of the fatal duel, and confronts the Count de Carojac, with his wife folded to his heart, and denounces the duelist as a liar, a thrill runs through the audience. And yet the actor's tones are subdued, but the clear, penetrating voice tells in the most effective manner of the internal conflict. The scene in the boudoir is equally effective, and at its conclusion Mr. Thorne and Miss Jewett were enthusiastically called before the curtain. Mr. Frederic de Belleville is the best Count de Carojac we have ever seen. The realism of the general scene preceding the duel was perfect. The Babbage of Mr. J. H. Stoddart and Lawrence Westbrook of Mr. John Parselle were both finished bits of acting. Mr. Owen Fawcett as Phipps did well. Mr. Walden Ramsey as Harold Routledge and Mr. Julian Magnus as Montvillars were both excellent. Mr. H. W. Montgomery was a fair Mr. Brown. "The Banker's Daughter" should be seen by all lovers of dramatic art. As interpreted by the Union Square Company it is the perfection of acting, for it is nature itself. Higher praise cannot be awarded. "The Banker's Daughter" will be repeated to-night and all the week.

THE PEOPLE'S.

Miss Rosa Rand and Mr. Wm. Stafford, supported by a good company, appeared again last evening at the popular Sixth street theater in the attractive comedy "The Snowball." An appreciative audience testified its approval of the comedy and the company, both of which present strong claims to play-goers' recognition. "The Snowball" is a production well adapted to the talent of the Stafford-Rand Comoination, and the merits of the piece are faithfully interpreted. Next week the People's boards will be occupied by the Big Four Variety Company. There will be a "Snowball" matinee to-morrow.

OLYMPIC.

The new forty artists of Haverly's Mastodon Minstrel troupe entertained a crowded house at the Olympic last evening. A performance of originality and refinement with every feature of novelty in the scope of minstrel talent is provided by this excellent combination. Songs, ballads choruses and bright sketches are introduced in rapid succession, only interrupted by enthusiastic plaudits and demands for repetition. The performance sparkles with merit, and, moreover, it is the most wholesome bill yet offered by a burnt cork company. There will be a matinee to-morrow. Next week the Wilbur Opera Company will present the ever popular "Mascotte" at the Olympic.

WE know that there is nothing on earth equal to Hop Bitters as a family medicine.

CITY NEWS.

Twenty-one renewed and one new license were issued by the Board of Engineers at their meeting yesterday.

To-day the police appeared in their dress coats and shining brass buttons. The dress coats and white helmets make a neat uniform.

The fair and festival, which opened at Masonic Hall last night, was well attended and will be continued to-night and to-morrow evening.

The sale of pews for the ensuing year occurred at the St. John's M. E. Church last night. The bidding was animated, and a good sum was realized.

"The Moral Forces at Work in Man and Society" was the subject of Father Hughes' lecture before the post-graduate class of St. Louis University last night.

The reported cases of small-pox at Carroll and Cumran streets have had a very disastrous effect on the Peabody School. Investigation proves the report to be unfounded.

Charles Schmidt, a boy thirteen years old, while playing on a rock pile at Kaskaskia and Barton streets last evening, received a fall, in which he fractured his left thigh.

A very unsatisfactory letter was received by Mr St. John yesterday from Hanlan. Hanlan says that Ross does not want to row here, and the prospects for a race are very poor.

Maj. Kennedy, Vice-President of the River Rendering Company, who was severely injured a short time ago by his horse running away, has recovered sufficiently to attend to business.

The Cairo Short Line train due at Union Depot at 8 a. m. to-day was bulletined "Delayed indefinitely" at the telegraph office this morning. The Ohio and Mississippi train No. 5 was abandoned.

The order of the Legion of Honor now propose to erect a new theater, with a seating capacity of 1,500 in the West End. The structure will cost about $60,000, and be located in Stoddard's Addition.

The regular weekly meeting of the Knights of Father Mathew Literary and Debating Society occurred at their hall on Olive street last night. After the debate a miscellaneous programme of recitations and songs was presented.

Mrs. Annie Dubindocher went to the house of Mrs. Weinhammer, 1021 North Twelfth street, and tried to arouse her by seizing her foot and slapping her. A fight ensued, for which both women were fined $5. Both fines were remitted.

While Hugh Smith was endeavoring to couple some freight cars at the Vandalia yard yesterday he was thrown down and the wheels of the engine passed over his legs close to his body. His residence was at No. 1209 North Tenth street.

W. W. Ivory sued Father E. A. Hindell, of St. Boniface Church, Carondelet, for $104, the commission on a loan which he claimed to have negotiated for the Father. The case was tried before Justice McCann yesterday afternoon and the verdict was for defendant.

At 7 o'clock last evening Harry Meyer left this city for Chicago, in the custody of Detectives Wiley and Elliot. The prisoner will be taken to Chicago and thence to Du Paye, Ill., where he is wanted to answer a charge of robbery, preferred by Mr. and Mrs. Fairbank.

The sub-committee of the citizens' committee met with Mayor Ewing in his office yesterday afternoon. Judge Strong, the committee's attorney, was present and spent an hour in proving that the city ought to bring a suit for damages against the St. Louis Gas Light Company. However, no conclusions were reachd, and another meeting will be held.

There will be a largely attended meeting of merchants and business men at Parlor 22, Lindell Hotel, at 8 o'clock this evening, at which time some action will be taken toward the breaking up of the East St. Louis freight blockade. Representatives of the various freight lines and the Transfer Company have been invited to attend and participate in the discussion of affairs.

Thomas Jackson and Josephine Brown met in an alley in the rear of 612 Wash street last evening. Jackson was drunk and Josephine was enraged; so she flourished a large carving knife around her head, and slashed Jackson's face open from forehead to chin, destroying one of his eyes. Officers Regan and Badger arrested the woman and sent the man to the dispensary.

Last night Officer Ryan saw a man somewhat under the influence of liquor start west on Clark avenue. Presently he heard the report of a pistol, and running up arrested a man with a dead fox. The man, Edward Besands, was locked up for carrying concealed weapons. He said that the fox, which was a pet, had bitten his nose and he had shot it for its misbehavior.

The fourth annual meeting of the St. Louis County Sunday School Association will be held at the Presbyterian Church at Kirkwood next Sunday, beginning at 2 p. m. Reports from townsips will be heard and election of officers will be held. The topic to be discussed will be "Does the Sunday School Deserve a Front Rank Among the Evangelizing Agencies of the Present Day."

Yesterday the Browns met the Eclipse base ball team and scored a victory. The record at the end of the fifth inning was 8 in favor of the former and 0 in favor of the latter club. The difference in the scores of yesterday and Sunday is explained by the fact that in the former game five of the Browns men were away and substitutes were taken from the crowd gathered to see the sport.

An adjourned meeting of the School Board Building Committee was held yesterday afternoon, at which seven members were present. The janitor at the Polytechnic Building will hereafter devote a portion of his time to the supply department on the first floor. Mr. Devine was appointed janitor and engineer of Clinton Branch School on probation. The janitors of the Lincoln Branch and Mullanphy School will exchange places.

Wm. Eldridge is a married man but it is said that he wrote a note to the sister of Walter Forber. Eldridge made threats against the brother, who in turn swore out a peace warrant against the man. Last evening Eldridge, with two friends, Frank McBride and John Dorsey met Forber at Fopiana's saloon on Olive street. Angry words ensued when Forber fired two shot at Eldridge and fled. One shot sped wide of its mark but the other barely cut the abdomen.

The city of St. Louis had and still has a dump at the foot of Stein street. About twelve months ago, when the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company desired to erect an elevator near this place, they offered to construct a scavenger dump wherever the city might direct if it would discontinue the use of the one at the foot of Stein street. At length the foot of Catalan street was decided to be a suitable locality and work was commenced. Now comes a remonstrance to the continuation of the work, and the project will be abandoned.

At No. 1217 North Sixth street live two families. Mr. Keane, his wife and son occupy the front, and Mr. Lockman and family live in the rear. There is a gate in the fence between the two tenements, and while the Lockmans insist on passing through this gate out onto the street in front, the Keanes declare that they ought to go through the alley gate in the rear. Last night Lockman passed through the gate with a pistol in his pocket, and was met by the Keanes on their side of the fence. A fight ensued, in which Mrs. Keane was shot through the right hand and her son through the left arm. Officer Badger lodged Lockman in the Third District Station. Mrs. Keane's wound is considered a dangerous one.

CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

Ex-Fire Chief J. C. Brownhall, of Alton, died on Monday in his fifty-first year.

Miss Overpeck, of Clinton, Ind., committed suicide on Monday because her parents objected to her lover.

The Cincinnati Council has passed an ordinance providing for a Union Depot on Third and Central avenues.

Jerome Ingalls, shoe manufacturer of Lynn, Mass., has suspended payment, with liabilities of $150,000.

A fire at Unionville, Mo., on Monday, destroyed the east side of the business square. It was the work of an incendiary.

The Erie Presbyterian Synod has sustained the action of the session in expelling H. Donaldson, of Emterton, for dancing.

The Brooklyn people have been notified by the Water Board that only three weeks' supply of water remains in the reservoir.

George Wilford, of Baird City, Texas, was shot and killed on Monday by his cousin, James Joy, for reflecting upon Joy's wife.

There has been a further rise in the river at Galena, Dubuque, Quincy and Burlington. At Galena the factories have been closed and work suspended.

The Perry County grand jury failed to indict Isom and Priton, the two men bound over for assassination of Editor Mathews at Perryville last June.

The publishing house of Williams & Co., of Boston, has been sued for $30,000 for damages on account of the publication of the novel "Cape Cod Folks." The characters are in the flesh and demand satisfaction.

The mate of the British steamer Imbros was murdered at a low dance-house in Savannah, and twenty-five men and women have been arrested in connection with the affair.

Dr. J. B. Chagnon, of Fall River, joined the Foresters, incurring the displeasure of Father Bedard, a French priest, who denounced him from the pulpit. The Doctor wants $20,000 damages from the priest.

Henry White, the defaulting secretary of the Boston Shoe and Leather Company, was arrested on Monday on the New York elevated road and taken to Boston, where, in default of bond, he was committed to jail.

The Meline committee report on the contingent expense account of the Treasury Department develops a fund of information, such as duplicate payments for carpeting, bay rum for toilet purposes, lemonades and luncheons, high-priced stationery, horse hire, coal supply and an unauthorized office of custodian.

The Place Where Cats Can't Live.

From the Bodie (Cal.) Free Press.

Jim Townsend, of Lundy, has been making some experiments with an ordinary domestic cat. It has been repeatedly stated that a cat could not live at an altitude of 13,000 feet above the sea. Mr. Townsend has demonstrated that such is the fact. On Monday last he and another gentleman made the ascent of Castle Peak, which is a little over 13,000 feet high. They took with them a cat—Thomas—that was a year old, and had lived at an altitude of 6,000 feet with no symptoms of disease. Mr. Townsend had the cat in a box, and as they went up he took observations and noted very carefully its every movement. When the summit was reached they pitched their tent. This was about 2 o'clock in the afternoon. The cat partook of some food and, after playing for an hour or so, fell asleep, and did not wake up until near midnight. When it did recover consciousness it set up a howling, and appeared much distressed. Townsend pitied it and endeavored to make it feel at home, but of no use. It kept up its constant moaning, and displayed symptoms of having fits. When morning came the cat was offered food, but it refused to eat, and acted even more strangely than during the night. Townsend says it would open its mouth as if gasping for breath, would jump about, and then go to sleep and wake up with a start. All this while close watch was kept and every movement noted. At 5 o'clock in the afternoon the cat died of exhaustion.

The Land League Business.

Cable Dispatch to New York Herald.

Within a week the Government will separate the Leaguers now in Kilmainham. Those now there really form a very pleasant club. The prisoners in Kilmainham are not harshly treated. They have comfortable, clean rooms, with easy chairs, books and the Dublin newspapers. They can smoke and have each day six hours of mutual intercourse. They can have food sent in. Their imprisonment would be a farce if they could meet and, through a solicitor or doctor, communicate directions to those without or explain their political views to every visitor for publication. When the Government found that communications were going out, culminating in the issue of the manifesto with the prisoners' signatures, it was necessary to adopt severe rules. The Government are now contemplating the distribution of the prisoners forming the executive of the League among other Irish jails. Considerable delay in the transmission of telegrams from Dublin this week was caused by the supervision exercised by the officials, who are carefully examining every dispatch for the information and use of the Government. The police are ridiculed for the escape of Mr. Arthur O'Connor, but the fact is that the detective, knew his every movement, and were instructed not to try very hard to catch him, because a certain official said "He sold his Government once and may sell his friends next time." This refers to Mr. O'Connor's record when a clerk in the Navy Department.

SUDDEN changes of temperature are very productive of Coughs and Colds, which always yield, however, very promptly to Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED

STOMACH BITTERS

Diminished Vigor

Is reimbursed in great measure, to those troubled with weak kidneys, by a judicious use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which invigorates and stimulates without exciting the urinary organs. In conjunction with its influence upon them, it corrects acidity, improves appetite, and is in every way conducive to health and nerve repose. Another marked quality is its control over fever and ague, and its power of preventing it. For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.

TRADE MARK.

Holman's PAD.

Acts by Absorption Through the Nerve Forces and the Circulation.

DR. HOLMAN'S PAD is the ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE CURATIVE PAD, the only remedy that has an honestly acquired right to use the title word "PAD" in connection with a treatment for chronic diseases of the STOMACH, LIVER, SPLEEN and MALARIAL BLOOD POISONING.

HOLMAN'S PAD has such complete control over the most persistent CHRONIC DISEASES of the STOMACH and LIVER, including INDIGESTION, all forms of DYSPEPSIA, BILIOUS and SICK HEADACHES, NERVOUS PROSTRATION and SLEEPLESSNESS, as to AMPLY justify the eminent Professor Loomis' high encomium: "IT IS NEARER A UNIVERSAL PANACEA THAN ANYTHING IN MEDICINE."

BEWARE OF BOGUS AND IMITATION PADS. EACH GENUINE HOLMAN PAD bears the PRIVATE REVENUE STAMP of the HOLMAN PAD COMPANY, being the above Trade Mark printed in green.

For Sale by all Druggists,

Or sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of $2 00. Full treatise and advice sent free.

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P. O. box 2172.

$1000 REWARD For any case of Blind, Bleeding, Itching, Ulcerated or Protruding PILES that DeBing's Pile Remedy fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. MILLER, M. D., 915 Arch st., Phila., Pa. None genuine without his signature. Sold by druggists. $1 00.

POND'S EXTRACT,
The Standard Family Medicine
FOR NEARLY
HALF A CENTURY,
THE SUMMER REMEDY
FOR
SUNBURNS, SORES, 'IN-SHOT' WOUNDS, HEMORRHAGES, RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SUMMER CATARRH, INFLAMMATIONS, PILES, BRUISES, INSECT BITES AND FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

It is the only remedy that can be relied upon as a family medicine to eradicate these diseases, and the only one indorsed by the ablest physicians, among whom are

Dr. Sumner, Dr. Herring, Dr. Freeman, Dr. Hall,
Dr. Lowder, Dr. Bernard, Dr. Cheverton, F. C. S., Dr. Okie,
Dr. Preston, Dr. Maberly, M. R. C. S., Dr. Guiness, F. R. C. S., Dr. Payne.

CAUTION.

POND'S EXTRACT has been imitated, and the words "POND'S EXTRACT" attached to bottles not of our own manufacture. The genuine has the words "POND'S EXTRACT" blown in the glass of every bottle, and our buff trade-mark wrapper surrounding it. Insist upon having the genuine. POND'S EXTRACT IS NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

Prices of Pond's Extract, Toilet Articles and Specialties:

POND'S EXTRACT	50c, $1 and $1 75
TOILET CREAM, for Rough Skin, cooling and delicious	$1 00
DENTIFRICE, for the Teeth and Gums	50
LIP SALVE, for Chapped and Rough Lips	25
TOILET SOAP (3 cakes), per box	50
OINTMENT, for Piles, Burns, Sores, etc	50
CATARRH REMEDY, Specific for Catarrh	75
PLASTER, for Lumbago, etc	25
INHALER, for Lung and Throat Diseases, by mail	50
NASAL SYRINGE, for Cold in the Head, etc., by mail	25
FAMILY SYRINGE, Best in Use	1 00
MEDICATED PAPER, 1,000 Sheets	25

Our New Pamphlet, with History of our Preparations, sent FREE on application to the

POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY,
14 WEST FOURTEENTH STREET, NEW YORK.

TRADE MARK.

HALE'S HONEY
— OF —
HOREHOUND & TAR!

The Great National Specific for the Speedy Cure of
COUGHS, COLDS, INFLUENZA, SORE THROATS, LUNG and all BRONCHIAL COMPLAINTS.

The Honey of the Plant Horehound SOOTHES and SCATTERS all irritations and inflammations, and the Tar Balm Abies Balsamea CLEANSES and HEALS the throat and air passages leading to the lungs. FIVE additional ingredients keep the organs cool, moist, and in healthful action.

A Cough may be fitly termed the preliminary stage of Consumption, a malady of which HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR is the surest known preventive. Therefore, delay not a moment to take this CERTAIN SPECIFIC. CHILDREN derive great benefit from its soothing properties, when suffering with Croup and Whooping Cough. PRICES:—50c. and $1. Large Size Cheapest.

C. N. CRITTENTON, Sole Prop'r, New York.

CAUTION!

The wonderful achievements and success of Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar has caused the issue of counterfeits and deceptive and dangerous mixtures bearing parts of its compound name or Trade-Mark device. Be not deceived by these vile subterfuges, but obtain "Hale's Honey of Horehound and Tar" in its full name, and also observe the above EXACT Trade-Mark device on the wrapper inclosing each bottle, without which none is genuine.

For Sale by all Druggists.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS CURE IN ONE MINUTE.

ALEXANDER'S DRUG STORE,
NORTHWEST COR. FIFTH AND OLIVE STS.
PURE MEDICINES, FINE PERFUMERY,
Sponges, Mirrors, Hair Brushes, Combs, Soap and other Fancy Toilet Articles.
ALEXANDER'S UNRIVALED COLOGNE WATER.
Prescriptions Accurately Prepared by Competent Apothecaries under the supervision of
M. W. ALEXANDER,
Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE—For the purpose of providing money for improvement of road bed and equipments, paying the floating debt of the company, and for such other lawful purposes as may be directed, notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Benton Bellefontaine Railway Company on Tuesday, the 8th day of December, 1881, at 9 a m., at the office of the company, to vote upon an increase of the capital stock of the company to four hundred thousand dollars.

GEO. H. CHASE,
CHAS. PARSONS.
GEO. E. LEIGHTON,
Directors.

St. Louis, Mo., Oct. 3, 1881.

NOTICE.—In pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of the State of Missouri, approved May 14th, 1879, entitled "An act concerning the publication of judicial notices in cities having more than one hundred thousand inhabitants," the undersigned Judges of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis hereby give notice that on the 7th day of November, A. D. 1881, between the hours of 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of said day they, will be in attendance in Court-room No. 4, at the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, for the purpose of receiving sealed proposals from the daily newspapers published in said city for the publication of all advertisements, judicial notices and orders of publication required by law to be made. Parties desiring to furnish such proposals are further notified that each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the penal sum of $10,000, with good and sufficient security, conditioned that the principal therein will correctly and faithfully publish in the newspaper specified all said advertisements, notices and orders in manner and form as required by law and according to the schedule of rates named in said proposals. Said proposals must each be accompanied by a sworn statement, made by the publisher of the paper in whose behalf the proposal is made, showing the bona fide daily circulation of such paper to be over three thousand copies; and no proposal will be considered in behalf of any newspaper unless it have a bona fide daily circulation of at least three thousand copies. Each bid must also specify the rate per line for the first and subsequent insertions of said advertisements, notices and orders, giving the character of the type to be used and the width of column. The right to reject all or any of the proposals made for the reason that said bids are not sufficiently definite or specific, or that the same are unreasonably high, is hereby reserved.

ELMER B. ADAMS,
WILBUR F. BOYLE,
WILLIAM H. HORNER,
JAMES J. LINDLEY,
AMOS M. THAYER.

St. Louis, October 14, 1881.

W. F. LAMBE & CO.,
Plumbers,
Gas and Steam Fitters,
and Sewer Builders.
NO. 813 MARKET STREET

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JOHN MAGUIRE,
Real Estate and House Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public.
Houses, lots and stores for rent, lease, sale or exchange in different parts of the city. Money loaned on real estate.
519 Walnut st., Office bet. 5th and 6th.

FOR SALE!
One Sixteen-Horse Power
ENGINE,
With Governor, etc., complete, almost new and in first-class condition. Will be sold very cheap if applied for IMMEDIATELY.
Also, One Four-Flued Wangler
BOILER,
With Smoke-Stack, Pump, Heater, Etc., complete, and in as good condition as when put in. Apply at the office of
POST-DISPATCH.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

List of Those That Have Qualified Under the Law of 1881.

Crawford, T. L., U. S. Circuit Clerk's office, Post Office Building.
Dyer, Trusten P., Notary and Attorney, 417 Pine.
Espenschied, Frederic F., 822 Pine; r. 2926 Dickson
Gordon, S. B., Lawyer and Notary, 919 Olive st.
Jonas M. B., 219 N. Fifth, room 23.
Kappner, I. G., 111 N. Fifth street.
Lathrop, Joseph, 411 N. Third, room 3.
Logan, C. C., 217 N. Eighth st.; 3518 Washington av
Marston, Edgar L., 417 Olive, Room 8.
Newman, H. A., Room 10, Temple Building.
O'Neill, John J., 609 Locust; res. Boston & Spring
Papin, Theodore, 811 Olive.
Parmer, Enrique, 506 Olive, room 15.
Picot, L. D., 517 Pine street.
Robertson, Julius, 515 Olive; residence 2027 Morgan
Stevenson, J. C. H., 720 Pine; res. 2109 Walnut st.

TURKISH BATHS, ELECTRIC, SULPHUR and every other bath. Health and comfort assured. Under Lindell Hotel.
J. P. THOMAS, Proprietor.

ANDREW F. BROWN,
UNDERTAKER,
BOARDING, SALE & LIVERY STABLE
Nos. 101 to 107 S. Eleventh St.,
CORNER OF WALNUT.
I am now prepared to deal with my friends and the public on the most reasonable terms, and respectfully invite their attention. The best quality of metallic and wooden caskets constantly on hand.

Peremptory Sale of Real Estate at Auction.

On Monday, October 31, will be sold the half block of 1145 fronting on Davis street, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets, in lots to suit, by order of Judge Slimmon, assignee of Duncan, Sherman & Co., at 3 o'clock p. m., at the Real Estate Exchange, Nos. 14 and 15 N. Seventh street.

Terms cash. R. F. BARRY, Agent.
BROLASKI & VOORHEES, Auctioneers.

LEGAL.

Trustees' Sales.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas by his deed of trust dated the 24th day of June, 1880, and recorded in the office of the Recorder of Deeds of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in book 698 and page 223, William L. Buck conveyed to the undersigned trustee the following described real estate, lying and being situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, in block number thirty-five of said city of St. Louis, beginning at a point in the south line of Walnut street fifty-seven feet and one-half inch, more or less, east of the east line of Second street, which point is the northeast corner of a lot now or formerly owned by Jno. G. Chandler, and running thence south along and with the east line of said Chandler's property fifty-five feet, thence eastwardly and parallel with Walnut street twenty-four feet and seven inches more or less to the southwest corner of property now or formerly owned by Mary A. Derby's trustee, thence north along and with the western line of said Derby's property fifty-five feet to said Derby's northwest corner on Walnut street, and thence westwardly on the south line of Walnut street to the point of beginning; which conveyance was made to secure the payment of certain promissory notes therein described; and whereas default has been made in the payment of the first note therein described, now therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and in compliance with the provisions of said deed of trust, I will proceed to sell the said property at public vendue, at the east front door of the Court house in said city, to the highest bidder, for cash, on

TUESDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. of that day, for the purposes of said trust.

JAMES E. KAIME, Trustee.

St. Louis, October 24, 1881. 42T

EXECUTRIX'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of an order of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, Missouri, made at the September term, 1881, in the matter of the estate of Bernard H. Kettman, deceased, I, the undersigned, will, in pursuance of said order, on the fourth Monday of November next, being

THE 28TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house, in said city, and during the session of the Circuit or Probate Court of said city, between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, expose to sale, at public vendue or outcry, to the highest bidder, all the right, title and interest of the estate of said deceased in and to the following described real estate, to-wit:

The following described lot of ground situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, being situated in block No. 29 of Ann C. T. Farrar's addition (city block No. 1180) to Bremen, commencing at a point in the southern line of Mallinckrodt street, sixty-five (65) feet east from Thirteenth street, and running thence south parallel with Thirteenth street one hundred and eighty (180) feet to an alley twenty feet wide, thence east with the northern line of said alley thirty (30) feet, thence north parallel with Thirteenth street one hundred and eighty (180) feet to Mallinckrodt street, thence west with the southern line of Mallinckrodt street, thirty (30) feet to the point of beginning, containing a lot of ground of thirty feet front on Mallinckrodt street by one hundred and eighty feet in depth and being a part of the same property acquired by said Bernhard H. Kettmann, deceased, of Ann C. T. Farrar, by deed dated January 2, 1865, and recorded in the recorder's office of the city of St. Louis, in book 276 page 68.

Terms of sale: Cash.

ELIZABETH KETTMANN,
Executrix of the estate of Bernhard H. Kettman, deceased.

For further particulars apply to RICHARD F. KOSTER, No. 319 Market street.

St. Louis, October 25, 1881. 43T

ORDER OF PUBLICATION.

State of Missouri, City of St. Louis, ss.
In the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, October Term, 1881.
Monday, October 24, 1881.
Josephine Coker
vs.
William Coker.

Now, at this day, comes the plaintiff by her attorney, and it appearing from the return of the Sheriff herein that the defendant cannot be found in the city of St. Louis, and the court being satisfied that process cannot be served upon him, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney,

It is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant, and also the custody and control of the child born of said marriage, on the grounds of desertion and a failure on the part of said defendant to support the plaintiff.

And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of February next, and on or before the third day thereof answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis POST-DISPATCH, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, this 24th day of October, 1881.

SEAL. CHAS. F. VOGEL, Clerk. 44T

Assignees' Notices.

IN THE MATTER OF THE ASSIGNMENT OF J. Klipper & Son.—Notice is hereby given that Solomon Boehn, assignee of J. Klipper & Son, has filed and exhibited to the Circuit Court City of St. Louis a statement of the accounts of his trust to the October term, 1881, of said court, together with proper vouchers, and that said accounts will be allowed by said court in room No. 3, on Monday, the 31st day of October, 1881, unless good cause to the contrary be shown.

SEAL. CHARLES F. VOGEL, Clerk Circuit Court City of St. Louis.
H. E. Mills, att'y for assignee.

Administrators' Notices.

GUARDIAN'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that I was, on the 22d day of October, 1881, duly appointed by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis guardian of the person and estate of Johanna Borg, a person of unsound mind.

ANTHONY MACKE.

St. Louis, October 24, 1881. 35T

TRADE S.S.S. MARK.

Is Purely Vegetable, Contains Not One Grain of any mineral substance and will cure any case of Syphilis in the world.

"Have never known it to fail to cure a case of Syphilis when properly taken."
H. L. DENNARD, ELI WARREN, } Perry, Ga.

"The above signers are gentlemen of high standing."
A. H. COLQUITT, Gov. of Georgia.

Ask the druggist or write for the little book.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga., Props.
Sold by druggists everywhere.

DR. WHITTIER
617 St. Charles Street, St. Louis, Mo.
A regular graduate of two Medical Colleges, has been longer located than any other Physician in St. Louis, as city papers show, and all old residents know. Syphilis, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Stricture, Orchitis, Rupture, all Urinary Diseases and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of Throat, Skin or Bones cured Safely, Privately. Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, as the result of Self-Abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or over brainwork, producing nervousness, seminal emissions, debility, dimness of sight, defective memory, physical decay, aversion to society of females, confusion of ideas, loss of sexual power, or night losses, rendering marriage improper, are permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail free—invited. Pamphlet one stamp. Medicines sent by mail or express. Cures guaranteed. Where doubt exists it is frankly stated.

MARRIAGE GUIDE! 260 PAGES. FINE PLATES.
Over fifty wonderful pen pictures, true to life; on the following subjects: Who may marry, who not, why. Manhood, Womanhood, Physical decay. Who should marry? How life and happiness may be increased; Effects of celibacy and excess, and many more. Those married or contemplating marriage should read it then keep under lock and key. 25 cts., by mail in money or postage.
Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles st., St. Louis, Mo.

DR. WOOD,
213 N. SEVENTH ST.—20 years practical experience. Cures private diseases, no matter how serious or long standing, in less time and for less money than any other physician in the city.
Every case guaranteed.
Hours 8 to 8 daily, 9 to 12 Sundays. Call or write.

BROWN,
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VERY STABLE
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VALNUT.
my friends and the
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The best quality of
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Real Estate

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OF NOVEMBER, A.
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MES E. KAIME.
Trustee.
42T

EAL ESTATE.—By
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TH KETTMANN,
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St. Louis, ss.
of St. Louis,
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IAS. F. VOGEL,
Clerk.
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SIGNMENT OF J.
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Kupper & Son, has
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RLES F. VOGEL,
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Notices.
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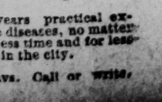
of the City of St.
d estate of Johanna
THONY MACKE.
35T



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260 PAGES.
UIDE!
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LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE UNDER DEED OF TRUST.—Whereas, Diedrick Faugmann and Mary, his wife, by their deed dated the 10th of May, A. D. 1875, and recorded in the Recorder's office of St. Louis County, now city, in book 520, page 258, conveyed to Diedrich H. Rump, in trust, the following described real estate lying and being in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, to-wit:

Lots numbered twenty-nine (29) and thirty (30) of block numbered two (2) of Foote's subdivision (city block No. 2368) as laid down upon the plat of said subdivision on file in the office of the Recorder of Deeds for said St. Louis county (now city,) the property herein conveyed having an aggregate front of fifty-seven feet (57) and six and one-half (6½) inches on the south line of Magnolia street by a depth of one hundred and thirty (130) feet more or less to the alley of said block; which said conveyance was made in trust to secure the payment of nine promissory notes in said deed described. And whereas one of the said notes remains due and unpaid, and the said Diedrich H. Rump, said trustee, has departed this life, without having completed the performance of duties imposed on him by said deed of trust, and the Sheriff of St. Louis county refusing to act, and the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis having made an order on the 12th day of October, 1881, appointing the Sheriff of the City of St. Louis trustee, to execute said deed of trust in lieu and place of the original trustee. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that, at the request of the legal holder of said notes, and by virtue of the said order of Court, and in pursuance of the provisions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the above described real estate, to satisfy said notes and the costs of executing said trust.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff and Trustee.

St. Lou's, October 12, 1881. 46S

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Hannah M. Jenkins, Maria P. Carroll and William L. Carroll vs. Edward S. Lilly, Jane Jenkins and John L. Jenkins, her husband, Catherine Gubernator, and James G. Gubernator, her husband, Mary I. Reilly, Sarah I. Owen, Henry Reilly, Edward S. Reilly, Harry L. Lilly and Catharine Lilly.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court in the above entitled cause, dated Monday, the 10th day of October, 1881, I will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 9TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day at the east front of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public auction for cash to the highest bidder, the following described real estate situate, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

A certain piece or parcel of ground together with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying and being in said city of St. Louis, and in city block two hundred and fifty-three thereof, fronting fifty-one feet on the north side of Franklin avenue and running back northwardly between parallel lines eighty feet in depth, bounded east by property now or lately owned by Mohrmann, north by property now or lately owned by Stoever, west by public alley running north and south through said block, and south by Franklin avenue.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 13 1881. 63S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and George W. Taussig, St. Louis Land and Building Association, Masonic Hall Association, James Baker, Joel Wood, William H. Lee, Mira Benoist and Calvin F. Burnes are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Market street in city block 184, 135 feet in front or width, and 109 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by an alley, on the east by Seventh street, on the south by Market street, on the west by real estate of one Johnson.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER THE 11TH, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 15, 1881. 90S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Jacob Pickle and Peter Pickle, partners by the name of Jacob Pickle & Bro., and against Edward H. Woerheide,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described personal property, being located on the real estate to-wit, real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

A steam engine, boiler, etc., which was in use as a planing mill upon the following described real estate, to-wit:

A lot of land in city block No. 604, situated on the north side of Cass avenue, having a front on Cass avenue of forty-three and twenty-three feet with a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty-three feet and nine inches, being lots No. from 813 to 823 inclusive; bounded south by Cass avenue, east by land of Graham and west by land of Chambers.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named James L. Patterson of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., September 30, 1881. 81R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Marry E. Maxwell, Joseph Dickson, guardian, David Shakelford, trustee, Joseph Hill are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 21 in block 2 in Page's subdivision of block 855 west, in Page's second addition to said city, having a front width on Park avenue of 25 feet by a depth or length of 88 feet and 4 inches.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 30, 1881. 77R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Chester H. Krum is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue in city block 810, in front or width 22 feet 2 inches in the one part, and 42 feet 3 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 120 feet in the one part, and 121 feet 8½ inches in the other part, being lot 11 in Cabanne and Walker's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 10, 1881. 13S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Timothy Sullivan, trustee of Margaret Welsh, Margaret Welsh, and Danie Welsh are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 2429, 25 feet in front or width, and 135 feet in length or depth, being lot 10 in block 2 in Cardinal Tract addition to said city.

No. 2. A lot of ground on Peck street in city block 2429, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 34 in block 2 in Cardinal Tract addition to said city.

No. 3. A lot of ground on Grand avenue in city block 2429, 25 feet in front or width, and 135 feet in length or depth, being lot 11 in block 2 in Cardinal Tract addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Peck street in city block 2429, 25 feet in front or width, and 120 feet in length or depth, being lot 33 in block 2 in Cardinal Tract addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 30, 1881. 82R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William H. Lackland, Robert S. McDonald and Kenneth McKenzie, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Spruce street in city block 215, 30 feet in front or width and 140 feet in length or depth, being the east half of lot 17 in Rundlett's addition to said city.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 27, 1881. 67R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of J. Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Thomas Jackson, Jr., and Jacob Jackson, are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Tenth street in city block 347, 20 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Green, on the east by that of one Nelson, on the south by that of one L. Blumeyer, on the west by Tenth street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 30, 1881. 82R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Myer A. Rosenblatt, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Chester H. Krum is defendant,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Carondelet avenue in city block 810, in front or width 22 feet 2 inches in the one part, and 42 feet 3 inches in the other part, and in length or depth 120 feet in the one part, and 121 feet 8½ inches in the other part, being lot 11 in Cabanne and Walker's addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 10, 1881. 13S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Timothy Sullivan, trustee of Margaret Welsh, Margaret Welsh, and Danie Welsh are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

A lot of ground on Tenth street in city block 347, 20 feet in front or width, and 100 feet in length or depth, and bounded on the north by the real estate of one Green, on the east by that of one Nelson, on the south by that of one L. Blumeyer, on the west by Tenth street.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., September 30, 1881. 82R

LEGAL.

Sheriff's Sales.

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and William K. Fye, Mary L. Taylor, James K. Taylor, William F. Taylor, Philip V. Taylor, Mary L. T. Taylor, M. F. Taylor and Huntington Smith are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

No. 1. Eight lots of ground on Sixteenth street in city block 1241, each 25 feet in front or width, and 143 feet in length or depth, being lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12 in block 4 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 2. Nine lots of ground on Seventeenth street in city block 1241, each 25 feet in front or width, and 143 feet in length or depth, being lots 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 and 27 in block 4 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 3. Five lots of ground on Eighteenth street in city block 1243, each 25 feet in front or width, and 128 feet in length or depth, being lots 30, 31, 32, 33 and 34 in block 2 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 4. A lot of ground on Twenty-ninth street in city block 1247, 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lot 2 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

No. 5. Four lots of ground on Twenty-first street in city block 1247, each 25 feet in front or width, and 127 feet 6 inches in length or depth, being lots 24, 25, 26 and 33 in block 8 in West Bremen addition to said city.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 10, 1881. 12S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Joseph P. White and against James L. Patterson,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

The following piece or parcel of ground with the buildings thereon, situate in block 504 of the city of St. Louis, at the northwest corner of Pine and Twelfth streets, fronting twenty-two 11-12 feet on west side of Twelfth street and extending back westwardly with a uniform width of 22 11-12 feet, one hundred feet to an alley, bounded north by property of Pattison, east by Twelfth street, south by Pine street and west by an alley.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 13, 1881. 63S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Mary E. Maxwell, Joseph Dickson, guardian, David Shakelford, trustee, Joseph Hill are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 20 and ten feet off the eastern part of lot No. 19 of block 1 of Thomas A. Wright's subdivision of out lot No. 4, adjoining North St. Louis, city block No. 835, or together sixty feet on the south line of Warren street with a depth southwardly with the same width of 112 feet 6 inches.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Frederick Marx of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said two executions and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., September 27, 1881. 65R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of M. E. Sell and W. E. Sell, her husband, and against Ernst Bruere,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 9 in city block No. 2273 of the city of St. Louis, said lot being bounded as follows:

On the north by an alley 20 feet wide, west by lot No. 10, south by Gratiot street, and east by lot No. 8, having a front of 25 feet on Gratiot street by a depth of 100 feet.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Ernst Bruere of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., September 27, 1881. 66R

SHERIFF'S SALE IN PARTITION.—Caroline Henckler vs. Margaret Henckler, Spurgeon Henckler, Josephine H. Gauen and George A. Gauen.

By virtue and authority of a decree and order of sale issued from the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, in the above entitled cause, dated October the fourteenth, 1881, I will, on

SATURDAY, THE 12TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described real estate, situated, lying and being in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, and more particularly described as follows, to-wit:

Lots numbered thirteen (13) and fourteen (14) in block numbered four (4) of Schneider's addition to the city of St. Louis, being city block numbered fifteen hundred and twenty-six (1526).

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 18, 1881. 1T

Administrators' Notices.

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE of an allowance against the Broadway Savings Bank.—Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order of sale made by the Probate Court for the City of St. Louis at the September term, A. D. 1881, I will sell, on account and for the estate of Louisa Luxinger, alias Streck, an allowance against the Broadway Savings Bank, amounting to $1,707 38; payable on same, $973 20. Sale will take place at 12 o'clock on

FRIDAY, THE 4TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, A. D. 1881,

at the eastern front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis. Terms of sale—Cash.

MARTROM D. LEWIS,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis.

Office, N. W. Cor. Sixth and Locust streets, Ins. Building.

St. Louis, Mo., October 24, 1881. 38T

ESTATE of Frederick Nedderhut, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of

Frederick Nedderhut,

deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 24th day of September, 1881.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of September, 1881.

WILLIAM NEDDERHUT,
Administrator of the estate of Frederick Nedderhut, deceased. 64R

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

Patrick Rooney,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

WILLIAM KEATING,
Administrator.

St. Louis, October 17, 1881. 90S

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

George H. Fette,

deceased, that I, the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of St. Louis City, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December, 1881.

ANNA FETTE,
Administratrix of George H. Fette, deceased.

St. Louis, October 17, 1881. 97S

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of

John P. Meyer,

deceased, that the undersigned, administratrix of said estate, intends to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.

WILHELMINE MEYER,
Administratrix of the estate of John P. Meyer, deceased.

St. Louis, October 17, 1881. 93S

Assignees' Notices.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE of DISCHARGE.—To the creditors of F. M. Corbin: Take notice that on Monday the 5th day of December, 1881, at the December Term of the Circuit Court City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, I shall apply to said court for my discharge as the assignee of said F. M. Corbin.

L. H. THOMAS,
Assignee.

W. H. H. Russell, Attorney for Assignee.

LEGAL.

U. S. Marshal's Sale.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA. EASTERN DISTRICT OF MISSOURI, ss.—Whereas an execution, No. 1812, in favor of the Metropolitan National Bank of New York, and against B. Maziere Chambers, Eliza B. Hudson and Margaret F. Smith has been issued out of the office of the clerk of the United States Circuit Court for the Eastern District of Missouri, on the 17th day of May, 1881, on a judgment rendered in said court against said defendants on the 4th day of April, 1881, and to me directed, I have, on the 11th day of July, 1881, levied upon and seized all the right, title, interest and claim or estate of the said Eliza B. Hudson of, in or to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis in said district, viz.:

1. A lot in block 16 of the city of St. Louis, having a front of 26 feet 7 1-6 inches on the eastern line of Main street, by a depth of 130 feet 3 inches to an alley, and bounded north by a line 48 feet 7 1-6 inches south of Cherry street, or by lot of Eliza B. Hudson, south by lot of John M. Frost, east by alley, west by Main street.

2. A lot in the northwest quarter of block 22 of said city of St. Louis, having a front of 14½ feet on the eastern line of Second street, by a depth of 108 feet to an alley, and bounded north by a lot of E. D. Morgan and south by lot of Thomas.

3. A lot in block 71 east in said city of St. Louis, having a front of 32 feet on the eastern line of Collins street by a depth eastwardly between parallel lines of 116 feet to an alley, bounded north by lot of Thomas M. Johnson, and south by lot of Mary Royce, and being the southern 32 feet of lot 6 in said block.

4. A lot in block 71 west in said city of St. Louis, having a front of 54 feet on the western line of Collins street by a depth westwardly to the west line of United States survey 1412, and bounded north by land of McLean and south by land of Jane Lindsay, west by land of Public Schools and east by Collins street.

5. A lot in block 114 of the said city of St. Louis, having a front of 25 feet 1 inch on the western line of Fifth street by a depth westwardly of 90 feet 3¾ inches to an alley, and bounded north by lot of Conzelman and south by lot of Thomas Allen, the southern line of said lot being 49 feet 10¾ inches north of Market street.

6. A lot in block 565 of said city of St. Louis, having a front of 41 feet 8 inches on the west side of Fourteenth street by a depth westwardly between parallel lines of 125 feet to an alley, and bounded south by a line parallel with and 206 feet 10 inches five inches of lot twenty-five in block eight of Thomas P. Smith's first addition, beginning at a point in south line of Washington and 42 feet and a half feet east of the east line of Summit avenue, thence running eastwardly along south line of Walnut street forty-four and a half feet to northwest corner of lot twenty-three, thence southwardly along west line of lot twenty-three and parallel with Summit avenue one hundred and thirty-four and a half feet more or less to north line of alley, fifteen feet wide, thence westwardly along north line of said alley forty-two and a half feet, thence northwardly parallel with Summit avenue to south line of Walnut street, the point of beginning, bounded north by Walnut street, east by lot twenty-three now or lately owned by the estate of James McNeary, south by alley and west by part of lot twenty-five, now or lately owned by Pat Mohan.

Terms of sale—Cash, one-half at one year at 6 per cent interest from date of sale, to be secured by a deed of trust on the property; or at option of purchaser, all cash upon the delivery of deed.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 13, 1881. 62S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of two executions issued from the office of the Clerk of the Court of Appeals of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Diedrich Steincke and against Frederick Marx,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

Lot No. 20 and ten feet off the eastern part of lot No. 19 of block 1 of Thomas A. Wright's subdivision of out lot No. 4, adjoining North St. Louis, city block No. 835, or together sixty feet on the south line of Warren street with a depth southwardly with the same width of 112 feet 6 inches.

And I will, on

WEDNESDAY, THE 26TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named Frederick Marx of, in and to the above described property, to satisfy said two executions and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, October 27, 1881. 68R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Jacob Pickle and Peter Pickle, partners by the name of Jacob Pickle & Bro., and against Edward H. Woerheide,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described personal property, being located on the real estate to-wit, real estate situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

A steam engine, boiler, etc., which was in use as a planing mill upon the following described real estate, to-wit:

A lot of land in city block No. 604, situated on the north side of Cass avenue, having a front on Cass avenue of forty-three and twenty-three feet with a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty-three feet and nine inches, being lots No. from 813 to 823 inclusive; bounded south by Cass avenue, east by land of Graham and west by land of Chambers.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, all the right, title, interest, claim, estate and property of the above named James L. Patterson of, in and to the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff of the City of St. Louis.

St. Louis, Mo., September 30, 1881. 81R

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the December term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and Marry E. Maxwell, Joseph Dickson, guardian, David Shakelford, trustee, Joseph Hill are defendants,

I have levied upon and seized the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the lien of tax bill on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit:

Lot 21 in block 2 in Page's subdivision of block 855 west, in Page's second addition to said city, having a front width on Park avenue of 25 feet by a depth or length of 88 feet and 4 inches.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 10, 1881. 12S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of an alias execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, in favor of Joseph P. White and against James L. Patterson,

I have levied upon and seized all the right, title and interest of the defendant in and to the following described real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and described as follows, to-wit:

The following piece or parcel of ground with the buildings thereon, situate in block 504 of the city of St. Louis, at the northwest corner of Pine and Twelfth streets, fronting twenty-two 11-12 feet on west side of Twelfth street and extending back westwardly with a uniform width of 22 11-12 feet, one hundred feet to an alley, bounded north by property of Pattison, east by Twelfth street, south by Pine street and west by an alley.

And I will, on

FRIDAY, THE 28TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1881,

between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, sell, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the above described property, or so much thereof as will satisfy said execution and costs.

ISAAC M. MASON,
Sheriff City St. Louis, Mo.

St. Louis, Mo., October 13, 1881. 63S

SHERIFF'S SALE.—By virtue and authority of a special execution issued from the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court at the City of St. Louis, returnable to the October term, 1881, of said court, and to me directed, wherein the State of Missouri, at the relation and to the use of Nathaniel C. Hudson, Collector of the City of St. Louis, in the State of Missouri, is plaintiff, and George E. Smith, Robert M. Jennings, Charles

Anthracite Coal.
Best Lehigh and Wilkesbarre, Indiana Block, Big Muddy, Blossburg and Piedmont Blacksmith Coals.
J. J. SYLVESTER, Agt.,
416 Olive Street.

10 Lbs. Clarified Sugar, $1.
9 lbs Granulated Sugar, $1.
Teas and Coffees 10 per cent lower than can be bought elsewhere.
ST. LOUIS TEA CO.,
106 North Fifth street.

SADDLE ROCK OYSTERS, Little Neck Clams, Clam Chowder, also Meats, Fish and Game, served to order at MILFORD'S, 114 N. Fifth. Separate dining-room for ladies.

LOCAL NEWS.

SUPERIOR EAU DE COLOGNE, equal to the imported, in pint bottles. Pozzoni, 507 N. Sixth street.

BOSTON ART FURNITURE.

In St. Louis at Boston Prices—No Charge for Freight.

Bed-room, dining-room, parlor and all kinds of fancy furniture in ebony, brass, maple, walnut, mahogany and cogbly wood.
GUERNSEY, JONES & CO.,
500 North Fourth street.

Eminent Drs. S. L. and J. C. Nidelet, St. Louis, write: * * * COLDEN'S LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF (remember the name—Colden's—take no other) we have prescribed with excellent success in diphtheria, malarial, typhoid fevers and every depressing disease.

PRIVATE matters skilfully treated and medicine sent to any address. Dr. Dinsbeer, 415 N. Seventh st.

Dr. Whittier, 617 St. Charles St., St. Louis. A regular graduate, oldest office in U. S. for cure of private matters, venereal diseases, etc.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
922 Olive street. Set of teeth only $8.

F. B. RODGERS, 1118 Olive street, magnetic physician. Diseases cured without the use of drugs. Consultation free.

DRUNKENNESS and morphine habit treated and permanently cured. Treatise sent. 414 North Seventh street. Dr. P. D. Cordell.

A DELICACY. Whole Ox Tongue canned by the St. Louis Beef Canning Co.

THREE LINES for ten cents in want column of the POST-DISPATCH.

A POOR JOB AFTER ALL.

The Principal Character Finds Himself Behind the Bars.

A lady giving her name as Mrs. F. H. Payne called on Capt. Fruchte this morning. Yesterday afternoon she was walking at Olive and Twenty-second streets, when a man walking in the opposite direction snatched a fine purse that hung from her arm and ran. Two colored men who saw this daring robbery followed the man, and after a brisk run came up with him and brought him back to the lady. The man took in the situation at once, and addressing himself to the lady he said: "I've tried hard to secure employment and have failed. I have pawned everything the brokers would take, and was reduced to desperation. It was these circumstances put it into my head to snatch your pocket book. I am ashamed of it." The lady relented at hearing this, and the man started off in a grateful mood and at a slow pull, when his eye suddenly fell on an officer who was coming towards the crowd. The man broke into a run. The officer gave chase and captured the man, who said his name was Thomas Eldridge. The lady had disappeared and the officers gave up the case. This morning Mrs. Payne appeared at Central District Police Station and went before the Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, who issued a warrant charging Eldridge with petit larceny.

A WANT "ad" in the POST-DISPATCH reaches a hundred thousand readers.

Dismissed on Proof.

Mrs. Ahearn was arraigned before Judge Jecko this morning on a charge of keeping a bawdy-house at No. 709 Chestnut street. Officer Hogan, who has been specially assigned to look up disreputable houses in reputable neighborhoods, took the stand and testified that his attention had been called to this house by his superior officers. On September 19, he turned his attention to the place and to-day reported the result of his observation to the Police Court. He had seen a good-looking, stout woman sitting in a room and leisurely smoking a cigar. He had seen the woman in question return after promenades with half a dozen different men. The defendant took the stand and testified that she was the mother of a large family. She denied that any woman lived in the house at the time that Officer Hogan spoke of at all. All her roomers were gentlemen. Some old citizens testified to the defendant's good character, and when the case was submitted Mr Boyle, the attorney for the defendant, asked for a discharge, which was granted on the testimony.

A WANT "ad" in the POST-DISPATCH reaches a hundred thousand readers.

Capt. Ernst's Answer.

O. H. Ernst, Captain of Engineers, has written to Messrs. James Allen, Wm. Reilly, A. B. Cowan, and other Mississippi River pilots, in answer to the protest against the construction of any works which shall tend to prevent the channel of the Mississippi from returning to the rocky bluff near Twin Hollow.

In concluding he says: To recapitulate, the reasons why it is necessary to leave the bluff at Twin Hollow are:

1. The river can not be held against the bluff all the way down, but must leave it at intervals.
2. To bring it to the bluff at Twin Hollow will have an injurious effect upon a part below, which is now favorably located.
3. It would largely increase the cost.
4. It would seriously interfere with navigation for at least two seasons.

WANTED—A good cook with first-class references. None other need apply. 2648 Locust street.

A Bold Robbery.

Yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock a bold robbery was committed in the jewelry store of Henry Mauch, No. 407 Franklin avenue, directly east of D. Crawford & Co.'s dry goods store. Jack Shay entered Mauch's store and requested to be shown a silver watch, and after looking at several, picked one valued at about $40, at the same time presenting a cocked revolver at Mauch's head, which he kept covered until he backed out on Franklin avenue. Shay then started east and made his escape, but was captured about midnight by Officers Collins and McKenna, of the Fourth District.

Mills & Averill.
CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER.
S. W. CORNER FOURTH AND OLIVE STREETS.
This firm ask your attention to a large assortment of elegant overcoatings. Quick time and reasonable prices are considerations which are important to those who prefer custom-made overcoats to ready made.

NORTH ST. LOUIS ITEMS.

Hugh Summer, of 1209 North Tenth street, who had both legs run over by a train on the Vandalia Line at midnight, is in a very dangerous condition, and his death is expected at any moment.

Henry Buechlin, the teacher of the Lowell night school, who was reported missing in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH, returned home this morning. He had been visiting some friends, and remained longer than he expected to.

Bill Hill is now behind the bars in the Fourth District Police Station. Officer George Cleveland, of Lowell Precinct, arrested Hill this morning for representing himself as an agent for Government land, on which pretense he collected money from several poor negro families.

KIDNEY and Urinary complaints of all kinds permanently cured with Hop Bitters.

THE BLOCKADE.

A Little History of the Transfer Company's Monopoly.

Remedy Suggested—Good Reading for the Merchants to Digest.

A flood of light was thrown upon the magnificent monopoly system of the St. Louis Transfer Company by Mr. Charles E. Tenney, of East St. Louis, in conversation with a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH last evening, which may be reflected with profit to the merchants' meeting at the Lindell to-night to consider a remedy for the ruinous freight blockade.

"I have been quite interested," said Mr. Tenney, "in the POST-DISPATCH references to the freight blockade, and the discussion it has evoked as to who is responsible for it. Much has been said about the St. Louis Transfer Company, all of which was correct, and the only reputation it called forth was a remark of Mr. Tansey published in the organ of monopolies, the Republican, to the effect that the Transfer Company was not a monopoly. Is that so? Well, let us go over the ground and see how matters stand in that regard. We find at all the various freight houses morning and evening, and twice during the middle of the day, the transfer teams monopolizing all the doors and the time of all the clerks in the freight houses. If you go to look for a package consigned to some East St. Louis party, there is no one who knows anything about it, or you will be told to come round again. The clerks' time is monopolized in delivering, loading, checking and making tickets for the Transfer Company's teams. Any outside hauler is compelled to bring an order, giving the car number, the date of shipment, the consignee and the cash, and he is required to sign a receipt for what he has not seen. If, after labored effort and loss of time, you do succeed in finding the clerk, you will meet with abuse for not coming earlier or later. If you at length find your car you may perhaps get it unloaded without having it switched out, but more often an outside party is delayed from half to one hour by the yard switchman destring to handle some car behind you. You have no assistance whatever, and the railroad companies do all in their power to favor the Transfer Company. In 1868 or '69 the Ohio and Mississippi Railroad Company refused to deliver flour to teams other than the Transfer Company's and the St. Louis, Alton and Terre Haute Company refused to receive anything hauled by N. Herrick on drays. About the year 1874 or 1875 W. D. Griswold, then manager of the Transfer Company, wrote to Sam Woodward, superintendent of the I. & St. L. ordering the discharge of John S. Tenney, a clerk in the employ of the road, because he was interested in teams hauling freight across the river, interfering with the business of the Transfer Company. Mr. Tansey has a poor memory or he would remember that the Transfer Company is the same monopoly that swallowed him and his little C. & A. Transfer Company. Luckily for him he was not considered past his usefulness, and when Griswold retired he was put in the manager's shoes. How has he filled them? The bridge was completed; outside teams getting plenty of hauling, very largely of the best and most profitable freight that crosses the river. The Transfer Company, who have ever been on the best of terms with the Ferry Company, always buying their tickets at a reduction of twenty or twenty-five per cent from what outside teams had to pay, always could monopolize the ferry-boats in winter, and with their 'busses any time, summer or winter, to the exclusion of other parties who might have been on the levee before them. Notwithstanding all these favors received at the hands of the Ferry Company, when the bridge was completed they did all their business over it, to the chagrin and sorrow of the Ferry Company. About this time business was dull, but the Ferry Company in this extremity commenced to solicit the handling of freight across the river, and gave it to outside teams to haul on condition that they were at all times to patronize the ferry boats in crossing. In this they got along, and it really appeared that it was going to be a success. So much so that in talking with S. C. Clubb one day he remarked that the St. Louis Transfer Company was talking of closing out their stock and quitting the teaming. They (meaning the ferry) would start a transfer company of their own and clear them out in thirty days and have all the hauling to themselves. They tried it on, and with what result? The old St. Louis Transfer closed "in" instead o closing "out," and notwithstanding the Ferry Transfer Company got Jersey Creveling home from Paris to manage their transfer company, but to no effect. From the first the old St. Louis Company had them by the scruff of the neck, and they maintained their grasp until they as effectually took them in as they had already taken in the Chicago and Alton. And still they are no monopoly! I say they are a monopoly, and, with the assistance of the railroad companies, have everything their own way, and for the especial benefit of the Consolidated Transfer Company at this time an order was issued over the signatures of all the general agents of all the roads abolishing the East St. Louis rate, so that parties who owned their own teams or had their freight handled by others than the Transfer Company could get no pay for laying it at the warehouses in East St. Louis. Up to this time the difference between a St. Louis rate and an East St. Louis rate had been six cents, which was the Transfer Company's charge for hauling across the river at this time. All outside teams were only receiving five cents, which they received from the parties for whom they did hauling, the shippers themselves drawing from the railroad companies' cashier in East St. Louis six cents per hundred on all freight sent to them, and this six cents was billed out as charges against said freight and collected at destination with the freight, which was billed at the East St. Louis rate. This really made but little stir amongst the St. Louis merchants. Times were dull; outsiders had mostly disposed of their teams; the opposition between the two Transfer Companies before that had now consolidated had brought down the price of handling to a less figure than outsiders could afford to work; so there was not much said only about freight that originated at East St. Louis, and the order was that much modified as to allow line agents and soliciting agents to take that class of freight at four cents off the St. Louis rate. R. B. Brown & Co., castor and linseed oil manufacturers, had an outside man hauling. They have a ten car lot of oil-cake to ship to Liverpool, quite a shipment for those dull times. Several line agents were after it. They would give it to the first one who would give them an East St. Louis rate. No one dared transgress; consequently something else had to be done. The party who was doing the hauling offered to haul the oil-cake to East St. Louis and put in the store in Messrs. Brown & Co.'s oil warehouse in the I. & St. L. yard, and from there have it shipped. This was done, and an order given to the agent of the White Line to ship from said warehouse as per shipping directions, and the shipment went east at an East St. Louis rate, and the man who hauled it across the river received his pay as he had done before from R. B. B. & Co. H. B. Graham & Bro. at this time were handling hardly rags, paper stock and paper enough to keep their draymen employed. Their paper come from the East and their rags and paper stock all went east; consequently it was quite essential that they should be allowed an East St. Louis rate, so they could pay their drayman for hauling to East St. Louis and thereby give him work so they could have him to attend to their city business. But they failed to get an East St. Louis rate on rags and paper stock. Being desirous that Mr. Ehrler their drayman or teamster, should have the paper coming west, which was billed in at an East St. Louis rate and left them the transfer margin on goods coming west all the time, they also preferred he should do the hauling as he was more careful. Goods were handled in better shape, as Mr. Ehrler's drivers had to truck the paper from the cars to load it in their wagons, bring it to St. Louis and deliver it in lots as it had been ordered by their customers, and thereby save them, Graham & Co., the trouble of handling at their warehouse and the expense of city delivery from the warehouse. Notwithstanding all these reasons for wanting to do their own hauling both ways they could not get an East St. Louis rate, but finally some one suggested a compromise with the Transfer Company, which was finally effected through the magnanimity of Mr. Tansey or some of his subordinates. In this way Mr. Graham is hereby permitted to send his rags and paper stock to any depot in East St. Louis for shipment east by Mr. William Ehrler's teams, provided that those rags or that paper stock is delivered to said railroad or roads as though handled by the teams of the St. Louis Transfer Company, the said William Ehrler to receive pay at the rate of three cents per 100 pounds from the Transfer Company at their office in St. Louis for said hauling, payments to be made monthly. This freight was filled out at the old East St. Louis rate, plus four cents per 100 pounds as charges, which was solicited by the Transfer Company for hauling the freight, when, in fact, they never saw it, but by the transaction were enabled to pocket one cent per hundred pounds as a royalty for permitting Mr. Graham to send his freight to East St. Louis as he desired. This state of affairs was kept up for twelve months, and made for the Transfer Company two dollars and fifty cents ($2 50) on every car hauled by Ehrler. If that is not monopolizing, will Mr. Tansey tell us what is?

"The fact of the matter is just this: All freight destined to St. Louis proper, here to break bulk and be handled or delivered in St. Louis, should properly be billed to East St. Louis, and bills of lading taken for the same to that point with the car number in which freight is loaded plainly noted on the bill of lading. Then if for any reason there was any unnecessary delay for any cause whatever, such as car being disabled or wrecked, off the track, freight transferred, or for any cause whatever, it could be easily traced from point of shipment to point where it might be found, without a delay of thirty or forty days, as now reported to be the case in some instances. By handling freight in this way one could in the course of time, and not an unnecessarily long time either, have the pleasure of seeing freight in the yards at East St. Louis, and if they could not get it handled across the river by the Transfer Company, they would certainly be entitled to take it away themselves. But by the old way of billing through to St. Louis and waiting for goods until the Transfer Company brings them along they may be in the yards at East St. Louis, but, not being put into the platform for some reason or other, may be sidetracked within ten or twenty miles of East St. Louis.

"It is nearly time that business men in St. Louis should take their own business in hand and not leave it to the railroad and transfer companies to run everything to their own notion. The Transfer Company go on the theory that what they don't haul to-day they can haul to-morrow, or some future day, that they have got it all their own way and intend to keep it so. Outside teams will on an average haul two-fifths more freight, handle it more carefully and more satisfactorily in every way, and if Mr. Tansey and his whole outfit were wiped out of existence instantly, within twenty days outsiders would increase their facilities to that extent that the hauling would be done and the Transfer not missed at all, and merchants would only wonder that they had not tried the experiment of having their goods billed to East St. Louis and employed outside teams to haul them. Then you would have no middle man between you and the railroads, you would give your goods to ship or your order for goods at the railroad and have your work done and well done, while you would be sending to the Transfer Company to have them to do it some time when they felt that they could attend to it."

Wedding and Visiting Cards
And invitations, monograms and initial stationery engraved at the shortest notice by the
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

CHARGED WITH BIGAMY.

The Curious Defense of Conrad Meier in the Court of Criminal Correction.

Conrad Meier had a preliminary examination in the Court of Criminal Correction to-day on a charge of bigamy. The prosecutrix was Emma Kosmahl, a neat, modest little lady, who sat beside Prosecuting Attorney Hogan and guided the questioning of the witnesses in a quiet manner. Three men who had known the defendant in Germany testified that they knew him in Haberstadt, where he lived and had five children with a woman whom he called his wife. They had not seen the marriage ceremony, and could only speak from his representation of their relations. The second marriage, to Miss Kosmahl, in this city, was established beyond a doubt, and also the fact that he had registered with the police in Germany as a married man. The witnesses for the State testified that they had seen the woman in Germany receive letters from St. Louis, Mo., United States of America, signed by Conrad Meier, and containing money for the woman. Messrs. J. J. McBride and Furling, who appeared for the defense, asked the discharge of the defendant on the ground that the witnesses for the State had proved nothing to show that the man was married in Germany more than from his representations. Meier took the stand in his own behalf and testified that he was married in Germany, where his wife died seven years ago leaving him three children. After his wife's death he lived as man and wife with his housekeeper, by whom he had three children. To escape criminal prosecution he represented her as his wife, and when he left the old country for her sake he kept up the appearance by addressing letters to her in which he called her "my dear wife," and forwarded money for herself and his children. He admitted that when he came to this country, he signed at the police headquarters as a married man. This was not true, however, and the only wife he had was the prosecutrix. Judge Cady said no argument was necessary; he would hold the defendant to answer before the grand jury.

Exquisite Designs
In billets de correspondence, decorated and illuminated guest and menu cards, papers and envelopes may be seen in the Stationery Department of the
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

FOUR COURTS NOTES.

Lillie Parker, a colored girl who nipped Alex. Shields' pocket-book, had a hearing before Judge Cady to day and was sentenced to spend four of the winter months in the Workhouse.

Ed. Kelly was up in the First District Police Court to-day, on a charge of being a vagrant and a vicious character. He pleaded guilty and was fined $500 By the goodness of Providence and the grace of the court and the kindness of Decective Lawler, the execution of the fine was stayed, and Kelly was given until 6 o'clock to leave town.

Beware
Of imitation champagne—injures health and stomach. Try Cook's Imperial. Purest champagne made.

Fined $25.

After deliberating for twenty-four hours on the case of James Langan, who was charged with disturbing the peace of Mrs. Jennie Giroux in her own bed room at Twelfth and Locust streets, Judge Jecko to-day assessed a fine of $25. Mr. Giroux, the husband of the prosecutrix, who waited with a revolver under his wife's bed by her consent to hear Langan's proposition, is still locked up. He fired at the visitor and inflicted a slight wound.

Wedding Gifts.
In silver, bronze, pottery, jewelry, gems, and bric-a-brac of every description.
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

The Heffernan Murder Case.

The jury in the Criminal Court to-day heard more testimony in the case of Patrick Heffernan, charged with killing Fred. Kicker at Fifteenth and O'Fallon streets. The case will be given to the jury this evening.

THREE LINES for ten cents in want column of the POST-DISPATCH.

Do Not Omit
To try the Conrad's Budweiser at the fountain's head; also, the fine old Moss Rose and Governor's Choice Whiskies. Oysters, Wines, Champagnes and Delicacies always on hand at C. Conrad & Co.'s, 411 to 419 North Sixth street.

BEFORE purchasing neckwear, silk handkerchiefs, gloves, hosiery or suspenders, examine stock at A. MCELRATH'S,
509 N. Sixth street.

THOMAS HART, who was charged with the burglary of Jack Sheehan's saloon, corner of Eleventh and Franklin avenue, had an examination before Judge Cady and on the proof was discharged.

Silverware.
Our own make at the very *closest prices*. F. A. Dürgin has charge of this department.
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

LADIES' AND MISSES'
Hand-Sewed,
Machine-Sewed
And Hand-Turn
SHOES
The Largest Stock, the Best Variety, The LOWEST PRICES. We show every desirable make known to the trade.
Widths from AA to FF.
J. G. BRANDT,
504 and 506 Franklin Ave.

ARTHUR A SCHOOL TEACHER.

What the People of Cohoes Thought of Him Thirty Years ago.

But little is generally known through the country of President Arthur's youth, and consequently it was with much pleasure that a POST-DISPATCH reporter learned that a gentleman who had known Arthur intimately in his youth was within reach of a domiciliary visitation—Mr. Darius Parkhurst, at Kingsland Ferguson's agricultural machine shops, on Eleventh street, north of Cass avenue. At the office of the works Mr. Douglas was organized into a committee of one to introduce the scribe to Mr. Parkhurst, and after a long climb he was found in the pattern shop, sandpapering a wooden cog-wheel and whistling meditatively to himself, after the manner of mechanics. "Oh, yes," said he, "I knew the Arthurs well. The President's father used to be a Baptist preacher. He had a lecture on 'Names and their Meanings,' which the young men's association of Cohoes, of which I was at that time a member, invited him to deliver in the village."

"I understood that the President taught school in Cohoes?"

"Yes, he did. In 1852 I was elected a member of the School Board. Arthur was then teaching a private school in the village. He gave such general satisfaction that we elected him superintendent of the public schools, or rather wanted to elect him to that position, but he declined. You see, he had just come from college—Union, I believe—and was waiting to go into a law office in New York, in which he had been promised an opening, and he only took the school while waiting for this other place. This was explained to us."

"How did the people like him as a teacher?"

"Excellently. He was a young man of model character, and everybody thought well of him. The best men in the town had thorough confidence in him and would have done anything he wished."

"How did he come to teach in Cohoes—he did not live there?"

"No. His people lived over in the country about Lansingburg, across the Hudson. But he had two sisters who were married in Cohoes, one to Mr. Masten and the other to Mr. Caw, and so he naturally came there for the opening those gentlemen made for him."

"Did you meet him afterwards?"

"Oh, yes. As soon as he began practicing law down in New York we gave him all our business, and I used to go down to see him quite often. He was a splendid lawyer and not alone my firm—I was doing business for myself at Cohoes then—but all of our merchants used to have their business done by him. We considered him a particularly brilliant young man and confidently predicted a splendid future for him."

Civilization in Home Conveniences.
Times change and people change with them. As people change the new ideas and tastes find expression in their surroundings. In no respect is this truer than in the direction of home comforts. The progress of civilization can be seen in furniture as well as in everything else. Not only has there been a complete revolution in house furnishing within the generation, but from season to season radical changes are taking place. A home furnished five years ago is now found to be lacking in many conveniences and improvements. These are not limited to the costly pieces, but extend to such furniture as people in ordinary circumstances buy. One effect of these numerous and frequent changes has been to impress people with the wisdom of buying only new and latest designs. Nowhere can these facts be better appreciated than by a visit to the spacious rooms of Burrell, Comstock & Co., Nos. 402 and 404 North Fourth street. Housekeepers, no matter how frequent their calls, will hardly ever fail to discover something to surprise them in the way of new and improved furniture.

On the Tapis.

The Eclipse team will not meet the Haverly Mastodon Minstrel nine as there was some prospect of their doing. They will leave to-night or to-morrow morning for Memphis.

On Thursday next there will be a most novel and interesting game of base ball at Grand Avenue Park, and if the present lovely weather continues, it should draw a large attendance. The full nine of the Browns will meet the Haverly Mastodon Minstrels team and the contest will be all the more enjoyable from the fact that the visitors will have the assistance of Frank Flint, the catcher of the Chicagos, Frank Fountain, a well known League pitcher from Detroit, is a vocalist in the Haverly company, and their other men—selected from the ranks of their comedians, vocalists and dancers—are very expert. Joe Mack, the worthy manager of the troupe, is short-stop and captain of the base ball nine.

The Browns will close their local season with a most interesting series of games with the Chicagos, these taking place on Saturday and Sunday afternoon. The visiting team is composed of six of the champion Chicagos, with three Buffalo and three Cleveland men, and this will constitute perhaps the strongest nine ever brought to St. Louis. The Browns are in magnificent shape, as was evidenced in their game yesterday, and they will make a very strong fight against the Leagueites.

ALTHOUGH all woolen underwear has advanced in price, I am prepared to supply my patrons at old figures.
A. MCELRATH,
509 N. Sixth street.

A Good Haul.

This morning Officers Bray, Collins and McKenna arrested Frank Fone, Andrew McGinniss, alias Cock-eye, and Thomas Jones in a house on the Natural Bridge road and Grand avenue. These parties were charged and identified as the ones who entered and robbed the residence of Mr. Thomas Collins, No. 1600 Mullanphy street, on Saturday night. The officers followed the men all night and finally arrested them at 5 o'clock this morning at the place above mentioned. Before making the arrest the officers had to break in the doors. A lot of jewelry and $60 in money was taken from Collins' residence on the night of the robbery.

The Weather indications for to-day are partly cloudy, with rain.

MANY LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
Do not know how ready a City Merchant is to send them samples of Goods and to answer questions about Goods. He is anxious to extend his trade over as much territory as possible, and such inquiries are the CHIEF means by which he can become KNOWN and be DEALT with. How he answers them, of course, depends on the MERCHANT and his PEOPLE. We sell
CLOTHING
For MEN, BOYS and CHILDREN, from the thoroughly good and reliable to the VERY FINEST that's MADE, and if a garment doesn't suit we ALWAYS take it BACK. This is a DISTINGUISHING MARK OF OUR TRADE. To SUIT is our CHIEF AIM. Please call or write us.
F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.
THE LEADING RETAIL CLOTHIERS OF ST. LOUIS.

GREEN & CAVANAUGH'S,
511 NORTH FOURTH ST.
Gloves! Gloves! Gloves!
The Best Warranted Glove in the City for the Price.
4-Button Undressed Constanze $1 35.
3-Button Varno $1 65.
3-Button Constanze $1 15.
3-Button Dujay 95c.
ALL GLOVES FITTED.
GREEN & CAVANAUGH
511 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

BE SURE YOU GET
EUPION OIL.
IT GIVES A CLEAR LIGHT.

CHAS. SCUDDER. HENRY AMES.
LINDELL HOTEL,
Sixth Street, Washington Avenue and Lucas Avenue
Under New Management,
Redecorated, Refitted and Refurnished.
An Elegant Cafe and Oyster Restaurant Will be Opened in a Few Days in Connection With the House.
CHAS. SCUDDER & CO., Prop'rs.

To insure a perfect fit in shirts it is only necessary to leave your measure at
A. MCELRATH,
509 N. Sixth street.

QUEER JURIES.

The Criminal Court Afflicted with Ex-Convict Panels.

The juries which have been sitting in the Criminal Court lately would be, it is said, described in the market reports as strict low middling. The gentlemen are rather remarkable for the lowness of their foreheads and the fresh oily bangs of their hair than for the breadth of their intelligence. This fact has been noted by all of the habitues of the Criminal Court, and Circuit Attorney Harris has been examining the constitution of the panels very closely. He has discovered that in some instances parties who have been tried and convicted in the Criminal Court for various offences have been sent in as jurymen and have actually sat in the jury box on trials. Other men, unconvicted, have been admitted to the panel whose character was confessedly bad, although the instances are few where parties have slipped out of the dock into the jury box. In short, Mr. Harris claims that the Criminal Court gets badly left in the jurymen allotted it. Judge Laughlin said to a reporter this morning that as far as looks went he did not think there was anything to object to in the panels; he understood, however, that Mr. Harris had been examining into the constitution of the panels.

"Is it a fact that former criminals are turning up in the jury box?"

"I have heard so."

"Isn't it a fact, Judge, that it is almost impossible to secure convictions in the early part of the week."

"Yes, and a very singular fact it is. I have noticed now for some time that a new jury will not begin to convict prisoners until they have been forty-eight hours at work; then they usually vere around the other way, and towards the end of their term they convict everybody brought before them. I mentioned this fact the other day to Mr. Harris, and he told me that he had noticed the same thing. Somehow the juries do not seem to realize their position as men appointed to enforce the laws."

Jury Commissioner Cabell was much astonished when he heard of the dissatisfaction in the Criminal Court. "I send them a hundred men," said he, "out of which they certainly ought to be able to get sixty-four jurymen. It is the best I can do. I cannot vouch for the character of these 60,000 men whom I have to handle every year. I do the best I can, and it is their business to weed out the improper persons."

Orders by Mail
For wedding stationery or designs and estimates will receive prompt attention by the
E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Fifth and Olive streets.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

A. E. Webb was arrested yesterday for peddling without license. Assessed $3 and costs.

Coroner Bader held an inquest on the body of Hugh Smith, the young man run over in the Vandalia yards, who died at 4 o'clock this morning. The catastrophe was purely accidental and a verdict was rendered accordingly.

Mr. King and wife, of St. Louis, in company with Marshal Kerrigan, went before the grand jury in Belleville this morning for the purpose of procuring an indictment against Wm. Meyers for perpetrating a criminal assault on the person of Mrs. King about a week ago in Wheelove's Grove. It is now very doubtful whether the police can prove Patrick, the other young man under arrest, as a member of the gang, the evidence produced thus far tending to show that he was absent from town when the outrage was perpetrated. No further action will be taken in the matter till the grand jury decide in Meyers case, but the officers working up the case know all the members of the gang and can arrest them at a moments notice.

New Styles, New Patterns.
Another Tremendous Arrival of
OVERCOATS,
ULSTERETTES,
REVERSIBLES.
AT
MABLEY'S.
We have just received and opened several tremendous cases of MEN'S, YOUTHS', BOYS' and CHILDREN'S
OVERGARMENTS,
Which added to our already large and magnificent line make our stock
PERFECTLY IMMENSE.
All Grades,
All Qualities,
All Prices.
We are clothing the masses and can meet the demands of all.
MABLEY,
The CLOTHIER,
N. W. COR. FIFTH AND PINE.

Nicoll the Tailor
FALL OPENING.
Grand Display of
FALL AND WINTER GOODS.
PIONEER OF MODERATE PRICES.
Pants to order from $5 to $15.
Suits to order from $20 to $60.
Overcoats to order from $15 to $50.
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.
Largest and Choicest Stock of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC WOOLENS.
9 S. Fourth and 708 Olive St.
Samples and rules for self-measurement sent everywhere.

LEGAL.

Administrators' Notices.

NOTICE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT.—Notice is hereby given to all creditors and others interested in the estate of
Joseph Kilpatrick,
deceased, that I, the undersigned administrator of said estate, intend to make a final settlement thereof at the next term of the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, to be holden at the Court-house in said city on the first Monday of December next.
ALEXANDER KILPATRICK,
Administrator.
C. P. BECKER, attorney, 517 Chestnut street.
St. Louis, October 25, 1881. 507